

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371**

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FR97/00214	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE February 3, 1997	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED February 2, 1996
TITLE OF INVENTION PURIFIED SR-p70 PROTEIN		
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US CAPUT, Daniel, FERRARA, Pascual and KAGHAD, Ahmed Mourad		

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1)).
4. A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
 - a. is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(2)).
7. Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
 - a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. have not been made and will not be made.
8. A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)).
9. An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
10. A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

Items 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information included:

11. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
12. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13. A FIRST preliminary amendment.
 - A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.
14. A substitute specification.
15. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
16. Other items or information:

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known, see 37 CFR 1.5)	INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO PCT/FR97/00214	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER IVD 913																				
17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted:		CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY																				
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a)(1)-(5)):																						
Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO. \$930.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) \$720.00 No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) \$790.00 Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$1,070.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4). \$98.00																						
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =		\$ 930.00																				
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).		\$																				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 25%;">CLAIMS</th> <th style="width: 25%;">NUMBER FILED</th> <th style="width: 25%;">NUMBER EXTRA</th> <th style="width: 25%;">RATE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Total claims</td> <td>38-20 =</td> <td>18</td> <td>x \$22.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Independent claims</td> <td>5 - 3 =</td> <td>2</td> <td>x \$82.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)</td> <td></td> <td>+ \$270.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$1490.00</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	Total claims	38-20 =	18	x \$22.00	Independent claims	5 - 3 =	2	x \$82.00	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)			+ \$270.00				\$1490.00	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE																			
Total claims	38-20 =	18	x \$22.00																			
Independent claims	5 - 3 =	2	x \$82.00																			
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)			+ \$270.00																			
			\$1490.00																			
Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).		\$																				
SUBTOTAL =		\$1490.00																				
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).		\$																				
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =		\$																				
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property		\$ 40.00																				
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =		\$1530.00																				
Amount to be refunded:		\$																				
Charged		\$1530.00																				
<p>a. <input type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of \$ _____ to cover the above fees is enclosed.</p> <p>b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. <u>19-0091</u> in the amount of \$1530.00 to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</p> <p>c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>19-0091</u>. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</p> <p>NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.</p> <p>SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:</p> <p>Mary P. Bauman Patent Department Sanofi Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 9 Great Valley Parkway P.O. Box 3026 Malvern, PA 19355</p> <p><i>Mary P. Bauman</i> <u>7/29/98</u> SIGNATURE DATE <u>Mary P. Bauman</u> NAME <u>31,926</u> REGISTRATION NUMBER <u>(610) 889-6338</u> TELEPHONE NUMBER</p>																						

79 Rec'd PCT/PTO 30 JUL 1998

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Filing under 35 U.S.C. § 371
Corresponding to International Application Serial No.:
PCT/FR97/00214

Applicants: CAPUT, Daniel, FERRARA, Bernard and
KAGHAD, Mourad

International Filing Date: February 3, 1997

For: PURIFIED SR-p70 PROTEIN

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box PCT
Attn: EO/US
Washington, D.C. 20231

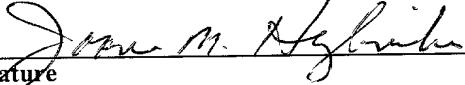
Dear Sir:

CERTIFICATE UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.10

Express Mail Label Number: EM317281100US

Date of Deposit: July 29, 1998

I hereby certify that this paper is being deposited with the
United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to
Addressee" Service on the date indicated above and is
addressed to: Asst. Commissioner for Patents, Box PCT,
Attn: EO/US, Washington, DC 20231.


Signature

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Please amend the above-identified application as follows:

In the Claims

Please amend Claims 1-36 and add Claims 37 and 38 as follows before calculating the filing
fee for the above-identified application:

1.(Amended) A [Purified] purified polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence
selected from the group consisting of:

- a) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
- b) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
- c) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
- d) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
- e) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
- f) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
- g) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
- h) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
- i) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 19; and

j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19.

2. (Amended) A [Polypeptide] polypeptide according to Claim 1, [characterized in that it] [comprises] comprising [the] an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 and SEQ ID No. 19.

3. (Amended) A [Polypeptide] polypeptide according to Claim 1, [characterized in that it comprises] comprising [the] a sequence lying between:

- residue 110 and residue 310 of SEQ ID No. 2 or 6;
- residue 60 and residue 260 of SEQ ID No. 8.

4. (Amended) A [Polypeptide] polypeptide according to Claim 1, [characterized in that it] which [results] is produced from an alternative splicing of [the] messenger RNA of [the] a corresponding gene.

5. (Amended) A [Polypeptide] polypeptide according to [any one of the preceding claims,] Claim 1 [characterized in that it] that is a recombinant polypeptide produced in the form of a fusion protein.

6. (Amended) An [Isolated] isolated nucleic acid sequence coding for a polypeptide according to [any one of the preceding claims] Claim 1.

7. (Amended) An [Isolated] isolated nucleic acid sequence according to Claim 6, [characterized in that it is] said nucleic acid having a sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- a) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 1;
- b) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 3;
- c) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 5;
- d) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 7;
- e) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 9;

- f) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 11;
- g) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 12;
- h) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 14;
- i) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 16;
- j) [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 18;
- k)[the] nucleic acid sequences capable of hybridizing specifically with [the] sequence SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 5, SEQ ID No. 7, SEQ ID No. 9, SEQ ID No. 11, SEQ ID No. 12, SEQ ID No. 14, SEQ ID No. 16 or SEQ ID No. 18 or with [the] sequences complementary to them, or of hybridizing specifically with their proximal sequences; and
- l) [the] sequences derived from the sequences a), b), c), d), e), f), g), h), i), j) or k) as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, mutation, deletion, insertion, and alternative splicing or an allelic variability.

8. (Amended) A [Nucleotide] nucleotide sequence according to Claim 6, [characterized in that it is a sequence] selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID No. 5, SEQ ID No. 12, SEQ ID No. 14, SEQ ID No. 16 and SEQ ID No. 18 and coding, respectively, for the polypeptide of sequences SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 and SEQ ID No. 19.

9. (Amended) A [Cloning] cloning and/or expression vector containing a nucleic acid sequence according to [any one of Claims] Claim 6 [to 8].

10. (Amended) A [Vector] vector, according to Claim 9, [characterized in that it] which is [the] plasmid pSE1.

11. (Amended) A [Host] host cell transfected by a vector according to Claim 9 [or 10].

12. (Amended) A [Transfected] transfected host cell, according to Claim 11, [characterized in that it] which is *E. coli* MC 1061.

13. (Amended) A [Nucleotide] nucleotide probe or nucleotide primer[, characterized in that it] which hybridizes specifically with [any one of the sequences according to Claims] the nucleic acid of Claim 6 [to 8] or [the] a nucleic acid having sequences complementary to them or [the corresponding] messenger RNAs corresponding to them or [the corresponding] genes corresponding to them.

14. (Amended) A [Probe] probe or primer according to Claim 13[, characterized in] that [it] contains at least 16 nucleotides.

15. (Amended) A [Probe] probe or primer according to Claim 13 [characterized in that it] that comprises the whole of the sequence of the gene coding for [one of the polypeptides of Claim 1] a polypeptide, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- a) sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
- b) sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
- c) sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
- d) sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
- e) sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
- f) sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
- g) sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
- h) sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
- i) sequence SEQ ID No. 19; and
- j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19.

16.(Amended) A [Nucleotide] nucleotide probe or primer selected from the group consisting of the following oligonucleotides or sequences complementary to them:

SEQ ID No. 20: GCG AGC TGC CCT CGG AG

SEQ ID No. 21: GGT TCT GCA GGT GAC TCA G

SEQ ID No. 22: GCC ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG

SEQ ID No. 23: ACC AGC TGG TTG ACG GAG

SEQ ID No. 24: GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG
SEQ ID No. 25: GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC C
SEQ ID No. 26: AGG CCG GCG TGG GGA AG
SEQ ID No. 27: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G
SEQ ID No. 28: GCG GCC ACG ACC GTG AC
SEQ ID No. 29: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG
SEQ ID No. 30: CTG TAC GTC GGT GAC CCC
SEQ ID No. 31: TCA GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC
SEQ ID No. 32: AGG GGA CGC AGC GAA ACC
SEQ ID No. 33: CCA TCA GCT CCA GGC TCT C
SEQ ID No. 34: CCA GGA CAG GCG CAG ATG
SEQ ID No. 35: GAT GAG GTG GCT GGC TGG A
SEQ ID No. 36: TGG TCA GGT TCT GCA GGT G
SEQ ID No. 37: CAC CTA CTC CAG GGA TGC
SEQ ID No. 38: AGG AAA ATA GAA GCG TCA GTC
SEQ ID No. 39: CAG GCC CAC TTG CCT GCC
and SEQ ID No. 40: CTG TCC CCA AGC TGA TGA G

17. (Amended) The [Use] use of a sequence according to [any one of Claims] Claim 6 [to 8,] for the manufacture of oligonucleotide primers for sequencing reactions or specific amplification reactions according to the PCR technique or any variant of the latter.

18. (Amended) A [Nucleotide] nucleotide primer pair[, characterized in that it comprises] comprising [the] primers selected from the group consisting of the following sequences:

- a) sense primer: GCG AGC TGC CCT CGG AG (SEQ ID No. 20)
antisense primer: GGT TCT GCA GGT GAC TCA G (SEQ ID No. 21)
- b) sense primer: GCC ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG (SEQ ID No. 22)
antisense primer: ACC AGC TGG TTG ACG GAG (SEQ ID No. 23)
- c) sense primer: GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG (SEQ ID No. 24)
antisense primer: GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC C (SEQ ID No. 25)
- d) sense primer: AGG CCG GCG TGG GGA AG (SEQ ID No. 26)

antisense primer: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G (SEQ ID No. 27)

e) sense primer: GCG GCC ACG ACC GTG A (SEQ ID No. 28)

antisense primer: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG (SEQ ID No. 29)

f) sense primer: CTG TAC GTC GGT GAC CCC (SEQ ID No. 30)

antisense primer: TCA GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC (SEQ ID No. 31)

g) sense primer: AGG GGA CGC AGC GAA ACC (SEQ ID No. 32)

antisense primer: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG (SEQ ID No. 29)

h) sense primer: CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)

antisense primer: CCA TCA GCT CCA GGC TCT C (SEQ ID No. 33)

i) sense primer: CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)

antisense primer: CCA GGA CAG GCG CAG ATG (SEQ ID No. 34)

j) sense primer: CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)

antisense primer: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G (SEQ ID No. 27)

k) sense primer: CAC CTA CTC CAG GGA TGC (SEQ ID No. 37)

antisense primer: AGG AAA ATA GAA GCG TCA GTC (SEQ ID No. 38) and

l) sense primer: CAG GCC CAC TTG CCT GCC (SEQ ID No. 39)

antisense primer: CTG TCC CCA AGC TGA TGA G (SEQ ID No. 40)

19. (Amended) The [Use] use of a sequence according to [any one of Claims] Claim 6 [to 8,] [which is usable] in gene therapy.

20. (Amended) The [Use] use of a sequence according to [any one of Claims] Claim 6 [to 8,] for the production of diagnostic nucleotide probes or primers, or of antisense sequences which are usable in gene therapy.

21. (Amended) The [Use] use of nucleotide primers according to [any one of Claims] Claim 6 [to 8,] for sequencing.

22. (Amended) The [Use] use of a probe or primer according to [any one of Claims] Claim 13 [to 16,] as an *in vitro* diagnostic tool for the detection, by hybridization experiments, of nucleic acid sequences coding for a polypeptide, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

a) sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
b) sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
c) sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
d) sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
e) sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
f) sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
g) sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
h) sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
i) sequence SEQ ID No. 19; and
j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19 [according to any one of Claims 1 to 4,] in biological samples, or for the demonstration of aberrant syntheses or of genetic abnormalities.

23.(Amended) A [Method] method of *in vitro* diagnosis for the detection of aberrant syntheses or of genetic abnormalities in the nucleic acid sequences coding for a polypeptide, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

a) sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
b) sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
c) sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
d) sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
e) sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
f) sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
g) sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
h) sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
i) sequence SEQ ID No. 19; and
j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19

[according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that it comprises] comprising the steps of:

- [the] bringing of a nucleotide probe according to [any one of Claims] Claim 13 [to 16] into contact with a biological sample under conditions permitting the formation of a hybridization complex between the [said] probe and the [abovementioned] nucleotide sequence, where appropriate after a prior step of amplification of the [abovementioned] nucleotide sequence;
- the detection of the hybridization complex [possibly] formed; and
- where appropriate, [the] sequencing of the hybridization complex' nucleotide sequence [forming the hybridization complex] with the probe of the invention.

24. (Amended) The [Use] use of a nucleic acid sequence according to [any one of Claims] Claim 6 [to 8,] for the production of a recombinant polypeptide wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- a) sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
- b) sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
- c) sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
- d) sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
- e) sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
- f) sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
- g) sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
- h) sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
- i) sequence SEQ ID No. 19; and
- j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19 [according to any one of Claims 1 to 5].

25. (Amended) A [Method] method of production of a recombinant SR-p70 protein, characterized in that transfected cells according to Claim [10 or] 11 are cultured under conditions permitting the expression of a recombinant polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15,

SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19 or any biologically active fragment or derivative, and in that the [said] recombinant polypeptide is recovered.

26. (Amended) Mono- or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, chimeric antibodies or immunoconjugates, characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to [any one of Claims] Claim 1 [to 4].

27. (Amended) Use of the antibodies according to [the preceding claim,] Claim 26 for the purification or detection of a polypeptide, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- a) sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
- b) sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
- c) sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
- d) sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
- e) sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
- f) sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
- g) sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
- h) sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
- i) sequence SEQ ID No. 19; and
- j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19 [according to any one of Claims 1 to 4] in a biological sample.

28. (Amended) A [Method] method of *in vitro* diagnosis of pathologies correlated with an expression or an abnormal accumulation of SR-p70 proteins, in particular the phenomena of carcinogenesis, from a biological sample, [characterized in that] comprising the steps of contacting at least one antibody according to Claim 25 [is brought into contact] with the said biological sample under conditions permitting the [possible] formation of specific immunological complexes between an SR-p70 protein and the said antibody or antibodies, and detecting the presence of [in that the] specific immunological complexes [possibly] formed [are detected].

29. (Amended) A [Kit] kit for the *in vitro* diagnosis of an expression or an abnormal accumulation of SR-p70 proteins in a biological sample and/or for measuring the level of expression of these proteins in the said sample, comprising:

- at least one antibody according to Claim 25, optionally bound to a support,
- means of visualization of the formation of specific antigen-antibody complexes between an SR-p70 protein and the said antibody, and/or means of quantification of these complexes.

30. (Amended) A [Method] method for the early diagnosis of tumour formation, [characterized in that] wherein autoantibodies directed against an SR-p70 protein are demonstrated in a serum sample drawn from an individual, according to the steps that [consist in] comprise bringing a serum sample drawn from an individual into contact with a polypeptide of the invention, optionally bound to a support, under conditions permitting the formation of specific immunological complexes between the said polypeptide and [the] autoantibodies [possibly] present in the serum sample, and in that the specific immunological complexes [possibly] formed are detected.

31. (Amended) A [Method] method of determination of an allelic variability, a mutation, a deletion, an insertion, a loss of heterozygosity or a genetic abnormality of the SR-p70 gene, characterized in that it utilizes at least one nucleotide sequence according to [any one of Claims] Claim 6 [to 8].

32. (Amended) A [Method] method of determination of an allelic variability of the SR-p70 gene at position -30 and -20 relative to the initiation ATG of exon 2 which may be involved in pathologies[, and characterized in that it comprises at least] comprising:

- a step during which exon 2 of the SR-p70 gene carrying the target sequence is amplified by PCR using a pair of oligonucleotide primers according to [any one of Claims] Claim 6 [to 8];
- a step during which the amplified products are treated with a restriction enzyme whose cleavage site corresponds to the allele sought and;

- a step during which at least one of the products of the enzyme reaction is detected or assayed.

33. (Amended) A [Pharmaceutical] pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of [as active principle a] the polypeptide according to [any one of Claims] Claim 1 [to 4].

34. (Amended) A [Pharmaceutical] pharmaceutical composition according to [the preceding claim, characterized in that it comprises] Claim 33, comprising a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 and SEQ ID No. 19.

35. (Amended) A [Pharmaceutical] pharmaceutical composition containing an inhibitor or an activator of SR-p70 activity.

36. (Amended) A [Pharmaceutical] pharmaceutical composition containing a polypeptide derived from a polypeptide according to [any one of Claims] Claim 1 [to 5, characterized in that it] which is an inhibitor or an activator of SR-p70.

Please add the following new claims.

37. (New) The use of a probe or primer according to Claim 16 as an *in vitro* diagnostic tool for the detection, by hybridization experiments, of nucleic acid sequences coding for a polypeptide, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- a) sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
- b) sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
- c) sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
- d) sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
- e) sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
- f) sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
- g) sequence SEQ ID No. 15;

- h) sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
- i) sequence SEQ ID No. 19; and
- j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19 in biological samples, or for the demonstration of aberrant syntheses or of genetic abnormalities.

38. (New) A method of *in vitro* diagnosis for the detection of aberrant syntheses or of genetic abnormalities in the nucleic acid sequences coding for a polypeptide, said polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- a) sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
- b) sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
- c) sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
- d) sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
- e) sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
- f) sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
- g) sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
- h) sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
- i) sequence SEQ ID No. 19; and
- j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19

comprising the steps of:

- bringing of a nucleotide probe according to Claim 16 into contact with a biological sample under conditions permitting the formation of a hybridization complex between the probe and the nucleotide sequence, where appropriate, after a prior step of amplification of the nucleotide sequence;
- the detection of the hybridization complex formed; and
- where appropriate, sequencing of the hybridization complex' nucleotide sequence with the probe of the invention.

REMARKS

Claims 1-36 have been amended in order to limit the multiple dependencies of these claims and to present them in the appropriate U.S. claim format.

New claims 37 and 38 have been added by the foregoing amendments. Support for these amendments can be found, for example, in original claims 22 and 23, wherein the subject matter now claimed is specifically set forth.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: 29 July 1998

May P. Bauman

May P. Bauman
Registration No. 31,926

Address:
Patent Department
Sanofi Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
9 Great Valley Parkway
P.O. Box 3026
Malvern, PA 19355
Telephone No. (610) 889-6338
Facsimile: (610) 889-8799

ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF INTERNATIONAL PATENT
APPLICATION PCT/FR97/00214
filed on February 3, 1997
in the name of SANOFI

SANOFI

PURIFIED SR-p70 PROTEIN

Abstract

The invention relates to new nucleic acid sequences of the family of tumour-suppressing genes related to the gene for the p53 protein, and to the corresponding protein sequences.

The invention relates to new nucleic acid sequences of the family of tumour-suppressing genes related to the gene for the p53 protein, and to the corresponding protein sequences.

5 The invention also relates to the prophylactic, therapeutic and diagnostic applications of these sequences, in particular in the field of pathologies linked to the phenomena of apoptosis or of cell transformation.

10 Tumour-suppressing genes perform a key role in protection against the phenomena of carcinogenesis, and any modification capable of bringing about the loss of one of these genes, its inactivation or its dysfunction may have oncogenic character, thereby creating favourable 15 conditions for the development of a malignant tumour.

The authors of the present invention have identified transcription products of a new gene, as well as the corresponding proteins. This gene, SR-p70, is related to the p53 tumour-suppressing gene, the 20 antitumour activity of which is linked to its transcription factor activity, and more specifically to the controls exerted on the activity of the Bax and Bcl-2 genes which are instrumental in the mechanisms of cell death.

25 Hence the present invention relates to purified SR-p70 proteins, or biologically active fragments of the latter.

The invention also relates to isolated nucleic acid sequences coding for the said proteins or their 30 biologically active fragments, and to specific oligonucleotides obtained from these sequences.

It relates, in addition, to the cloning and/or expression vectors containing at least one of the nucleotide sequences defined above, and the host cells 35 transfected by these cloning and/or expression vectors under conditions permitting the replication and/or expression of one of the said nucleotide sequences.

The methods of production of recombinant SR-p70 40 proteins or their biologically active fragments by the transfected host cells also form part of the invention.

The invention also comprises antibodies or antibody derivatives specific for the proteins defined above.

5 It relates, in addition, to methods of detection of cancers, either by measuring the accumulation of SR-p70 proteins in the tumours according to immunohistochemical techniques, or by demonstrating autoantibodies directed against these proteins in patients' serum.

10 The invention also relates to any inhibitor or activator of SR-p70 activity, for example of protein-protein interaction, involving SR-p70.

15 It also relates to antisense oligonucleotide sequences specific for the above nucleic acid sequences, capable of modulating *in vivo* the expression of the SR-p70 gene.

20 Lastly, the invention comprises a method of gene therapy, in which vectors such as, for example, inactivated viral vectors capable of transferring coding sequences for a protein according to the invention are injected into cells deficient for this protein, for purposes of regulating the phenomena of apoptosis or of reversion of transformation.

25 A subject of the present invention is a purified polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from:

- 30 a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
- b) the sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
- c) the sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
- d) the sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
- e) the sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
- f) the sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
- 35 g) the sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
- h) the sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
- i) the sequence SEQ ID No. 19;
- j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19.

In the description of the invention, the following definitions are used:

5 - SR-p70 protein: a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the sequences SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19, or any biologically active fragment or derivative of this polypeptide;

10 - derivative: any variant polypeptide of the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19, or any molecule resulting from a modification of a genetic and/or chemical nature of the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ 15 ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19, that is to say obtained by mutation, deletion, addition, substitution and/or chemical modification of a single amino acid or of a limited number of amino acids, as well 20 as any isoform sequence, that is to say sequence identical to the sequence SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19, or to one of its fragments or modified sequences, containing one or 25 more amino acids in the form of the D enantiomer, the said variant, modified or isoform sequences having retained at least one of the properties that make them biologically active;

30 - biologically active: capable of binding to DNA and/or of exerting transcription factor activity and/or of participating in the control of the cell cycle, of differentiation and of apoptosis and/or capable of being recognized by the antibodies specific for the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ
35 ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19, and/or capable of inducing antibodies which recognize this polypeptide.

The manufacture of derivatives may have different objectives, including especially that of increasing the

affinity of the polypeptide for DNA or its transcription factor activity, and that of improving its levels of production, of increasing its resistance to proteases, of modifying its biological activities or of endowing it 5 with new pharmaceutical and/or biological properties.

Among the polypeptides of the invention, the polypeptide of human origin comprising the sequence SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19 is preferred. The polypeptide of 636 amino 10 acids corresponding to the sequence SEQ ID No. 6 is more than 97% identical to the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2.

The polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2 and that of sequence SEQ ID No. 4 are two expression products of 15 the same gene, and the same applies to the sequences SEQ ID No. 8 and SEQ ID No. 10 and to the sequences SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19.

As will be explained in the examples, the 20 polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 4 corresponds to a premature termination of the peptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, linked to an alternative splicing of the longer transcript (messenger RNA), coding for the polypeptide of SEQ ID No. 2, of the corresponding gene. Similarly, in 25 humans, the polypeptides corresponding to the sequences SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 and SEQ ID No. 19, diverge in their composition in respect of the N- and/or C-terminal portions, this being the outcome of alternative splicing of the same primary 30 transcript. The N-terminal peptide sequence of the sequence SEQ ID No. 10 is deleted, this being linked to an alternative splicing of its coding transcript.

Advantageously, the invention relates to a 35 polypeptide corresponding to the DNA binding domain of one of the above polypeptides.

This domain corresponds to the sequence lying between residue 110 and residue 310 for the sequences SEQ ID No. 2 or 6, and between residue 60 and residue 260 for the sequence SEQ ID No. 8.

A subject of the present invention is also nucleic acid sequences coding for a SR-p70 protein or biologically active fragments or derivatives of the latter.

5 More preferably, a subject of the invention is an isolated nucleic acid sequence selected from:

- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 1;
- b) the sequence SEQ ID No. 3;
- c) the sequence SEQ ID No. 5;
- 10 d) the sequence SEQ ID No. 7;
- e) the sequence SEQ ID No. 9;
- f) the sequence SEQ ID No. 11;
- g) the sequence SEQ ID No. 12;
- h) the sequence SEQ ID No. 14;
- 15 i) the sequence SEQ ID No. 16;
- j) the sequence SEQ ID No. 18;
- k) the nucleic acid sequences capable of hybridizing specifically with the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 3, SEQ ID No. 5, SEQ ID No. 7, SEQ ID No. 9, SEQ ID No. 11, SEQ ID No. 12, SEQ ID No. 14, SEQ ID No. 16 or SEQ ID No. 18 or with the sequences complementary 20 to them, or of hybridizing specifically with their proximal sequences;
- l) the sequences derived from the sequences a), 25 b), c), d), e), f), g), h), i), j) or k) as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code.

According to a preferred embodiment, a subject of the invention is nucleotide sequences SEQ ID No. 5, SEQ ID No. 12, SEQ ID No. 14, SEQ ID No. 16 and SEQ ID No. 18, corresponding, respectively, to the cDNAs of the 30 human proteins of the sequences SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 and SEQ ID No. 19.

The different nucleotide sequences of the invention may be of artificial origin or otherwise. They 35 can be DNA or RNA sequences obtained by the screening of libraries of sequences by means of probes prepared on the basis of the sequences SEQ ID No. 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 16 or 18. Such libraries may be prepared by traditional techniques of molecular biology which are

known to a person skilled in the art.

The nucleotide sequences according to the invention may also be prepared by chemical synthesis, or alternatively by mixed methods including the chemical or 5 enzymatic modification of sequences obtained by the screening of libraries.

These nucleotide sequences enable nucleotide probes to be produced which are capable of hybridizing strongly and specifically with a nucleic acid sequence, 10 of a genomic DNA or of a messenger RNA, coding for a polypeptide according to the invention or a biologically active fragment of the latter. Such probes also form part of the invention. They may be used as an in vitro diagnostic tool for the detection, by hybridization 15 experiments, of transcripts specific for the polypeptides of the invention in biological samples, or for the demonstration of aberrant syntheses or of genetic abnormalities such as loss of heterozygosity or genetic rearrangement resulting from a polymorphism, from 20 mutations or from a different splicing.

The probes of the invention contain at least 10 nucleotides, and contain at most the whole of the sequence of the SR-p70 gene or of its cDNA contained, for example, in a cosmid.

25 Among the shortest probes, that is to say of approximately 10 to 20 nucleotides, the appropriate hybridization conditions correspond to the stringent conditions normally used by a person skilled in the art.

The temperature used is preferably between 30 T_m -5°C and T_m -30°C, and as a further preference between T_m -5°C and T_m -10°C, T_m being the melting temperature, the temperature at which 50% of the paired DNA strands separate.

35 The hybridization is preferably conducted in solutions of high ionic strength, such as, in particular, 6 x SSC solutions.

Advantageously, the hybridization conditions used are as follows:

- temperature: 42°C,

- hybridization buffer: 6 x SSC, 5 x Denhart's, 0.1% SDS, as described in Example III.

Advantageously, these probes are represented by the following oligonucleotides or the sequences 5 complementary to them:

SEQ ID No. 20: GCG AGC TGC CCT CGG AG
SEQ ID No. 21: GGT TCT GCA GGT GAC TCA G
SEQ ID No. 22: GCC ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG
SEQ ID No. 23: ACC AGC TGG TTG ACG GAG
10 SEQ ID No. 24: GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG
SEQ ID No. 25: GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC C
SEQ ID No. 26: AGG CCG GCG TGG GGA AG
SEQ ID No. 27: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G
15 SEQ ID No. 28: GCG GCC ACG ACC GTG AC
SEQ ID No. 29: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG
SEQ ID No. 30: CTG TAC GTC GGT GAC CCC
SEQ ID No. 31: TCA GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC
SEQ ID No. 32: AGG GGA CGC AGC GAA ACC
SEQ ID No. 33: CCA TCA GCT CCA GGC TCT C
20 SEQ ID No. 34: CCA GGA CAG GCG CAG ATG
SEQ ID No. 35: GAT GAG GTG GCT GGC TGG A
SEQ ID No. 36: TGG TCA GGT TCT GCA GGT G
SEQ ID No. 37: CAC CTA CTC CAG GGA TGC
SEQ ID No. 38: AGG AAA ATA GAA GCG TCA GTC
25 SEQ ID No. 39: CAG GCC CAC TTG CCT GCC
SEQ ID No. 40: CTG TCC CCA AGC TGA TGA G

Preferably, the probes of the invention are labelled prior to their use. To this end, several techniques are within the capacity of a person skilled in 30 the art (fluorescent, radioactive, chemoluminescence, enzyme, and the like, labelling).

The *in vitro* diagnostic methods in which these nucleotide probes are employed are included in the subject of the present invention.

35 These methods relate, for example, to the detection of abnormal syntheses (e.g. accumulation of transcription products) or of genetic abnormalities, such as loss of heterozygosity and genetic rearrangement, and point mutations in the nucleotide sequences of nucleic

acids coding for an SR-p70 protein, according to the definition given above.

5 The nucleotide sequences of the invention are also useful for the manufacture and use of oligonucleotide primers for sequencing reactions or specific amplification reactions according to the so-called PCR technique or any variant of the latter (ligase chain reaction (LCR), etc).

10 Preferred primer pairs consist of primers selected from the nucleotide sequences: SEQ ID No. 1: monkey sequence of 2,874 nucleotides, and SEQ ID No. 5: human SR-p70a cDNA, in particular upstream of the ATG translation initiation codon and downstream of the TGA translation stop codon.

15 Advantageously, these primers are represented by the following pairs:

- pair No. 1:

sense primer: GCG AGC TGC CCT CGG AG (SEQ ID No. 20)

antisense primer: GGT TCT GCA GGT GAC TCA G (SEQ ID No. 21)

20

- pair No. 2:

sense primer: GCC ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG (SEQ ID No. 22)

antisense primer: ACC AGC TGG TTG ACG GAG (SEQ ID No. 23)

25

- pair No. 3:

sense primer: GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG (SEQ ID No. 24)

antisense primer: GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC C (SEQ ID No. 25)

30

- pair No. 4:

sense primer: AGG CCG GCG TGG GGA AG (SEQ ID No. 26)

antisense primer: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G (SEQ ID No. 27)

35

- pair No. 5:

sense primer: GCG GCC ACG ACC GTG A (SEQ ID No. 28)

antisense primer: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG (SEQ ID No. 29)

- pair No. 6:

sense primer: CTG TAC GTC GGT GAC CCC (SEQ ID No. 30)

antisense primer: TCA GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC (SEQ ID No. 31)

- pair No. 7:

sense primer: AGG GGA CGC AGC GAA ACC (SEQ ID No. 32)

antisense primer: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG (SEQ ID No. 29)

- pair No. 8:

sense primer: CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)

antisense primer: CCA TCA GCT CCA GGC TCT C (SEQ ID No. 33)

- pair No. 9:

5 sense primer: CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)

antisense primer: CCA GGA CAG GCG CAG ATG (SEQ ID No. 34)

- pair No. 10:

sense primer: CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)

antisense primer: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G (SEQ ID No. 27)

10 - pair No. 11:

sense primer: CAC CTA CTC CAG GGA TGC (SEQ ID No. 37)

antisense primer: AGG AAA ATA GAA GCG TCA GTC (SEQ ID No. 38)

- pair No. 12:

sense primer: CAG GCC CAC TTG CCT GCC (SEQ ID No. 39)

15 antisense primer: CTG TCC CCA AGC TGA TGA G (SEQ ID No. 40)

These primers correspond to the sequences extending, respectively:

- from nucleotide No. 124 to nucleotide No. 140 on SEQ ID No. 1 and from nucleotide No. 1 to nucleotide No. 17 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 20
- from nucleotide No. 2280 to nucleotide No. 2262 on SEQ ID No. 1 and from nucleotide No. 2156 to nucleotide 2138 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 21
- from nucleotide No. 684 to nucleotide No. 701 on SEQ ID No. 1 for SEQ ID No. 22
- from nucleotide No. 1447 to nucleotide No. 1430 on SEQ ID No. 1 and from nucleotide 1324 to nucleotide 1307 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 23
- from nucleotide 1434 to nucleotide 1454 on SEQ ID No. 1 and from nucleotide 1311 to nucleotide 1331 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 24
- from nucleotide 2066 to nucleotide 2051 on SEQ ID No. 1 and from nucleotide 1940 to nucleotide

1925 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 25

- from nucleotide 16 to nucleotide 32 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 26
- from nucleotide 503 to nucleotide 485 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 27
- 5 - from nucleotide 160 to nucleotide 176 on SEQ ID No. 11 for SEQ ID No. 28
- from nucleotide 1993 to nucleotide 1976 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 29
- 10 - from nucleotide 263 to nucleotide 280 on SEQ ID No. 11 for SEQ ID No. 30
- from nucleotide 1943 to nucleotide 1926 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 31
- from nucleotide 128 to nucleotide 145 on the nucleotide sequence depicted in Figure 22 for SEQ ID No. 32
- 15 - from nucleotide 1167 to nucleotide 1149 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 33
- from nucleotide 928 to nucleotide 911 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 34
- 20 - from nucleotide 677 to nucleotide 659 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 35
- from nucleotide 1605 to nucleotide 1587 on SEQ ID No. 5 for SEQ ID No. 36
- from nucleotide 1 to nucleotide 18 on the nucleotide sequence depicted in Figure 13 for SEQ ID No. 37
- 25 - from nucleotide 833 to nucleotide 813 on the nucleotide sequence depicted in Figure 13 for SEQ ID No. 38
- from nucleotide 25 to nucleotide 42 on the nucleotide sequence depicted in Figure 13 for SEQ ID No. 39
- from nucleotide 506 to nucleotide 488 on the nucleotide sequence depicted in Figure 13 for SEQ ID No. 40

30
35
The nucleotide sequences according to the invention can have, moreover, uses in gene therapy, in particular for controlling the phenomena of apoptosis and

of reversion of transformation.

The nucleotide sequences according to the invention may, moreover, be used for the production of recombinant SR-p70 proteins, according to the definition which has been given to this term.

These proteins may be produced from the nucleotide sequences defined above, according to techniques of production of recombinant products which are known to a person skilled in the art. In this case, the nucleotide sequence used is placed under the control of signals permitting its expression in a cell host.

An effective system for production of a recombinant protein necessitates having at one's disposal a vector, for example of plasmid or viral origin, and a compatible host cell.

The cell host may be selected from prokaryotic systems such as bacteria, or eukaryotic systems such as, for example, yeasts, insect cells, CHO cells (Chinese hamster ovary cells) or any other system advantageously available. A preferred cell host for the expression of proteins of the invention consists of the *E. coli* bacterium, in particular the strain MC 1061 (Clontec).

25 The vector must contain a promoter, translation initiation and termination signals and also the appropriate transcription regulation regions. It must be capable of being maintained stably in the cell and can, where appropriate, possess particular signals specifying the secretion of the translated protein.

These various control signals are selected in accordance with the cell host used. To this end, the nucleotide sequences according to the invention may be inserted into vectors which are autonomously replicating within the selected host, or vectors which are integrative for the chosen host. Such vectors will be prepared according to methods commonly used by a person skilled in the art, and the clones resulting therefrom may be introduced into a suitable host by standard methods such as, for example, electroporation.

The cloning and/or expression vectors containing

at least one of the nucleotide sequences defined above also form part of the present invention.

A preferred cloning and expression vector is the plasmid pSE1, which contains the elements necessary for 5 its use both as a cloning vector in *E. coli* (origin of replication in *E. coli* and ampicillin resistance gene originating from the plasmid pTZ 18R) and as an expression vector in animal cells (promoter, intron, polyadenylation site, origin of replication of the SV40 10 virus), as well as the elements enabling it to be copied as a single strand with the object of sequencing (origin of replication of phage f1).

The characteristics of this plasmid are described 15 in Application EP 0,506,574.

Its construction and also the integration of the cDNAs originating from the nucleic acid sequences of the invention are, moreover, described in the examples below.

According to a preferred embodiment, the proteins 20 of the invention are in the form of fusion proteins, in particular in the form of a protein fused with glutathione S-transferase (GST). A designated expression vector in this case is represented by the plasmid vector pGEX-4T-3 (Pharmacia ref-27.4583).

The invention relates, in addition, to the host 25 cells transfected by these aforementioned vectors. These cells may be obtained by introducing into host cells a nucleotide sequence inserted into a vector as defined above, followed by culturing of the said cells under conditions permitting the replication and/or expression 30 of the transfected nucleotide sequence.

These cells are usable in a method of production 35 of a recombinant polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 12, SEQ ID No. 14, SEQ ID No. 16 or SEQ ID No. 18 or any biologically active fragment or derivative of the latter.

The method of production of a polypeptide of the invention in recombinant form is itself included in the present invention, and is characterized in that the

transfected cells are cultured under conditions permitting the expression of a recombinant polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 12, SEQ ID No. 14, SEQ 5 ID No. 16 or SEQ ID No. 18 or of any biologically active fragment or derivative of the latter, and in that the said recombinant polypeptide is recovered.

The purification methods used are known to a person skilled in the art. The recombinant polypeptide 10 may be purified from lysates and cell extracts or from the culture medium supernatant, by methods used individually or in combination, such as fractionation, chromatographic methods, immunoaffinity techniques using specific mono- or polyclonal antibodies, and the like. A 15 preferred variant consists in producing a recombinant polypeptide fused to a "carrier" protein (chimeric protein). The advantage of this system is that it permits a stabilization and a decrease in proteolysis of the recombinant product, an increase in solubility during *in vitro* renaturation and/or a simplification of the 20 purification when the fusion partner possesses an affinity for a specific ligand.

Advantageously, the polypeptides of the invention are fused with glutathione S-transferase at the N-terminal position (Pharmacia "GST" system). The fusion 25 product is, in this case, detected and quantified by means of the enzyme activity of the GST. The colorimetric reagent used is a glutathione acceptor, a substrate for GST. The recombinant product is purified on a 30 chromatographic support to which glutathione molecules have been coupled beforehand.

The mono- or polyclonal antibodies capable of 35 specifically recognizing an SR-p70 protein according to the definition given above also form part of the invention. Polyclonal antibodies may be obtained from the serum of an animal immunized against protein, produced, for example, by genetic recombination according to the method described above, according to standard procedures.

The monoclonal antibodies may be obtained

according to the traditional hybridoma culture method described by Köhler and Milstein, *Nature*, 1975, 256, 495-497.

Advantageous antibodies are antibodies directed 5 against the central region lying between residue 110 and residue 310 for the sequences SEQ ID No. 2 or 6, or between residue 60 and residue 260 for the sequence SEQ ID No. 8.

The antibodies according to the invention are, 10 for example, chimeric antibodies, humanized antibodies or Fab and $F(ab')_2$ fragments. They may also take the form of immunoconjugates or labelled antibodies.

Moreover, besides their use for the purification 15 of the recombinant polypeptides, the antibodies of the invention, especially the monoclonal antibodies, may also be used for detecting these polypeptides in a biological sample.

Thus they constitute a means of 20 immunocytochemical or immunohistochemical analysis of the expression of SR-p70 proteins on sections of specific tissues, for example by immunofluorescence, gold labelling or enzyme immunoconjugates.

They make it possible, in particular, to demonstrate an abnormal accumulation of SR-p70 proteins 25 in certain tissues or biological samples, which makes them useful for detecting cancers or monitoring the progression or remission of pre-existing cancers.

More generally, the antibodies of the invention 30 may be advantageously employed in any situation where the expression of an SR-p70 protein has to be observed.

Hence the invention also relates to a method of 35 in vitro diagnosis of pathologies correlated with an expression or an abnormal accumulation of SR-p70 proteins, in particular the phenomena of carcinogenesis, from a biological sample, characterized in that at least one antibody of the invention is brought into contact with the said biological sample under conditions permitting the possible formation of specific immuno-logical complexes between an SR-p70 protein and the said

antibody or antibodies, and in that the specific immunological complexes possibly formed are detected.

The invention also relates to a kit for the in vitro diagnosis of an abnormal expression or 5 accumulation of SR-p70 proteins in a biological sample and/or for measuring the level of expression of this protein in the said sample, comprising:

- at least one antibody specific for an SR-p70 protein, optionally bound to a support,
- 10 - means of visualization of the formation of specific antigen-antibody complexes between an SR-p70 protein and the said antibody, and/or means of quantification of these complexes.

The invention also relates to a method of early 15 diagnosis of tumour formation, by detecting autoantibodies directed against an SR-p70 protein in an individual's serum.

Such a method of early diagnosis is characterized 20 in that a serum sample drawn from an individual is brought into contact with a polypeptide of the invention, optionally bound to a support, under conditions permitting the formation of specific immunological complexes between the said polypeptide and the autoantibodies possibly present in the serum sample, and 25 in that the specific immunological complexes possibly formed are detected.

A subject of the invention is also a method of determination of an allelic variability, a mutation, a deletion, an insertion, a loss of heterozygosity or a 30 genetic abnormality of the SR-p70 gene which may be involved in pathologies, characterized in that it utilizes at least one nucleotide sequence described above. Among the methods of determination of an allelic variability, a mutation, a deletion, an insertion, a loss 35 of heterozygosity or a genetic abnormality of the SR-p70 gene, preference is given to the method which is characterized in that it comprises at least one step of PCR amplification of the target nucleic acid sequence of SR-p70 liable to exhibit a polymorphism, a mutation, a

deletion or an insertion, using a pair of primers of nucleotide sequences defined above, a step during which the amplified products are treated using a suitable restriction enzyme and a step during which at least one 5 of the products of the enzyme reaction is detected or assayed.

The invention also comprises pharmaceutical compositions comprising as active principle a polypeptide corresponding to the above definitions, preferably in 10 soluble form, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle.

Such compositions afford a novel approach to treating the phenomena of carcinogenesis at the level of the control of multiplication and cell differentiation.

15 Preferably, these compositions can be administered systemically, preferably intravenously, intramuscularly, intradermally or orally.

Their optimal modes of administration, dosages and pharmaceutical dosage forms may be determined 20 according to the criteria generally borne in mind in establishing a therapeutic treatment suitable for a patient, such as, for example, the patient's age or body weight, the severity of his or her general state, the tolerability of treatment and the observed side effects, 25 and the like.

Lastly, the invention comprises a method of gene therapy, in which nucleotide sequences coding for an SR-p70 protein are transferred to target cells by means of inactivated viral vectors.

30 Other features and advantages of the invention are to be found in the remainder of the description, with the examples and the figures for which the legends are given below.

LEGEND TO THE FIGURES

35 Figure 1: Nucleic acid comparison of monkey SR-p70a cDNA (corresponding to SEQ ID No. 1) with the nucleic acid sequence of monkey p53 cDNA.

Figure 2: Protein comparison of monkey SR-p70a with monkey p53 protein (sw: p53-cerae).

5 Figure 3: Comparison of the nucleic acid sequence of monkey SR-p70a and b cDNA (corresponding, respectively, to SEQ ID No. 1 and SEQ ID No. 3).

Figure 4: Nucleic acid sequence and deduced protein sequence of monkey SR-p70a.

10 Figure 5: Partial nucleic acid sequence and complete deduced protein sequence of monkey SR-p70b.

Figure 6: Partial nucleic acid sequence and deduced complete protein sequence of human SR-p70a (corresponding to SEQ ID No. 5).

15 Figure 7: Partial nucleic acid sequence and complete deduced protein sequence of mouse SR-p70c (corresponding to SEQ ID No. 7).

Figure 8: Partial nucleic acid sequence and partially deduced protein sequence of mouse SR-p70a (corresponding to SEQ ID No. 9).

20 Figure 9: Multialignment of the proteins deduced from monkey (a and b), human (a) and mouse (a and c) SR-p70 cDNAs.

Figure 10a: Immunoblot of the SR-p70 protein.

Figure 10b: Detection of the endogenous SR-p70 protein.

25 Figure 11: Chromosomal localization of the human SR-p70 gene. The signal appears on chromosome 1, in the p36 region.

Figure 12: Genomic structure of the SR-p70 gene and

5 comparison with that of the p53 gene. The human protein sequences of SR-p70a (upper line of the alignment) and of p53 (lower line) are divided up into peptides on the basis of the respective exons from which they are encoded. The figures beside the arrows correspond to the numbering of the corresponding exons.

10 **Figure 13:** Human genomic sequence of SR-p70 from the 3' end of intron 1 to the 5' end of exon 3. The introns are boxed. At positions 123 and 133, two variable nucleic acid positions are localized (G → A at 123 and C → T at 133). The restriction sites for the enzyme StyI are underlined (position 130 in the case where a T is present instead of a C at position 133, position 542 and position 610). The arrows indicate the positions of the nucleic acid primers used in Example XI.

15 **Figure 14:** Nucleic acid comparison of the 5' region of the human cDNAs of SR-p70d and of SR-p70a.

20 **Figure 15:** Multialignment of the nucleic acid sequences corresponding to human SR-p70a, b, d, e, and f.

25 **Figure 16:** Multialignment of the proteins deduced from human SR-p70 (a, b, d, e and f) cDNAs.

30 **Figure 17:** Partial nucleic acid sequence and partial deduced protein sequence of human SR-p70a. The two bases in bold characters correspond to two variable positions (see Figure 6). This sequence possesses a more complete non-coding 5' region than the one presented in Figure 6.

Figure 18: Analysis of the SR-p70a transcripts after PCR amplification.

5 lane M: 1 kb ladder (GIBCO-BRL) molecular weight markers

10 lane 1: line HT29

lane 3: line SK-N-AS

lane 5: line UMR-32

lane 7: line U-373 MG

lane 9: line SW 480

15 lane 11: line CHP 212

lane 13: line SK-N-MC

20 lanes 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14: negative controls corresponding to lanes 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13, respectively (absence of inverse transcriptase in the RT-PCR reaction).

25 Figure 19: A: Analysis by agarose gel electrophoresis of genomic fragments amplified by PCR (from the 3' end of intron 1 to the 5' end of exon 3). The numbering of the lanes corresponds to the numbering of the control population. Lane M: molecular weight markers (1 kb ladder).

30 B: Analysis identical to that of part A, after digestion of the same samples with the restriction enzyme StyI.

Figure 20: Diagrammatic representation with a partial restriction map of the plasmid pCDNA3 containing human SR-p70a.

EXAMPLE I

Cloning of SR-p70 cDNA from COS-3 cells

1. Culturing of COS-3 cells

5 COS-3 cells (African green monkey kidney cells transformed with the SV 40 virus T antigen) are cultured in DMEM medium (GIBCO-BRL reference 41 965-047) containing 2 mM L-glutamine and supplemented with 50 mg/l of gentamicin and 5% of foetal bovine serum (GIRCO-BRL reference 10231-074) to semi-confluence.

10 2. Preparation of the messenger RNA

a) Extraction of the messenger RNA

The cells are recovered in the following manner:

15 - the adherent cells are washed twice with PBS buffer (phosphate buffered saline, reference 04104040-GIBCO-BRL), then scraped off with a rubber scraper and centrifuged.

20 The cell pellet is suspended in the lysis buffer of the following composition: 4 M guanidine thiocyanate; 25 mM sodium citrate pH 7; 0.5% sarcosyl; 0.1 M β -mercaptoethanol. The suspension is sonicated using an Ultra-Turrax No. 231256 sonicator (Janke and Kundel) at maximum power for one minute. Sodium acetate pH 4 is added to a concentration of 0.2 M. The solution is extracted with one volume of a phenol/chloroform (5/1 v/v) mixture. The RNA contained in the aqueous phase is precipitated at -20°C using one volume of isopropanol. The pellet is resuspended in the lysis buffer. The solution is extracted again with a phenol/chloroform mixture and the RNA is precipitated with isopropanol. After washing of the pellet with 70% and then 100% ethanol, the RNA is resuspended in water.

25 b) Purification of the poly(A)⁺ fraction of the RNA
30 Purification of poly(A)⁺ fraction of the RNA is carried out using the DYNAL Dynabeads oligo(dT)₂₅ kit (reference 610.05) according to the protocol

recommended by the manufacturer. The principle is based on the use of superparamagnetic polystyrene beads to which an oligonucleotide poly(dT)₂₅ is attached. The poly(A)⁺ fraction of the RNA is hybridized with the oligo(dT)₂₅ coupled to the beads, which are trapped on a magnetic support.

5 3. Production of the complementary DNA library

10 a) Preparation of the complementary DNA

From 0.5 µg of the poly(A)⁺ RNA from COS-3 cells obtained at the end of step 2, the [³²P]dCTP-labelled single-stranded complementary DNA is prepared (the complementary DNA obtained possesses a specific activity of 3000 dpm/ng) with the synthetic primer of the following sequence (comprising a BamHI site):

15 5' <GATCCGGGCC CTTTTTTTTT TTT<3'

20 in a volume of 30 µl of buffer of composition: 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 6 mM MgCl₂, 10 mM DDT, 40 mM KCl, containing 0.5 mM each of the deoxynucleotide triphosphates, 30 µCi of [α -³²P]dCTP and 30 U of RNasin (Promega). After one hour of incubation at 37°C, then 10 minutes at 50°C, then 10 minutes again at 37°C, with 200 units of the enzyme reverse transcriptase RNase H⁻ (GIBCO-BRL reference 8064A), 4 µl of EDTA are added.

25 b) Alkaline hydrolysis of the RNA template

30 6 µl of 2N NaOH solution are added and the mixture is then incubated for 5 minutes at 65°C.

c) Purification on a Sephadryl S-400 column

In order to remove the synthetic primer, the complementary DNA is purified on a column of 1 ml of Sephadryl S-400 (Pharmacia) equilibrated in TE buffer.

35 The first two radioactive fractions are pooled and precipitated with 1/10 volume of 10 M ammonium acetate solution and 2.5 volumes of ethanol, this being done after extraction with one volume of chloroform.

5 d) Homopolymer addition of dG
The complementary DNA is elongated at the 3' end
with a dG tail with 20 units of the enzyme terminal
transferase (Pharmacia 27073001). The mixture is
incubated in 20 μ l of buffer of composition: 30 mM
Tris-HCl pH 7.6, 1 mM cobalt chloride, 140 mM
cacodylic acid, 0.1 mM DTT, 1 mM dGTP, for 15
minutes at 37°C, and 2 μ l of 0.5 M EDTA are then
added.

10 e) Steps b) and c) are repeated again
f) Pairing of the cloning vector pSE1 (EP 506,574) and
the complementary DNA in the presence of the
adaptor.
The mixture is centrifuged, the pellet is dissolved
in 33 μ l of TE buffer, 5 μ l (125 ng) of cloning
vector pSE1, 1 μ l (120 ng) of the adaptor of the
following sequence (comprising an ApaI site):
5'AAAAAAAAAAAGGGCCCG3'
and 10 μ l of 200 mM NaCl solution are added, and the
reaction mixture is incubated for 5 minutes at 65°C
and then allowed to cool to room temperature.

15 g) Ligation
The cloning vector and the single-stranded cDNA are
ligated in a volume of 100 μ l with 32.5 units of the
enzyme phage T4 DNA ligase (Pharmacia reference 270
87002) overnight at 15°C in a buffer of composition:
50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 10 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM ATP.

20 h) Synthesis of the second strand of the cDNA
The proteins are removed by phenol extraction
followed by chloroform extraction, and 1/10 volume
of 10 mM ammonium acetate solution and then 2.5
volumes of ethanol are then added. The mixture is
centrifuged, the pellet is dissolved in a buffer of
composition 33 mM Tris-acetate pH 7.9, 62.5 mM
potassium acetate, 1 mM magnesium acetate and 1 mM
dithiothreitol (DTT), and the second strand of
complementary DNA is synthesized in a volume of
30 μ l with 30 units of the enzyme phage T4 DNA
polymerase (Pharmacia reference 270718) and a

5 mixture of 1 mM the four deoxynucleotide triphosphates dATP, dCTP, dGTP and dTTP as well as two units of phage T4 gene 32 protein (Pharmacia reference 27-0213) for one hour at 37°C. The mixture is extracted with phenol and the traces of phenol are removed with a column of polyacrylamide P10 (Biogel P10-200-400 mesh - reference 15011050 - Biorad).

10 i) Transformation by electroporation

15 *E. coli* MC 1061 cells are transformed with the recombinant DNA obtained above by electroporation using a Biorad Gene Pulser apparatus (Biorad) used at 2.5 kV under the conditions specified by the manufacturer, and the bacteria are then grown for one hour in the medium known as LB medium (Sambrook op. cit.) of composition: bactotryptone 10 g/l; yeast extract 5 g/l; NaCl 10 g/l.

20 The number of independent clones is determined by plating out a 1/1000 dilution of the transformation after the first hour of incubation on a dish of LB medium with the addition of 1.5% of agar (w/v) and 100 µg/ml of ampicillin, hereinafter referred to as LB agar medium. The number of independent clones is 1 million.

25 j) Analysis of the cDNAs of the library

30 In the context of the analysis of individual clones of the library by nucleic acid sequencing of the 5' region of the cDNAs, one clone, designated SR-p70a, was shown to exhibit a partial homology with the cDNA of the already known protein, the p53 protein (Genbank X 02469 and X 16384) (Figure 1). The sequences were produced with the United States Biochemical kit (reference 70770) and/or the Applied Biosystems kit (references 401434 and/or 401628), which use the method of Sanger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA; 1977, 74, 5463-5467. The plasmid DNA is prepared from the WIZARD minipreparation kit (Promega reference A7510). The primers used are 16- to 22-mer oligonucleotides, complementary either to

the vector pSEL in the region immediately at the 5' end of the cDNA, or to the sequence of the cDNA. A second cDNA was isolated from the same library by screening, in a manner similar to the technique described in EXAMPLE III.3) below, with a fragment of SR-p70a the DNA labelled with ^{32}P with the BRL "Random Primers DNA labelling systems" kit (reference 18187-013). The hybridization and washing buffers are treated by adding 50% of formamide. The last wash is carried out in 0.1 \times SSC/0.1% SDS at 60°C. This second sequence (SR-p70b cDNA) is identical to the first but an internal fragment has been deleted from it (Figure 3).
The two SR-p70 cDNAs, of length 2874 nucleotides (SR-p70a) and 2780 nucleotides (SR-p70b), correspond to the products of a single gene, an alternative splicing bringing about a deletion of 94 bases between nucleotides 1637 and 1732 and a premature termination of the corresponding encoded protein. The proteins deduced from the two cDNAs possess 637 amino acids and 499 amino acids, respectively (Figures 4 and 5).

EXAMPLE II

Obtaining of the sequence and cloning of the cDNA of the SR-p70a protein from HT-29 (human colon adenocarcinoma) cells

1) Culturing of HT-29 cells

The cells are cultured in McCoy's 5 medium (GIBCO 26600-023) with the addition of 10% of foetal calf serum (GIBCO 10081-23) and 50 mg/l of gentamicin, to semi-confluence.

2) Preparation of the complementary DNA

The messenger RNA is prepared as described in EXAMPLE I.2. The cDNA is prepared in a manner similar to that described in EXAMPLE I.3, with 5 μg of total messenger RNA, using a poly(T)₁₂ primer. The reaction is

not interrupted with EDTA.

3) Specific amplification of the human cDNA by the so-called PCR technique

5 The polymerization is carried out with 4 μ l of cDNA in 50 μ l final with the buffer of the following composition: 10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 2.5 mM MgCl₂, 50 mM KCl in the presence of 10% DMSO, 0.5 mM dNTP, 4 μ g/ml of each of the two nucleic acid primers and 2.5 units of TAQ DNA polymerase (Boehringer). The primer pairs were 10 selected on the basis of the nucleic acid sequence of the COS-3 SR-p70 clone, in particular upstream of the translation initiation ATG and downstream of the translation stop TGA, and are of the following compositions:

15 sense primer: ACT GGT ACC GCG AGC TGC CCT CGG AG
Kpn I restriction site

antisense primer: GAC TCT AGA GGT TCT GCA GGT GAC TCA G
Xba I restriction site

20 The reaction is carried out for 30 cycles of 94°C/1 minute, 54-60°C/1 minute 30 seconds and 72°C/1 minute 30 seconds, followed by a final cycle of 72°C/6 minutes.

4) Obtaining of the sequence of the human cDNA

25 In a first step, the PCR product is removed from the oligonucleotides on a column of Sephadryl S-400, and then desalting by exclusion chromatography on a column of polyacrylamide P10 (Biorad reference 1504144). The sequencing reactions are carried out using the Applied Biosystems kit (reference 401628) with oligonucleotides 30 specific for the cDNA. The sequence obtained is very similar to that of monkey SR-p70a, and the deduced protein contains 636 amino acids (Figure 6).

In a similar manner, other sequences originating from human lines or tissues were obtained for the coding

portion of human SR-p70, in particular from the lung or pancreas. The proteins deduced from these sequences are identical to those obtained for the HT-29 line.

5) Cloning of the human cDNA into plasmid pCDNA3
5 (Invitrogen V 790-20)

10 The PCR product obtained in 3) and also the plasmid are digested with the two restriction enzymes Kpn I and Xba I and then purified after migration on a 1% agarose gel using the Geneclean kit (Bio 101 reference 3105). After ligation with 100 ng of insert and 10 ng of vector and transformation (technique described in EXAMPLE I.3.g and i), the recombinant clones are verified by sequencing using the Applied Biosystems kit mentioned above.

15 EXAMPLE III

Cloning of mouse SR-p70 cDNA from AtT-20 (pituitary tumour) cells

1) Cell culturing of the line AtT-20

20 The cells are cultured in Ham F10 medium (GIBCO 31550-023) with the addition of 15% of horse serum (GIBCO 26050-047), 2.5% of foetal calf serum (GIBCO 10081-073) and 50 mg/l of gentamicin, to semi-confluence.

2) Preparation of the complementary DNA library

25 The library is produced as described in EXAMPLE I. 2 and 3 from the cells cultured above.

3) Screening of the library

a) Preparation of the membranes

30 The clones of the library are plated out on LB agar medium (Petri dishes 150 mm in diameter) coated with Biodyne A membranes (PALL reference BNNG 132). After one night at 37°C, the clones are transferred by contact onto fresh membranes. The latter are treated by depositing them on 3 mm Whatman paper soaked with the following solutions: 0.5 N NaOH, 1.5 M NaCl for 5 minutes, then

0.5 M Tris-HCl pH 8, 1.5 M NaCl for 5 minutes. After treatment with proteinase K in the following buffer: 10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8, 10 mM EDTA, 50 mM NaCl, 0.1% SDS, 100 µg/ml proteinase K, for one hour at room temperature, 5 the membranes are washed copiously in 2 × SSC (sodium citrate, NaCl), dried and then incubated in an oven under vacuum at 80°C for 20 minutes.

b) Preparation of the probe

On the basis of monkey and human SR-p70 cDNA sequences, a first sequence was produced on a fragment amplified from line AtT-20 mRNA as described in EXAMPLE II.3 and 4, with the oligomers of the following compositions:

sense primer: GCC ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG

15 antisense primer: ACC AGC TGG TTG ACG GAG.

On the basis of this sequence, an oligomeric probe specific for mouse was chosen and possesses the following composition:

GAG CAT GTG ACC GAC ATT G.

20 100 ng of the probe are labelled at the 3' end with 10 units of terminal transferase (Pharmacia) and 100 µCi of [α -³²P]dCTP 3000 Ci/mmol (Amersham reference PB 10205) in 10 µl of the following buffer: 30 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.6, 140 mM cacodylic acid, 1 mM CoCl₂, 0.1 mM DTT for 15 minutes at 37°C. The radiolabelled nucleotides not 25 incorporated are removed on a column of polyacrylamide P10 (Biorad, reference 1504144). The probe obtained has a specific activity of approximately 5×10^8 dpm/µg.

c) Prehybridization and hybridization

30 The membranes prepared in a) are prehybridized for 30 minutes at 42°C in 6 × SSC, 5 × Denhart's, 0.1% SDS, and then hybridized for a few hours in the same buffer with the addition of the probe prepared in b) in the proportion of 10⁶ dpm/ml.

35 d) Washing and exposure of the membranes

The membranes are washed twice at room temperature in 2 × SSC/0.1% SDS buffer and then for one hour at 56°C in 6 × SSC/0.1% SDS. The hybridized clones are visualized with KODAK XOMAT films. A positive clone

containing the mouse SR-p70 is selected and hereinafter designated as SR-p70c.

4) Sequencing of mouse SR-p70 and analysis of the sequence

5 The sequence is obtained using the Applied Biosystem kit (reference 401628). The protein sequence deduced from mouse SR-p70c cDNA (Figure 7) exhibits a very strong homology with the human and monkey sequences, except in the N-terminal portion which diverges strongly
10 (see Figure 9). Using the so-called PCR technique in a similar manner to that described in EXAMPLE II.3 and 4, a second 5' sequence (originating from the same AtT-20 library) was obtained (Figure 8). The deduced N-terminal protein sequence (sequence designated SR-p70a) is very
15 similar to that deduced from human and monkey SR-p70 cDNAs (SR-p70a) (Figure 9). The line AtT-20 hence affords at least two SR-p70 transcripts. The latter 2 diverge in the N-terminal portion through different splicings.

EXAMPLE IV

20 1) Production of recombinant SR-p70 protein in *E. coli*
a) Construction of the expression plasmid

25 This consists in placing the COOH-terminal portion of the monkey SR-p70a protein, from the valine at position 427 to the COOH-terminal histidine at position 637, in fusion with the glutathione S-transferase (GST) of the plasmid vector pGEX-4T-3 (Pharmacia reference 27-4583). For this purpose, the corresponding insert of SR-p70a (position 1434 to 2066) was amplified by PCR with 10 ng of plasmid containing monkey SR-p70a cDNA. The
30 nucleic acid primers are of the following composition:

sense primer: TTT GGA TCC GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG
BamHI restriction site

antisense primer: AAA GTC GAC GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC C.
Sal I site

The fragment obtained and also the vector are digested with the restriction enzymes BamHI and Sal I and cloning is carried out as described in EXAMPLE II.5. The selected clone is referred to as pG SR-p70.

5 b) Expression and purification of the GST-pSR-p70 fusion protein

This step was carried out using the "bulk GST purification module" kit (Pharmacia Reference 27-4570-01).

10 In outline, the recombinant clone was cultured at 37°C in one litre of 2 x YTA medium + 100 µg/ml ampicillin. At OD 0.8, expression is induced with 0.5 mM IPTG for 2 hours at 37°C. After centrifugation, the cell pellet is taken up in cold PBS and then sonicated by 15 ultrasound. After the addition of 1% Triton X-100, the preparation is incubated for 30 minutes with agitation at room temperature. After centrifugation at 12,000 g for 10 minutes at 4°C, the supernatant is recovered. Purification is then carried out on a glutathione-20 Sepharose 4B affinity chromatography column. Binding and washing are carried out in PBS buffer and elution is carried out by competition with reduced glutathione. The final concentration is brought to 300 µg/ml of fusion protein.

25 2) Production of SR-p70a protein in COS-3 cells

COS-3 cells are transfected with pSE1 plasmid DNA into which monkey SR-p70a cDNA has been cloned (EXAMPLE I.1), or with the vector pSE1 plasmid DNA as control, by the DEAE-dextran technique: the COS-3 cells are 30 inoculated at 5×10^5 cells per 6 cm dish in culture medium containing 5% of foetal bovine serum (EXAMPLE I.1). After culture, the cells are rinsed with PBS. 1 ml of the following mixture is added: medium containing 6.5 µg of DNA, 250 µg/ml of DEAE-dextran and 100 µM chloroquine. The cells are incubated at 37°C in 5% CO₂ 35 for 4 to 5 hours. The medium is aspirated off, 2 ml of PBS containing 10% of DMSO are added and the cells are incubated for one minute, shaking the dishes gently. The

medium is aspirated off again and the cells are rinsed twice with PBS. The cells are then incubated at 37°C with medium containing 2% of foetal bovine serum for the period during which expression takes place, which is 5 generally 3 days.

The SR-p70a protein is then analysed as described in EXAMPLE IV by immunoblotting.

EXAMPLE V

Preparation of specific antibodies

10 150 µg of proteins of the sample prepared according to EXAMPLE IV were used to immunize a rabbit (New Zealand male weighing 1.5 to 2 kg approximately). The immunizations were performed every 15 days according to the protocol described by Vaitukaitis, Methods in 15 Enzymology, 1981, 73, 46. At the first injection, one volume of antigenic solution is emulsified with one volume of Freund's complete adjuvant (Sigma reference 4258). Five boosters were administered in Freund's incomplete adjuvant (Sigma reference 5506).

20 EXAMPLE VI

Detection of the SR-p70 protein: Western immunoblotting

1) Materials used for immunoblotting

a) Cell lines used for immunoblotting

25 The following cell lines were cultured as described in the catalogue "Catalogue of cell lines and hybridomas, 7th edition, 1992" of the ATCC (American Type Culture Collection): COS-3, CV-1 (monkey kidney cell line), HT-29, U-373MG (human glioblastoma), MCF7 (human mammary adenocarcinoma), SKNAS (human neuroblastoma 30 cultured under the same conditions as COS-3), SK-N-MC (human neuroblastoma), IMR-32 (human neuroblastoma), CHP212 (human neuroblastoma cultured under the same conditions as CV-1), Saos-2 (osteosarcoma), SK-OV-3 (ovarian adenocarcinoma) and SW 480 (human colon 35 adenocarcinoma).

b) COS-3 cells transfected by SR-p70a cDNA

COS-3 cells were transfected as described in EXAMPLE IV.2. As a control, the cells were transfected with pSE1 plasmid DNA not containing recombinant SR-p70a cDNA.

5

2) Preparation of protein samples from a eukaryotic cell culture or from transfected cells

After culture, the cells are washed with PBS and then taken up in RIPA buffer (PBS with 1% NP40, 0.5% sodium deoxycholate, 0.5% SDS) supplemented with 10 µg/ml RNAse A, 20 µg/ml DNase 1, 2 µg/ml aprotinin, 0.5 µg/ml leupeptin, 0.7 µg/ml pepstatin and 170 µg/ml PMSF. The cells are sonicated by ultrasound at 4°C and left for 30 minutes at 4°C. After microcentrifugation at 12,000 rpm, the supernatant is recovered. The protein concentration is measured by the Bradford method.

10

15

3) Western blotting

5 or 50 µg of proteins (50 µg for the cell lines and 5 µg for transfected cells) are placed in 0.2 volume of the following 6 × electrophoresis buffer: 0.35 mM Tris-HCl pH 6.8, 10.3% SDS, 36% glycerol, 0.6 mM DTT, 0.012% bromophenol blue. The samples are applied and run in a 10% SDS-PAGE gel (30:0.8 Bis) and then electrotransferred onto a nitrocellulose membrane.

20

30

35

4) Visualization with the antibody

The membrane is incubated for 30 minutes in TBST blocking buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8, 150 mM NaCl, 0.2% Tween 20) with the addition of 5% of milk (GIBCO - SKIM MILK) at room temperature. The membrane is brought into contact successively with the anti-SR-p70 (α SR-p70) antibody in the same buffer for 16 hours at 4°C, washed 3 times for 10 minutes with TBST and then incubated for one hour at 37°C with a second, anti-rabbit immunoglobulin antibody coupled to peroxidase (SIGMA A055). After three washes of 15 minutes, the visualization is performed using the ECL kit (Amersham

RPN2106) by chemiluminescence.

In parallel, the same samples were subjected to visualization with an anti-p53 (α p53) antibody (Sigma BP5312) followed by a second, anti-mouse immunoglobulin 5 antibody.

5) Figures and results

Figure 10: Immunoblot of the SR-p70 protein

Figure 10a: Detection of the recombinant SR-p70 protein
10 - columns 1 and 3: COS-3 transfected by the vector pSE1.
- columns 2 and 4: COS-3 transfected by plasmid pSE1
containing SR-p70a cDNA.
- columns 1 and 2: visualization with the anti-SR-p70
(α SR-p70) antibody.
- columns 3 and 4: visualization with the anti-p53 (α p53)
15 antibody.

Figure 10b: Detection of the endogenous SR-p70 protein
- columns 1: COS-3; 2: CV-1; 3: HT-29; 4: U-373 MG; 5:
MCF7; 6: SKNAS; 7: SK-N-MC; 8: IMR-32; 9: CHP212; 10:
Saos-2; 11: SK-OV-3 and 12: SW480.
20 A: Visualization with the α SR-p70 antibody
B: Visualization with the α p53 antibody.

The α SR-p70 antibody specifically recognizes the recombinant proteins (Figure 10a) and endogenous proteins (Figure 10b) and does not cross with p53. The analysis of 25 human or monkey cell lines shows the SR-p70 protein, like p53, is generally weakly detectable. In contrast, when an accumulation of p53 exists, SR-p70 becomes, for its part also, more readily detectable (Figure 10b). A study by RT-PCR of the distribution of SR-p70 transcripts shows 30 that the gene is expressed in all the cell types tested.

EXAMPLE VII

Cloning of the SR-p70 gene and chromosomal localization

1) Cloning of SR-p70 gene

The library used is a cosmid library prepared

in the EXAMPLE III.3, with an SR-p70 DNA fragment labelled with ^{32}P with the BRL "Random Primers DNA Labelling Systems" kit (reference 18187-013). The hybridization and washing buffers are treated by adding 5 50% of formaldehyde. The last wash is carried out in 0.1 \times SSC/0.1% SDS at 60°C. In a similar manner, the SR-p70 gene was isolated from a library prepared with C57 black mouse genomic DNA.

10 An analysis and a partial sequencing of the clones demonstrate the presence of 14 exons with a structure close to that of the p53 gene, in particular in the central portion where the size and positioning of the exons are highly conserved (Figure 12). This structure was partially defined in mouse and in man.

15 As an example, the human genomic sequences of the 3' region of intron 1, of exon 2, of intron 3 and of the 5' region of exon 3 are presented in Figure 13.

2) Chromosomal localization of the SR-p70 gene in man

This was carried out with human SR-70 gene DNA 20 using the technique described by R. Slim et al., Hum. Genet., 1991, 88, 21-26. Fifty mitoses were analysed, more than 80% of which had double spots localized at 1p36 on both chromosomes and more especially at 1p36.2-1p36.3 (Figure 11). The identification of chromosome 1 and its 25 orientation are based on the heterochromatin of the secondary constriction. The pictures were produced on a Zeiss Axiophot microscope, taken with a LHESA cooled CCD camera and treated with Optilab.

EXAMPLE VIII

30 A) Demonstration of an mRNA coding for a deduced human SR-p70 protein possessing both a shorter N-terminal end and a divergence.

1) *Culturing of IMR-32 (human neuroblastoma) cells*

The cells were cultured as described in the catalogue "Catalogue of cell lines and hybridomas, 7th edition, 1992" of the ATCC (American Type Culture Collection).

5
2) *Preparation of the cDNA*

The RNA is prepared as described in Example I.2.a. The cDNA is prepared in a manner similar to that described in Example I.3, with 5 µg total RNA in a final 10 volume of 20 µl using a poly(T)₁₂ primer and with cold nucleotides. The reaction is not interrupted with EDTA.

15
3) *Specific amplification of SR-p70 cDNA by the so-called PCR technique*

The polymerization is carried out with 2 µl of cDNA in 50 µl final with the buffer of the following 20 composition: 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 9.2, 16 mM (NH₄)₂SO₄, 1.75 mM MgCl₂, in the presence of 10% DMSO, 0.4 mM NTP, 100 ng of each of the two nucleic acid primers and 3.5 units of the mixture of TAQ and PWO polymerases (Boehringer Mannheim, ref. 1681 842).

The primer pair is of the following composition:

sense primer: AGGCCGGCGTGGGAAAG (position 16 to 32, Figure 6)

antisense primer: CTTGGCGATCTGGCAGTAG (position 503 to 485, Figure 6).

The reaction is carried out for 30 cycles at 25 95°C/30 seconds, 58°C/1 minute and 68°C/2 minutes 30 seconds, followed by a final cycle of 68°C/10 minutes.

The PCR product is subjected to electrophoresis on a 1% agarose gel (TAE buffer). After ethidium bromide staining, two major bands are revealed: a band 30 approximately 490 bp in size (expected size (see Figure 6)) and an additional band approximately 700 bp in size. The latter is extracted from the gel using the "Geneclean" kit (Bio 101, ref 1001 400). After a desalting on a column of polyacrylamide P10 (Biorad, ref

15011050), the fragment is subjected to a further PCR amplification for 10 cycles as described above.

4) Determination of the sequence of the amplified product

5 In a first step, the PCR product is removed from the oligonucleotides on a column of Sephadryl S-400 (Pharmacia 17-0609-01) and then desalting on a column of P10. The sequencing reaction is carried out using the Applied Biosystems kit (ref. 401 628) (373 DNA sequencer) with the antisense primer.

10 The sequence obtained is identical to the SR-p70 cDNA sequence (Example II.4) with an insertion of 198 bp between positions 217 and 218 (Figure 14). The deduced N-terminal protein sequence (sequence designated SR-p70d) is 49 amino acids shorter, with a divergence of the first 15 13 amino acids (sequence ID No. 13). There is hence coexistence of at least two different SR-p70 transcripts as already described for the mouse AtT-20 line.

20 B) Cloning of human SR-p70 and demonstration of an mRNA coding for a deduced human SR-p70 protein possessing the same N-terminal end as SR-p70d and a divergence in the C-terminal portion

1) Specific amplification of SR-p70 cDNA by the so-called PCR technique

25 The amplification was carried out as described in EXAMPLE VIII.A from purified RNA of IMR-32 cells with the primer pair of the following composition:

30 sense primer: GCG GCC ACG ACC GTG AC (position 160 to 176, sequence ID No. 11)
antisense primer: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG (position 1993 to 1976, Figure 6).

After removal of the excess primers on an S400 column and desalting on a P10 column, 1 μ l of the sample is subjected again to a PCR with the primer pair of the following composition:

35 sense primer: TAT CTC GAG CTG TAC GTC GGT GAC CCC
XbaI (position

263 to 280, sequence ID No. 11)

antisense primer: ATA TCT AGA TCA GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC

XbaI

(position

1943 to 1926, Figure 6).

5 2) Cloning of the amplified product into plasmid pCDNA3

The PCR product obtained in 1) is desalting on a P10 column, digested with the restriction enzymes XhoI and XbaI and then cloned into plasmid pCDNA3 as described in EXAMPLE II.5. Two recombinant clones are sequenced 10 using the Applied Biosystems kit with the oligonucleotides specific for SR-p70 cDNA.

The first sequence obtained corresponds to the complete sequence of the mRNA coding for SR-p70 described in EXAMPLE VIII.a. The deduced protein contains 587 amino 15 acids (sequence ID No. 13 and Figure 16).

The second sequence obtained is identical to the SR-p70d cDNA sequence described above, but with two deletions, of 149 bp and of 94 bp between positions 1049 and 1050 on the one hand, and between positions 1188 and 20 1189 on the other hand (sequence ID No. 14 and Figure 15). The protein sequence deduced from this second sequence reveals a protein having an N-terminal portion 49 amino acids shorter, with a divergence in the first 13 amino acids as well as a divergence of protein sequence 25 between amino acids 350 and 397 (sequence ID No. 15 and Figure 16) (sequence designated SR-p70e). The deduced protein contains 506 amino acids.

C) Demonstration of an mRNA coding for a deduced human SR-p70 protein possessing a shorter N-terminal end

30 1) Culturing of SK-N-SH (human neuroblastoma) cells

The cells are cultivated as described in the "Catalogue of cell lines and hybridomas, 7th edition, 1992" of the ATCC (American Type Culture Collection).

2) Preparation of the cDNA and amplification of SR-p70 cDNA by the so-called PCR technique

These steps are carried out as described in EXAMPLE VIII.A with the primer pair of the following 5 composition:

sense primer: AGG GGA CGC AGC GAA ACC (position 128 to 145, Figure 17)

antisense primer: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG (position 1993 to 1976, Figure 6).

10 The sequencing is carried out with the Applied Biosystem kit with primers specific for SR-p70 cDNA, and reveals two cDNAs:

- a first cDNA corresponding to the mRNA coding for SR-p70a
- 15 - a second cDNA having a deletion of 98 bp between positions 24 and 25 (sequence ID No. 16 and Figure 15).

20 This deletion comprises the translation initiation ATG of SR-p70a. The protein deduced (designated SR-p70f) from this second cDNA possesses a translation initiation ATG downstream corresponding to an internal ATG of SR-p70a. The deduced protein hence contains 588 amino acids (sequence ID No. 17 and Figure 16) and is truncated with respect to the 48 N-terminal amino acids of SR-p70a.

25 D) Demonstration of an mRNA coding for human SR-p70b

1) Culturing of K562 cells

The cells are cultured as described in the "Catalogue of cell lines and hybridomas, 7th edition, 1992" of ATCC (American Type Culture Collection).

30 2) Preparation of the cDNA, amplification of SR-p70 cDNA by the so-called PCR technique and sequencing

These steps are carried out as described in EXAMPLE VIII.C.

The sequencing reveals two cDNAs:

35 A first cDNA corresponding to the mRNA coding for SR-p70a, and a second cDNA having a deletion of 94 bp

between positions 1516 and 1517 (sequence ID No. 18 and Figure 15). The deduced protein (designated SR-p70b) contains 199 amino acids and possesses a C-terminal sequence truncated by 137 amino acids relative to SR-
5 p70a, with the last 4 amino acids divergent (sequence ID No. 19 and Figure 21).

This cDNA is similar to the one described in EXAMPLE I relating to monkey SR-p70b.

10 The molecules described in this example (EXAMPLE VIII.A, B, C and D) reveal SR-p70 variants which are the outcome of differential splicings of the primary mRNA, transcribed by the SR-p70 gene.

15 The SR-p70a is encoded by an mRNA composed of 14 exons (see EXAMPLE VII). This is the reference protein. SR-p70b is the outcome of an insertion between exons 3 and 4 and of the absence of exons 11 and 13. SR-p70f is the outcome of the absence of exon 2. This example describes the existance of SR-p70 variants non-exhaustively, with a strong probability of existence of other variants. Similarly, the existence of these variants described in this example, as well as SR-p70a, is not limited to the lines in which they have been demonstrated. In effect, studies performed by RT-PCR showed that these variants are to be found in the various
20 lines studied.

25 Furthermore, the initiation methionine of SR-p70f corresponds to an internal methionine of SR-p70a, suggesting the possibility of initiation downstream on the mRNA coding for SR-p70a.

30 EXAMPLE IX

Obtaining a 5' sequence of human SR-p70a mRNA

1) Amplification of the 5' end of SR-p70 cDNA by PCR

35 The cell culturing and the preparations of total RNA and of cDNA are carried out as described in EXAMPLE VIII.1 and 2. The RNA template is hydrolysed by incubation for 5 minutes at 65°C after the addition of 4 µl of 500 mM EDTA and 4 µl of 2 N NaOH. The sample is

then desalting on a P10 column. The cDNA is elongated at the 3' end with a dG tail as described in EXAMPLE I.3.d, in a final volume of 40 μ l. After the addition of 4 μ l of 500 mM EDTA and 4 μ l of 2 N NaOH, the cDNA is incubated 5 at 65°C for 3 minutes and then desalting on a P10 column. PCR amplification is carried out as described in EXAMPLE VIII.3 with 8 μ l of cDNA and for 30 cycles with the primer pair of the following composition:

10 sense primer: C C C C C C C C C C C C C N (where N equals G, A or T)
antisense primer: CCATCAGCTCCAGGCTCTC (position 1167 to 1149, Figure 6).

15 After removal of the excess primers on an S-400 column and desalting on a P10 column, 1 μ l of the sample is subjected again to a PCR with the pair of the following composition:

20 sense primer: C C C C C C C C C C C C C N
antisense primer: CCAGGACAGGCGCAGATG (position 928 to 911, Figure 6).

25 The sample, passed again through an S-400 column and a P10 column, is subjected to a third amplification for 20 cycles with the following pair:

sense primer: C C C C C C C C C C C C C N
antisense primer: CTTGGCGATCTGGCAGTAG (position 503 to 485, Figure 6).

2) Determination of the SR-p70 cDNA 5' sequence

The sequence is produced as described in EXAMPLE VIII.4. This sequence reveals a non-coding 5' region of at least 237 bases upstream of the initiation ATG of SR-p70a (Figure 17). By comparison of this sequence (obtained from the line IMR-32) with the one obtained from the line HT-29 in particular (Figure 6), two point differences (Figure 17: see bold characters) are revealed (G \rightarrow A and C \rightarrow T), positioned, respectively, at -20 and -30 from the initiation ATG of SR-p70a (Figures 6 and 17). This variability is located in exon 2 (Figure 13). It is not ruled out that this variability is also to be found within a coding frame as the outcome of an

alternative splicing as described in EXAMPLES III in mouse and VIII in man, or alternatively as the outcome of a translation initiation on a CTG (as has been demonstrated for FGFB (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA, 1989, 86, 1836 - 1840)).

Similarly, it is not ruled out that this variability has a repercussion on the translation of SR-p70 or on the splicing of the primary RNA.

At all events, this variability, probably of allelic origin, may serve as a marker, either at genomic 10 level (see EXAMPLE XI) or at mRNA level (see EXAMPLE X).

EXAMPLE X

1) Analysis by PCR of the transcriptional expression of SR-p70a in cell samples (RT-PCR)

15 Cell culturing (SK-N-AS, SK-N-MC, HT-29, U-373MG, SW480, IMR-32, CHP212) is carried out as described in Example VI.1.a (referred to the catalogue "Catalogue of cell lines and hybridomas, 7th edition 1992" of the ATCC).

20 The preparation of the cDNA and the PCR amplification are carried out as described in EXAMPLE VIII.2 and 3. The primer pair used is of the following composition:

25 sense primer: AGGGGACGCAGCGAAACC (position 128 to 145, Figure 17)

antisense primer: GGCAGCTTGGGTCTCTGG (position 1993 to 1976, Figure 6).

30 The samples are analysed by electrophoresis on a 1% agarose gel and visualization with ethidium bromide (Figure 18).

35 The size of the band obtained in the samples corresponds to the expected size (approximately 2 kb, Figures 6 and 17). The intensity of the bands obtained is reproducible. A reamplification of 1 μ l of the sample under the same conditions for 20 cycles reveals a band in each of the samples.

2) Determination of the sequence of the amplified products

After passage of the samples through S-400 and P10 columns, sequencing is carried out on an Applied Biosystems sequencer 373 with the reference kit 401 628. The primers used are, inter alia, the following:

		position	Figure
	AGGGGACGCAGCGAAACC	128 to 145	22
	CTTGGCGATCTGGCAGTAG	503 to 485	6
	GATGAGGTGGCTGGCTGGA	677 to 659	6
10	CCATCAGCTCCAGGCTCTC	1167 to 1149	6
	TGGTCAGGTTCTGCAGGTG	1605 to 1587	6
	GGCAGCTTGGGTCTCTGG	1993 to 1976	6

No protein difference in the SR-p70a was detected. However, sequences obtained reveal a double variability at positions -20 and -30 upstream of the initiation ATG of SR-p70a (Figures 6 and 17). This variability, probably of allelic or gen, enables two classes of transcripts to be defined: a first class possessing a G at position -30 and a C at position -20 (class G⁻³⁰/C⁻²⁰) and a second class possessing a difference at two positions: an A at -30 and a T at -20 (class A⁻³⁰/T⁻²⁰).

First class: SK-N-AS, SK-N-MC, HT-29, U-373MG, SW480.

Second class: IMR-32, CHP212.

25 EXAMPLE XI

Analytical method of determination of the allelic distribution of the SR-p70 gene in a population of 10 persons

This allelic distribution is based on the allelic variability demonstrated in EXAMPLES IX and X:

- G⁻³⁰/C⁻²⁰ allele possessing, respectively, a G and a C at positions -30 and -20 upstream of the initiation ATG of SR-p70a.
- A⁻³⁰/T⁻²⁰ allele possessing, respectively, an A and

a T at the same positions.

This variability may be demonstrated by the use of restriction enzymes that differentiate the two alleles (Figure 13). As an example:

5 • Enzyme Bpl I having a cleavage site only on the G⁻³⁰/C⁻²⁰ allele in the zone of interest (this site encompasses both variable positions).

• Enzyme StyI having a cleavage site only on the A⁻³⁰/T⁻²⁰ allele in the zone of interest.

10 1) Genomic amplification of exon 2 by PCR

The polymerization reaction is carried out with 500 ng of purified genomic DNA, in 50 μ l final with the conditions described in Example VIII.3.

The primer pair is of the following position:

15 Sense primer: CACCTACTCCAGGGATGC (position 1 to 18, Figure 13)
Antisense primer: AGGAAAAATAGAACCGTCAGTC (position 833 to 813, Figure 13).

The reaction is carried out for 30 cycles as described in EXAMPLE VIII.3.

20 After removal of the excess primer on an S-400 column and desalting on a P10 column, 1 μ l of the sample is amplified again for 25 cycles under the same conditions with the following primer pair:

Sense primer: CAGGCCCACTTGCTGCC (position 25 to 32, Figure 13)
Antisense primer: CTGTCCCCAAGCTGATGAG (position 506 to 488, Figure 13).

25 The amplified products are subjected to electrophoresis on a 1% agarose gel (Figure 19-A).

2) Digestion with the restriction enzyme StyI

30 The samples are desalted beforehand on a P10 column and then digested with the restriction enzyme StyI (BRL 15442-015) in the buffer of the following composition: 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8, 100 mM NaCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, at 37°C for 30 min. The digestion products are analysed by electrophoresis on a 1% agarose gel (TAE buffer). Visualization is carried out by ethidium bromide

staining (Figure 19-B).

A band of 482 base pairs characterizes the G⁻³⁰/C⁻²⁰ allele (Figures 13 and 19). The presence of a band of 376 base pairs and a band of 106 base pairs 5 characterize the A⁻³⁰/T⁻²⁰ allele (allele possessing a StyI cleavage site).

On the population of 10 persons, 2 persons exhibit the G⁻³⁰/C⁻²⁰ and A⁻³⁰/T⁻²⁰ alleles, the other 8 persons being homozygous with the G⁻³⁰/C⁻²⁰ allele. The 10 study of a fresh population of 9 persons demonstrated 3 heterozygous persons exhibiting the G⁻³⁰/C⁻²⁰ and A⁻³⁰/T⁻²⁰ alleles, the other 6 persons being homozygous for the G⁻³⁰/C⁻²⁰ allele.

EXAMPLE XII

15 Test of reversion of transformation of the line SK-N-AS by transfection with SR-p70 cDNA

The expression vector used is described in EXAMPLE II.5 and shown diagrammatically in Figure 15. The method used is the so-called calcium phosphate method 20 described by Graham et al. (Virology 1973, 54, 2, 536-539). The line is inoculated in the proportion of 5 × 10⁵ cells per dish 6 cm in diameter in 5 ml of the medium described in Example I.1. The cells are cultured at 37°C and with 5% CO₂ overnight. The transfection 25 medium is prepared in the following manner: the following mixture is prepared by adding, in order, 1 ml of HEBS buffer (8 mg/ml NaCl, 370 µg/ml KCl, 125 µg/ml Na₂HPO₄·2H₂O, 1 mg/ml dextrose, 5 mg/ml Hepes pH 7.05), 10 µg of the plasmid to be transfected and 50 µl of 2.5 M CaCl₂ added dropwise. The transfection medium is left for 30 min at room temperature and then added dropwise to the medium contained in the culture dish. The cells are incubated for 5 to 6 hours at 37°C/5% CO₂. After the 35 medium is aspirated off, 5 ml of fresh medium containing 2% of foetal bovine serum are added. After 48 hours at 37°C/5% CO₂, the cells are rinsed with PBS, detached by trypsinization, diluted in 10 ml of culture medium (5%

foetal bovine serum) and plated out in a dish 10 cm in diameter (the dilution may be adjusted in accordance with the efficiency of transfection). After a further incubation for 10 hours (the time for the cells to adhere), the cells are subjected to selection by adding G418 at a final concentration of 600 µg/ml Geneticin equivalent for 15 to 21 days (the medium is changed every day). The clones obtained are then rinsed with PBS, fixed in 70% ethanol, dried, stained with 1% crystal violet and then counted.

Four plasmid transfections were carried out in duplicate:

- plasmid pCDNA3 without insert
- plasmid pCDNA3/SR-p70 containing human SR-p70a cDNA
- plasmid pCDNA3/SR-p70 Mut containing SR-p70a cDNA possessing a mutation at position 293 AA (R → H) which is analogous to the mutation 273 (R → H) in the DNA-binding domain of p53
- control without plasmid.

The result is expressed as the number of clones per dish.

	Experiment 1	Experiment 2	Mean
pCDNA3	172	353	262
pCDNA3/SR-p70	13	8	10
pCDNA3/SR-p70 Mut	92	87	89
Absence of plasmid	1	3	2

The number of clones obtained by transfection with plasmid pCDNA3/SR-p70 is 25-fold less than the number of clones obtained with the control pCDNA3 and 9-fold less than the number of clones obtained with pCDNA3/SR-p70 Mut, indicating a mortality or an arrest of cell division of the cells transfected with SR-p70 cDNA. This result is not the consequence of a toxicity in view of the clones obtained with the mutated SR-p70 cDNA, but probably of an apoptosis as has been demonstrated for the

p53 protein (Koshland et al., Sciences, 1993, 262, 1953-1981).

EXAMPLE XIII

Biological role of the SR-p70 protein

5 The structural homology between the DNA-binding domain of p53 and the central region of the SR-p70 protein enables it to be inferred that SR-p70 is a transcription factor (see Figures 1 and 2). In effect, p53 (393 amino acids) consists of several functional 10 domains. The N-terminal region (1-91 amino acids) is involved in the activation of transcription, and contains sites for interaction with different cellular and viral proteins. The central portion (amino acids 92 to 292) permits binding to the specific DNA sequences located in 15 the promoter regions of certain genes (the majority of point mutations that inactivate p53 are localized in this region), and also possesses numerous sites for interaction with viral proteins which inhibit its activity. Finally, the last 100 amino acids of p53 are 20 responsible for its oligomerization as well as for the regulation of the latter (Hainaut P., Current Opinion in Oncology, 1995, 7, 76-82; Prokocimer M., Blood, 1994, 84 No. 8, 2391-2411).

25 The sequence homology between p53 and SR-p70 is significant, in particular as regards the amino acids involved directly in the interaction with DNA, suggesting that SR-p70 binds to the p53 sites on DNA. These amino acids correspond very exactly to what are referred to as the "hot spots", amino acids frequently mutated in human 30 tumours (SWISS PROT: SW: P53_human and Prokocimer M., Blood, 1994, 84 No. 8, 2391-2411). From this homology, it may be deduced that the SR-p70 protein exerts a control over the activity of the genes regulated by p53, either independently of the latter or by forming heterooligomers 35 with it.

Consequently, like p53, the products of the SR-p70 gene must be involved in the control and regulation

of the cell cycle, causing the cycle to stop (momentarily or permanently), and the implementation of programmes such as DNA repair, differentiation or cell death. The likelihood of the existence of "p53-like" activities had
5 been strongly felt with the demonstration in p53^{-/-} mice of activities of DNA repair and cell death in response to ionizing radiations (Strasser et al., Cell, 1994, 79, 329-339). The authors of the present invention have localized the human SR-p70 gene in the telomeric region
10 of the short arm of chromosome 1, precisely at 1p36.2-36.3, the smallest deleted region (SRO) common to a majority of neuroblastomas and of other types of tumours (melanomas and sarcomas) (White et al., PNAS, 1995, 92, 5520-5524). This region of loss of heterozygosity (LOH)
15 defines the locus of a tumour-suppressing gene whose loss of activity is considered to be the cause of tumour formation. It is important to recall that this region is also subject to "maternal imprinting"; the maternal allele is preferentially lost in neuroblastomas having
20 the 1p36 deletion (without amplification of N-Myc) (Caron et al., Hum. Mol. Gen., 1995, 4, 535-539). The wide-type SR-p70 gene introduced into neuroblastoma cells and expressed therein permits the reversion of their transformation. The loss of this anti-oncogenic activity is
25 hence associated with the development of the tumour. The 1p36 region possesses a syngeneic homology with the distal segment of the mouse chromosome 4. In this region, the curly tail (ct) gene (Beier et al., Mammalian Genome, 1995, 6, 269-272) involved in congenital malformations of
30 the neural tube (NTM: spina bifida, anencephaly, etc). The ct mouse is the best animal model for studying these malformations. It is accepted that these malformations result from abnormalities of cell proliferation. Bearing in mind the nature of the SR-p70 gene and its chromosomal
35 localization, one of the hypotheses is that SR-p70 could be the human homologue of ct and that, on this basis, the detection of early mutations and chromosomal abnormalities affecting this gene should permit, for example, as an application, the identification of persons

at risk (0.5-1% of newborn babies affected by NTM) and the implementation of preventive treatments (Neumann et al., *Nature Genetics*, 1994, 6, 357-362; Di Vinci et al., *Int. J. Cancer*, 1994, 59, 422-426; Moll et al., *PNAS*, 1995, 92, 4407-4411; Chen et al., *Development*, 1995, 121, 681-691).

EXAMPLE XIV

Allelic study of the SR-p70 gene

The GC and AT alleles are readily identified by StyI restriction of the PCR products of exon 2 (see Example XI). Hence it was possible to determine in this way, in GC/AT heterozygous individuals bearing neuroblastoma tumours, the lost SR-p70 allele (GC or AT), in spite of the presence of contaminating healthy tissue.

Surprisingly, when the same analysis is carried out on the RNA, a single allele is demonstrated independently of the presence or otherwise of a deletion and, still more surprisingly, in spite of the presence of healthy tissue. This suggests that the imprint (differential expression of the two alleles) would also exist in the contaminating tissue.

In order to verify this, the same analysis was repeated on the RNA originating from blood cells of healthy GC/AT heterozygous individuals. Only one of the two types of transcript was detected also in these cells. This result confirms the observation made on the tumour samples regarding the existence of a generalized genetic imprint for the SR-p70 gene.

The implications of this discovery are important, since it enables it to be postulated that a single sporadic mutation inactivating the active SR-p70 allele will give rise to a loss of activity, this potentially occurring in all the tissues.

The absence of precise data on the biological function of SR-p70 does not enable the consequences of this loss of SR-p70 activity for the cell to be measured.

Nevertheless, its strong homology with the p53 tumour-suppressing protein, as well as the demonstration that SR-p70 is a transcription factor capable of utilizing the P21^{waf} promoter, suggests a role of this protein in the 5 control of the cell cycle and in differentiation.

Knudson and Meadows, 1980 (New Eng. J. Med. 302: 1254-56), consider the IV-S neuroblastomas to be a collection of non-malignant cells from the neural crest carrying a mutation which interferes with their normal 10 differentiation.

It is conceivable that the loss of SR-p70 activity, like the loss of p53 control over the cell cycle, favours the appearance of cellular abnormalities such as aneuploidy, amplification (described in the case 15 of neuroblastomas) and other genetic reorganizations capable of causing cell transformation (Livingstone et al., 1992, Cell 71:923-25; Yin et al. 1992, Cell 72:937-48; Cross et al. 1995, Science 267:1353-56; Fukasawa et al. 1996, Science 271:1744-47). Neuroblastomas might 20 hence arise originally from a temporary or permanent loss of activity of SR-p70, thereby favouring the occurrence of oncogenic events and hence tumour progression.

In the case of the 1p36 constitutional deletion described by Biegel et al., 1993 (Am. J. Hum. Genet. 52:176-82), IV-S neuroblastoma does indeed occur and the 25 gene affected is NBS-1 (SR-p70).

In conclusion, what is described for neuroblastomas might also apply to other types of 30 tumours, in particular those associated with reorganization of the end of the short arm of chromosome 1 (Report 2 international workshop on human chr 1 mapping 1995, Cytogenetics and Cell Genet. 72:113-154). From a therapeutic standpoint, the involvement of SR-p70 in the occurrence of tumours should lead to the avoidance of the 35 use of mutagenic agents in chemotherapy, bearing in mind the risks of cell transformation by these products, and to the use, in preference to these products, of non-mutagenic substances which stimulate differentiation.

Moreover, the frequency of occurrence of the GC

and AT alleles is as follows: in the population, Frequency(AT)=0.15, and on a sample of 25 (neuroblastoma) patients, $F(AT)=0.30$. These statistics indicate that the AT allele could be a predisposing factor.

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(1) APPLICANT:

- (A) NAME: sanofi
- (B) STREET: 32-34 rue Marbeuf
- (C) CITY: PARIS
- (E) COUNTRY: FRANCE
- (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): 75008
- (G) TELEPHONE: 01 53 77 40 00
- (H) TELEFAX: 01 53 77 41 33

(11) TITLE OF INVENTION: SR-p70

(111) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 40

(1V) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

- (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
- (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
- (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
- (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2874 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(v1) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Cebus apella

(1x) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 156..2066

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

TGCCTCCCCG	CCCGCGCACC	CGCCCCGAGG	CCTGTGCTCC	TGCGAAGGGG	ACGCAGCGAA	60
GCGGGGGCCC	GCGCCAGGCC	GGCCGGGACG	GACGCCGATG	CCCGGAGCTG	CGACGGCTGC	120
AGAGCGAGCT	GCCCTCGGAG	GCCGGTGTGA	GGAAG	ATG	GCC CAG TCC ACC ACC	173
				Met	Ala Gln Ser Thr Thr	
				1	5	
ACC	TCC	CCC	GAT	GGG	GGC ACC ACG TTT	221
Thr	Ser	Pro	Asp	Gly	Gly Thr Thr Phe	
10	15	10	15	10	15	20
GAA	CCA	GAC	AGC	ACC	TAC	269
Glu	Pro	Asp	Ser	Thr	Tyr	
25	30	25	30	25	30	35
AAT	GAG	GTG	GTG	GGT	GGC ACG	317
Asn	Glu	Val	Val	Gly	Gly Thr Asp Ser	
40	45	40	45	40	45	50
GAG	GGC	ATG	ACC	ACA	TCT	365
Glu	Gly	Met	Thr	Thr	Ser	
55	60	55	60	55	60	65
ACC	ATG	GAC	CAG	ATG	AGC CGC	413
Thr	Met	Asp	Gln	Met	Ser Ser Arg	
75	80	75	80	75	80	85

CCG GAG CAC GCC GCC AGC GTG CCC ACC CAT TCA CCC TAC GCA CAG CCC Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro 90 95 100	461
AGC TCC ACC TTC GAC ACC ATG TCG CCC GCG CCT GTC ATC CCC TCC AAC Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn 105 110 115	509
ACC GAC TAT CCC GGA CCC CAC CAC TTC GAG GTC ACT TTC CAG CAG TCC Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu Val Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser 120 125 130	557
AGC ACG GCC AAG TCA GCC ACC TGG ACG TAC TCC CCA CTC TTG AAG AAA Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys 135 140 145 150	605
CTC TAC TGC CAG ATC GCC AAG ACA TGC CCC ATC CAG ATC AAG GTG TCC Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro Ile Gln Ile Lys Val Ser 155 160 165	653
GCC CCA CCG CCC CCG GGC ACC GCC ATC CGG GCC ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG Ala Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg Ala Met Pro Val Tyr Lys 170 175 180	701
AAG GCG GAG CAC GTG ACC GAC ATC GTG AAG CGC TGC CCC AAC CAC GAG Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Ile Val Lys Arg Cys Pro Asn His Glu 185 190 195	749
CTC GGG AGG GAC TTC AAC GAA GGA CAG TCT GCC CCA GCC AGC CAC CTC Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser Ala Pro Ala Ser His Leu 200 205 210	797
ATC CGT GTG GAA GGC AAT AAT CTC TCG CAG TAT GTG GAC GAC CCT GTC Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln Tyr Val Asp Asp Pro Val 215 220 225 230	845
ACC GGC AGG CAG AGC GTC GTG GTG CCC TAT GAG CCA CCA CAG GTG GGG Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr Glu Pro Pro Gln Val Gly 235 240 245	893
ACA GAA TTC ACC ACC ATC CTG TAC AAC TTC ATG TGT AAC AGC AGC AGC TGT Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe Met Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys 250 255 260	941
GTG GGG GGC ATG AAC CGA CGG CCC ATC CTC ATC ATC ACC CTG GAG Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu Ile Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu 265 270 275	989
ACG CGG GAT GGG CAG GTG CTG GGC CGC CGG TCC TTC GAG GGC CGC ATC Thr Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile 280 285 290	1037
TGC GCC TGT CCT GGC CGC GAC CGA AAA GCC GAT GAG GAC CAC TAC CGG Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala Asp Glu Asp His Tyr Arg 295 300 305 310	1085
GAG CAG CAG GCC TTG AAT GAG AGC TCC GCC AAG AAC GGG GCT GCC AGC Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser 315 320 325	1133
AAG CGC GCC TTC AAG CAG AGT CCC CCT GCC GTC CCC GCC CTG GGC CCG Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala Val Pro Ala Leu Gly Pro 330 335 340	1181
GGT GTG AAG AAG CGG CGG CAC GGA GAC GAG GAC AGC TAC TAC CTG CAG Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln 345 350 355	1229
GTG CGA GGC CGC GAG AAC TTC GAG ATC CTG ATG AAG CTG AAG GAG AGC Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu Met Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser 360 365 370	1277

CTG GAG CTG ATG GAG TTG GTG CCG CAG CCG CTG GTA GAC TCC TAT CGG Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro Leu Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg 375 380 385 390	1325
CAG CAG CAG CAG CTC CTA CAG AGG CCG AGT CAC CTA CAG CCC CCA TCC Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser 395 400 405	1373
TAC GGG CCG GTC CTC TCG CCC ATG AAC AAG GTG CAC GGG GGC GTG AAC Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys Val His Gly Gly Val Asn 410 415 420	1421
AAG CTG CCC TCC GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG CCT CCC CCG CAC AGC Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser 425 430 435	1469
TCG GCA GCT ACA CCC AAC CTG GGA CCT GTG GGC TCT GGG ATG CTC AAC Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val Gly Ser Gly Met Leu Asn 440 445 450	1517
AAC CAC GGC CAC GCA GTG CCA GCC AAC AGC GAG ATG ACC AGC AGC CAC Asn His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Ser Glu Met Thr Ser Ser His 455 460 465 470	1565
GGC ACC CAG TCC ATG GTC TCG GGG TCC CAC TGC ACT CCG CCA CCC CCC Gly Thr Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro 475 480 485	1613
TAC CAC GCC GAC CCC AGC CTC GTC AGT TTT TTA ACA GGA TTG GGG TGT Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser Phe Leu Thr Gly Leu Gly Cys 490 495 500	1661
CCA AAC TGC ATC GAG TAT TTC ACG TCC CAG GGG TTA CAG AGC ATT TAC Pro Asn Cys Ile Glu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Gln Gly Leu Gln Ser Ile Tyr 505 510 515	1709
CAC CTG CAG AAC CTG ACC ATC GAG GAC CTG GGG GCC CTG AAG ATC CCC His Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu Gly Ala Leu Lys Ile Pro 520 525 530	1757
GAG CAG TAT CGC ATG ACC ATC TGG CGG GGC CTG CAG GAC CTG AAG CAG Glu Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly Leu Gln Asp Leu Lys Gln 535 540 545 550	1805
GGC CAC GAC TAC GGC GCC GCG CAG CAG CTG CTC CGC TCC AGC AAC Gly His Asp Tyr Gly Ala Ala Ala Gln Gln Leu Leu Arg Ser Ser Asn 555 560 565	1853
GCG GCC GCC ATT TCC ATC GGC GGC TCC GGG GAG CTG CAG CGC CAG CGG Ala Ala Ala Ile Ser Ile Gly Ser Gly Glu Leu Gln Arg Gln Arg 570 575 580	1901
GTC ATG GAG GCC GTG CAC TTC CGC GTG CGC CAC ACC ATC ACC ATC CCC Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His Thr Ile Thr Ile Pro 585 590 595	1949
AAC CGC GGC CCC GGC GCC GGC CCC GAC GAG TGG GCG GAC TTC GGC Asn Arg Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Gly Pro Asp Glu Trp Ala Asp Phe Gly 600 605 610	1997
TTC GAC CTG CCC GAC TGC AAG GCC CGC AAG CAG CCC ATC AAG GAG GAG Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ala Arg Lys Gln Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu 615 620 625 630	2045
TTC ACG GAG GCC GAG ATC CAC TGAGGGGCCG GGCCCAGCCA GAGCCTGTGC Phe Thr Glu Ala Glu Ile His 635	2096
CACCGCCCCAG AGACCCAGGC CGCCTCGCTC TCCTTCCTGT GTCCAAAAGT GCCTCCGGAG	2156
GCAGGGCCTC CAGGCTGTGC CGGGGGAAAG GCAAGGTCCG GCCCATGCC CGGCACCTCA	2216

CCGGCCCCAG GAGAGGCCA GCCACCAAAG CCGCCTGCGG ACAGCCTGAG TCACCTGCAG	2276
AACCTTCTGG AGCTGCCCTA ATGCTGGGCT TGCGGGGAG GGGCCGGCCC ACTCTCAGCC	2336
CTGCCACTGC CGGGCGTGCT CCATGGCAGG CGTGGGTGGG GACCGCAGTG TCAGCTCCGA	2396
CCTCCAGGCC TCATCCTAGA GACTCTGTCA TCTGCCGATC AAGCAAGGTC CTTCCAGAGG	2456
AAAGAATCCT CTTCGCTGGT GGACTGCCAA AAAGTATTTT GCGACATCTT TTGGTCTGG	2516
AGAGTGGTGA GCAGCCAAGC GACTGTGTCT GAAACACCGT GCATTTCAAG GGAATGTCCC	2576
TAACGGGCTG GGGACTCTCT CTGCTGGACT TGGGAGTGGC CTTTGCCCCC AGCACACTGT	2636
ATTCTGCGGG ACCGCCTCCT TCCTGCCCT AACAAACCACC AAAGTGTTCG TGAAATTGGA	2696
GAAAACCTGGG GAAGGGCGCAA CCCCTCCAG GTGCAGGAAG CATCTGGTAC CGCCTCGGCC	2756
AGTGCCCTC AGCCTGGCCA CAGTCACCTC TCCTGGGAA ACCCTGGCA GAAAGGGACA	2816
GCCTGTCCCT AGAGGACCGG AAATTGTCAA TATTGATAA AATGATAACCC TTTTCTAC	2874

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 637 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

Met Ala Gln Ser Thr Thr Thr Ser Pro Asp Gly Gly Thr Thr Phe Glu	
1 5 10 15	
His Leu Trp Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro Asp Ser Thr Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro	
20 25 30	
Gln Ser Ser Arg Gly Asn Asn Glu Val Val Gly Gly Thr Asp Ser Ser	
35 40 45	
Met Asp Val Phe His Leu Glu Gly Met Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ala Gln	
50 55 60	
Phe Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Met Asp Gln Met Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala	
65 70 75 80	
Ser Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His	
85 90 95	
Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala	
100 105 110	
Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu	
115 120 125	
Val Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr	
130 135 140	
Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro	
145 150 155 160	
Ile Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Ala Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg	
165 170 175	
Ala Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Ile Val Lys	
180 185 190	
Arg Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser	

195	200	205
Ala Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln		
210	215	220
Tyr Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr		
225	230	235
240		
Glu Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe		
245	250	255
Met Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu		
260	265	270
Ile Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Thr Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg		
275	280	285
Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Arg Lys Ala		
290	295	300
Asp Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala		
305	310	315
320		
Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala		
325	330	335
Val Pro Ala Leu Gly Pro Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu		
340	345	350
Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu		
355	360	365
Met Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro		
370	375	380
Leu Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser		
385	390	395
400		
His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys		
405	410	415
Val His Gly Gly Val Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly		
420	425	430
Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val		
435	440	445
Gly Ser Gly Met Leu Asn Asn His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Ser		
450	455	460
Glu Met Thr Ser Ser His Gly Thr Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His		
465	470	475
480		
Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser Phe		
485	490	495
Leu Thr Gly Leu Gly Cys Pro Asn Cys Ile Glu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Gln		
500	505	510
Gly Leu Gln Ser Ile Tyr His Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu		
515	520	525
Gly Ala Leu Lys Ile Pro Glu Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly		
530	535	540
Leu Gln Asp Leu Lys Gln Gly His Asp Tyr Gly Ala Ala Ala Gln Gln		
545	550	555
560		
Leu Leu Arg Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly		
565	570	575
Glu Leu Gln Arg Gln Arg Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg		

580	585	590
His Thr Ile Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Gly Pro Asp		
595	600	605
Glu Trp Ala Asp Phe Gly Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ala Arg Lys		
610	615	620
Gln Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Phe Thr Glu Ala Glu Ile His		
625	630	635

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2034 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(v1) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Cebus apella

(1x) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 156..1652

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

TGCCTCCCCG CCCGCACC CGCCCCGAGG CCTGTGCTCC TGCAGGGGG ACGCAGCGAA	60
GGCGGGGCC GCGCCAGGCC GGCCGGGACG GACGCCGATG CCCGGAGCTG CGACGGCTGC	120
AGAGCGAGCT GCCCTCGGAG GCCGGTGTGA GGAAG ATG GCC CAG TCC ACC ACC	173
Met Ala Gln Ser Thr Thr	
1 5	
ACC TCC CCC GAT GGG GGC ACC ACG TTT GAG CAC CTC TGG AGC TCT CTG	221
Thr Ser Pro Asp Gly Thr Thr Phe Glu His Leu Trp Ser Ser Leu	
10 15 20	
GAA CCA GAC ACC TAC TTC GAC CTT CCC CAG TCA AGC CGG GGG AAT	269
Glu Pro Asp Ser Thr Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro Gln Ser Ser Arg Gly Asn	
25 30 35	
AAT GAG GTG GTG GGT GGC ACG GAT TCC AGC ATG GAC GTC TTC CAC CTA	317
Asn Glu Val Val Gly Thr Asp Ser Ser Met Asp Val Phe His Leu	
40 45 50	
GAG GGC ATG ACC ACA TCT GTC ATG GCC CAG TTC AAT TTG CTG AGC AGC	365
Glu Gly Met Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ala Gln Phe Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser	
55 60 65 70	
ACC ATG GAC CAG ATG AGC AGC CGC GCT GCC TCG GCC AGC CCG TAC ACC	413
Thr Met Asp Gln Met Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala Ser Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr	
75 80 85	
CCG GAG CAC GCC GCC AGC GTG CCC ACC CAT TCA CCC TAC GCA CAG CCC	461
Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro	
90 95 100	
AGC TCC ACC TTC GAC ACC ATG TCG CCC GCG CCT GTC ATC CCC TCC AAC	509
Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn	
105 110 115	
ACC GAC TAT CCC GGA CCC CAC CAC TTC GAG GTC ACT TTC CAG CAG TCC	557
Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu Val Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser	
120 125 130	
AGC ACG GCC AAG TCA GCC ACC TGG ACG TAC TCC CCA CTC TTG AAG AAA	605

Ser	Thr	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ala	Thr	Trp	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Leu	Leu	Lys	Lys	
135						140				145				150		
CTC	TAC	TGC	CAG	ATC	GCC	AAG	ACA	TGC	CCC	ATC	CAG	ATC	AAG	GTG	TCC	653
Leu	Tyr	Cys	Gln	Ile	Ala	Lys	Thr	Cys	Pro	Ile	Gln	Ile	Lys	Val	Ser	
155								160						165		
GCC	CCA	CCG	CCC	CCG	GGC	ACC	GCC	ATC	CGG	GCC	ATG	CCT	GTC	TAC	AAG	701
Ala	Pro	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ile	Arg	Ala	Met	Pro	Val	Tyr	Lys	
170								175						180		
AAG	GCG	GAG	CAC	GTG	ACC	GAC	ATC	GTG	AAG	CGC	TGC	CCC	AAC	CAC	GAG	749
Lys	Ala	Glu	His	Val	Thr	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asn	His	Glu	
185								190						195		
CTC	GGG	AGG	GAC	TTC	AAC	GAA	GGA	CAG	TCT	GCC	CCA	GCC	AGC	CAC	CTC	797
Leu	Gly	Arg	Asp	Phe	Asn	Glu	Gly	Gln	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ala	Ser	His	Leu	
200								205						210		
ATC	CGT	GTG	GAA	GGC	AAT	AAT	CTC	TCG	CAG	TAT	GTG	GAC	GAC	CCT	GTC	845
Ile	Arg	Val	Glu	Gly	Asn	Asn	Leu	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Val	Asp	Asp	Pro	Val	
215							220			225				230		
ACC	GGC	AGG	CAG	AGC	GTC	GTG	CCC	TAT	GAG	CCA	CCA	CAG	GTG	GGG		893
Thr	Gly	Arg	Gln	Ser	Val	Val	Val	Pro	Tyr	Glu	Pro	Pro	Gln	Val	Gly	
235							240			245						
ACA	GAA	TTC	ACC	ACC	ATC	CTG	TAC	AAC	TTC	ATG	TGT	AAC	AGC	AGC	TGT	941
Thr	Glu	Phe	Thr	Thr	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Met	Cys	Asn	Ser	Ser	Cys	
250							255			260						
GTG	GGG	GGC	ATG	AAC	CGA	CGG	CCC	ATC	CTC	ATC	ATC	ATC	ACC	CTG	GAG	989
Val	Gly	Gly	Met	Asn	Arg	Arg	Pro	Ile	Leu	Ile	Ile	Ile	Ile	Thr	Leu	Glu
265							270			275						
ACG	CGG	GAT	GGG	CAG	GTG	CTG	GGC	CGC	CGG	TCC	TTC	GAG	GGC	CGC	ATC	1037
Thr	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gln	Val	Leu	Gly	Arg	Arg	Ser	Phe	Glu	Gly	Arg	Ile	
280							285			290						
TGC	GCC	TGT	CCT	GGC	CGC	GAC	CGA	AAA	GCC	GAT	GAG	GAC	CAC	TAC	CGG	1085
Cys	Ala	Cys	Pro	Gly	Arg	Asp	Arg	Lys	Ala	Asp	Glu	Asp	His	Tyr	Arg	
295							300			305				310		
GAG	CAG	CAG	GCC	TTG	AAT	GAG	AGC	TCC	GCC	AAG	AAC	GGG	GCT	GCC	AGC	1133
Glu	Gln	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asn	Glu	Ser	Ser	Ala	Lys	Asn	Gly	Ala	Ala	Ser	
315							320			325						
AAG	CGC	GCC	TTC	AAG	CAG	AGT	CCC	CCT	GCC	GTC	CCC	GCC	CTG	GGC	CCG	1181
Lys	Arg	Ala	Phe	Lys	Gln	Ser	Pro	Pro	Ala	Val	Pro	Ala	Leu	Gly	Pro	
330							335			340						
GGT	GTG	AAG	AAG	CGG	CGG	CAC	GGA	GAC	GAG	GAC	ACG	TAC	TAC	CTG	CAG	1229
Gly	Val	Lys	Lys	Arg	Arg	His	Gly	Asp	Glu	Asp	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Gln	
345							350			355						
GTG	CGA	GGC	CGC	GAG	AAC	TTC	GAG	ATC	CTG	ATG	AAG	CTG	AAG	GAG	AGC	1277
Val	Arg	Gly	Arg	Glu	Asn	Phe	Glu	Ile	Leu	Met	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ser	
360							365			370						
CTG	GAG	CTG	ATG	GAG	TTG	GTG	CCG	CCG	CTG	GTA	GAC	TCC	TAT	CGG		1325
Leu	Glu	Leu	Met	Glu	Leu	Val	Pro	Gln	Pro	Leu	Val	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Arg	
375							380			385				390		
CAG	CAG	CAG	CAG	CTC	CTA	CAG	AGG	CCG	AGT	CAC	CTA	CAG	CCC	CCA	TCC	1373
Gln	Gln	Gln	Gln	Leu	Leu	Gln	Arg	Pro	Ser	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Pro	Ser	
395							400			405						
TAC	GGG	CCG	GTC	CTC	TCG	CCC	ATG	AAC	AAG	GTG	CAC	GGG	GGC	GTG	AAC	1421
Tyr	Gly	Pro	Val	Leu	Ser	Pro	Met	Asn	Lys	Val	His	Gly	Gly	Val	Asn	
410							415			420						
AAG	CTG	CCC	TCC	GTC	AAC	CAG	CTG	GTG	GGC	CAG	CCT	CCC	CCG	CAC	AGC	1469

Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser			
425	430	435	
TCG GCA GCT ACA CCC AAC CTG GGA CCT GTG GGC TCT GGG ATG CTC AAC			1517
Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val Gly Ser Gly Met Leu Asn			
440	445	450	
AAC CAC GGC CAC GCA GTG CCA GCC AAC AGC GAG ATG ACC AGC AGC CAC			1565
Asn His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Ser Glu Met Thr Ser Ser His			
455	460	465	470
GGC ACC CAG TCC ATG GTC TCG GGG TCC CAC TGC ACT CCG CCA CCC CCC			1613
Gly Thr Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro			
475	480	485	
TAC CAC GCC GAC CCC AGC CTC GTC AGG ACC TGG GGG CCC TGAAGATCCC			1662
Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Arg Thr Trp Gly Pro			
490	495		
CGAGCAGTAT CGCATGACCA TCTGGCGGGG CCTGCAGGAC CTGAAGCAGG GCCACGACTA			1722
CGCGCGCCGC GCGCAGCAGC TGCTCCGCTC CAGCAACGCG GCCGCCATT CCATCGGCCGG			1782
CTCCGGGGAG CTGCAGCGCC AGCGGGTCAT GGAGGCCGTG CACTTCCGCG TGCGCCACAC			1842
CATCACCATC CCCAACCGCG GCGGCCCCGG CGCCGGCCCC GACGAGTGGG CGGACTTCGG			1902
CTTCGACCTG CCCGACTGCA AGGCCCCGAA GCAGCCCATC AAGGAGGAGT TCACGGAGGC			1962
CGAGATCCAC TGAGGGGCCG GGCCCAGCCA GAGCCTGTGC CACCGCCAG AGACCCAGGC			2022
CGCCTCGCTC TC			2034

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 499 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

Met Ala Gln Ser Thr Thr Ser Pro Asp Gly Gly Thr Thr Phe Glu			
1	5	10	15
His Leu Trp Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro Asp Ser Thr Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro			
20	25	30	
Gln Ser Ser Arg Gly Asn Asn Glu Val Val Gly Gly Thr Asp Ser Ser			
35	40	45	
Met Asp Val Phe His Leu Glu Gly Met Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ala Gln			
50	55	60	
Phe Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Met Asp Gln Met Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala			
65	70	75	80
Ser Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His			
85	90	95	
Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala			
100	105	110	
Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu			
115	120	125	
Val Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr			
130	135	140	

Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Ile Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Ala Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg
 165 170 175
 Ala Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Ile Val Lys
 180 185 190
 Arg Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser
 195 200 205
 Ala Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln
 210 215 220
 Tyr Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe
 245 250 255
 Met Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu
 260 265 270
 Ile Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Thr Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg
 275 280 285
 Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala
 290 295 300
 Asp Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala
 325 330 335
 Val Pro Ala Leu Gly Pro Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu
 340 345 350
 Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu
 355 360 365
 Met Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro
 370 375 380
 Leu Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser
 385 390 395 400
 His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys
 405 410 415
 Val His Gly Gly Val Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly
 420 425 430
 Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val
 435 440 445
 Gly Ser Gly Met Leu Asn Asn His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Ser
 450 455 460
 Glu Met Thr Ser Ser His Gly Thr Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His
 465 470 475 480
 Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Arg Thr
 485 490 495
 Trp Gly Pro

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2156 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 33..1940

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

GCGAGCTGCC	CTCGGAGGCC	GGCGTGGGGA	AG ATG GCC CAG TCC ACC GCC ACC	53
			Met Ala Gln Ser Thr Ala Thr	
			1 5	
TCC CCT GAT GGG GGC ACC ACG TTT GAG CAC CTC TGG AGC TCT CTG GAA				101
Ser Pro Asp Gly Thr Thr Phe Glu His Leu Trp Ser Ser Leu Glu				
10 15 20				
CCA GAC AGC ACC TAC TTC GAC CTT CCC CAG TCA AGC CGG GGG AAT AAT				149
Pro Asp Ser Thr Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro Gln Ser Ser Arg Gly Asn Asn				
25 30 35				
GAG GTG GTG GGC GGA ACG GAT TCC AGC ATG GAC GTC TTC CAC CTG GAG				197
Glu Val Val Gly Thr Asp Ser Ser Met Asp Val Phe His Leu Glu				
40 45 50 55				
GGC ATG ACT ACA TCT GTC ATG GCC CAG TTC AAT CTG CTG AGC AGC ACC				245
Gly Met Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ala Gln Phe Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr				
60 65 70				
ATG GAC CAG ATG AGC AGC CGC GCG GCC TCG GCC AGC CCC TAC ACC CCA				293
Met Asp Gln Met Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala Ser Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro				
75 80 85				
GAG CAC GCC AGC GTG CCC ACC CAC TCG CCC TAC GCA CAA CCC AGC				341
Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser				
90 95 100				
TCC ACC TTC GAC ACC ATG TCG CCG GCG CCT GTC ATC CCC TCC AAC ACC				389
Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr				
105 110 115				
GAC TAC CCC GGA CCC CAC CAC TTT GAG GTC ACT TTC CAG CAG TCC AGC				437
Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu Val Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser				
120 125 130 135				
ACG GCC AAG TCA GCC ACC TGG ACG TAC TCC CCG CTC TTG AAG AAA CTC				485
Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu				
140 145 150				
TAC TGC CAG ATC GCC AAG ACA TGC CCC ATC CAG ATC AAG GTG TCC ACC				533
Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro Ile Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Thr				
155 160 165				
CCG CCA CCC CCA GGC ACT GCC ATC CGG GCC ATG CCT GTT TAC AAG AAA				581
Pro Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg Ala Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys				
170 175 180				
GCG GAG CAC GTG ACC GAC GTC GTG AAA CGC TGC CCC AAC CAC GAG CTC				629
Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Val Val Lys Arg Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu				
185 190 195				
GGG AGG GAC TTC AAC GAA GGA CAG TCT GCT CCA GCC AGC CAC CTC ATC				677
Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser Ala Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile				
200 205 210 215				

CGC GTG GAA GGC AAT AAT CTC TCG CAG TAT GTG GAT GAC CCT GTC ACC Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln Tyr Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr 220 225 230	725
GGC AGG CAG AGC GTC GTG GTG CCC TAT GAG CCA CCA CAG GTG GGG ACG Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr Glu Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr 235 240 245	773
GAA TTC ACC ACC ATC CTG TAC AAC TTC ATG TGT AAC AGC AGC TGT GTA Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe Met Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val 250 255 260	821
GGG GCC ATG AAC CGG CGG CCC ATC CTC ATC ATC ATC ACC CTG GAG ATG Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Met 265 270 275	869
CGG GAT GGG CAG GTG CTG GGC CGC CGG TCC TTT GAG GGC CGC ATC TGC Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys 280 285 290 295	917
GCC TGT CCT GGC CGC GAC CGA AAA GCT GAT GAG GAC CAC TAC CGG GAG Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala Asp Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu 300 305 310	965
CAG CAG GCC CTG AAC GAG AGC TCC GCC AAG AAC GGG GCC GCC AGC AAG Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys 315 320 325	1013
CGT GCC TTC AAG CAG AGC CCC CCT GCC GTC CCC GCC CTT GGT GCC GGT Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala Val Pro Ala Leu Gly Ala Gly 330 335 340	1061
GTG AAG AAG CGG CGG CAT GGA GAC GAG GAC ACG TAC TAC CTT CAG GTG Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Val 345 350 355	1109
CGA GGC CGG GAG AAC TTT GAG ATC CTG ATG AAG CTG AAA GAG AGC CTG Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu Met Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu 360 365 370 375	1157
GAG CTG ATG GAG TTG GTG CCG CAG CCA CTG GTG GAC TCC TAT CGG CAG Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro Leu Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln 380 385 390	1205
CAG CAG CAG CTC CTA CAG AGG CCG AGT CAC CTA CAG CCC CCG TCC TAC Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr 395 400 405	1253
GGG CCG GTC CTC TCG CCC ATG AAC AAG GTG CAC GGG GGC ATG AAC AAG Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys Val His Gly Gly Met Asn Lys 410 415 420	1301
CTG CCC TCC GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG CCT CCC CCG CAC AGT TCG Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser 425 430 435	1349
GCA GCT ACA CCC AAC CTG GGG CCC GTG GGC CCC GGG ATG CTC AAC AAC Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val Gly Pro Gly Met Leu Asn Asn 440 445 450 455	1397
CAT GGC CAC GCA GTG CCA GCC AAC GGC GAG ATG AGC AGC AGC CAC AGC His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Gly Glu Met Ser Ser Ser His Ser 460 465 470	1445
GCC CAG TCC ATG GTC TCG GGG TCC CAC TGC ACT CCG CCA CCC CCC TAC Ala Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Tyr 475 480 485	1493
CAC GCC GAC CCC AGC CTC GTC AGT TTT TTA ACA GGA TTG GGG TGT CCA His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser Phe Leu Thr Gly Leu Gly Cys Pro 490 495 500	1541

AAC TGC ATC GAG TAT TTC ACC TCC CAA GGG TTA CAG AGC ATT TAC CAC Asn Cys Ile Glu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Gln Gly Leu Gln Ser Ile Tyr His 505 510 515	1589
CTG CAG AAC CTG ACC ATT GAG GAC CTG GGG GCC CTG AAG ATC CCC GAG Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu Gly Ala Leu Lys Ile Pro Glu 520 525 530 535	1637
CAG TAC CGC ATG ACC ATC TGG CGG GGC CTG CAG GAC CTG AAG CAG GGC Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly Leu Gln Asp Leu Lys Gln Gly 540 545 550	1685
CAC GAC TAC AGC ACC GCG CAG CAG CTG CTC CGC TCT AGC AAC GCG GCC His Asp Tyr Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu Leu Arg Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala 555 560 565	1733
ACC ATC TCC ATC GGC GGC TCA GGG GAA CTG CAG CGC CAG CGG GTC ATG Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Ser Gly Glu Leu Gln Arg Gln Arg Val Met 570 575 580	1781
GAG GCC GTG CAC TTC CGC GTG CGC CAC ACC ATC ACC ATC CCC AAC CGC Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His Thr Ile Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg 585 590 595	1829
GGC GGC CCA GGC GGC CCT GAC GAG TGG GCG GAC TTC GGC TTC GAC Gly Gly Pro Gly Gly Pro Asp Glu Trp Ala Asp Phe Gly Phe Asp 600 605 610 615	1877
CTG CCC GAC TGC AAG GCC CGC AAG CAG CCC ATC AAG GAG GAG TTC ACG Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ala Arg Lys Gln Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Phe Thr 620 625 630	1925
GAG GCC GAG ATC CAC TGAGGGCCTC GCCTGGCTGC AGCCTGCGCC ACCGCCAGA Glu Ala Glu Ile His 635	1980
GACCCAAGCT GCCTCCCCCTC TCCTTCCGT GTGTCCAAAA CTGCCTCAGG AGGCAGGACC TTCGGGCTGT GCCCGGGGAA AGGCAAGGTC CGGCCATCC CCAGGCACCT CACAGGCC AGGAAAGGCC CAGCCACCGA AGCCGCTGT GGACAGCCTG AGTCACCTGC AGAACCC 2040 2100 2156	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 636 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

Met Ala Gln Ser Thr Ala Thr Ser Pro Asp Gly Gly Thr Thr Phe Glu
1 5 10 15

His Leu Trp Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro Asp Ser Thr Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro
20 25 30

Gln Ser Ser Arg Gly Asn Asn Glu Val Val Gly Gly Thr Asp Ser Ser
35 40 45

Met Asp Val Phe His Leu Glu Gly Met Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ala Gln
50 55 60

Phe Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Met Asp Gln Met Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala
65 70 75 80

Ser Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His
85 90 95

Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala
 100 105 110
 Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu
 115 120 125
 Val Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr
 130 135 140
 Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Ile Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg
 165 170 175
 Ala Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Val Val Lys
 180 185 190
 Arg Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser
 195 200 205
 Ala Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln
 210 215 220
 Tyr Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe
 245 250 255
 Met Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu
 260 265 270
 Ile Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg
 275 280 285
 Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala
 290 295 300
 Asp Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala
 325 330 335
 Val Pro Ala Leu Gly Ala Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu
 340 345 350
 Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu
 355 360 365
 Met Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro
 370 375 380
 Leu Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser
 385 390 395 400
 His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys
 405 410 415
 Val His Gly Gly Met Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly
 420 425 430
 Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val
 435 440 445
 Gly Pro Gly Met Leu Asn Asn His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Gly
 450 455 460
 Glu Met Ser Ser Ser His Ser Ala Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His
 465 470 475 480

Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser Phe
 485 490 495
 Leu Thr Gly Leu Gly Cys Pro Asn Cys Ile Glu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Gln
 500 505 510
 Gly Leu Gln Ser Ile Tyr His Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu
 515 520 525
 Gly Ala Leu Lys Ile Pro Glu Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly
 530 535 540
 Leu Gln Asp Leu Lys Gln Gly His Asp Tyr Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu
 545 550 555 560
 Leu Arg Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu
 565 570 575
 Leu Gln Arg Gln Arg Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His
 580 585 590
 Thr Ile Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Gly Gly Pro Gly Gly Pro Asp Glu
 595 600 605
 Trp Ala Asp Phe Gly Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ala Arg Lys Gln
 610 615 620
 Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Phe Thr Glu Ala Glu Ile His
 625 630 635

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2040 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mus musculus*

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 124..1890

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

TGATCTCCCT GTGGCCTGCA GGGGACTGAG CCAGGGAGTA GATGCCCTGA GACCCCAAGG	60
GACACCCAAG GAAACCTTGC TGGCTTGAG AAAGGGATCG TCTCTCTCCT GCCCAAGAGA	120
AGC ATG TGT ATG GGC CCT GTG TAT GAA TCC TTG GGG CAG GCC CAG TTC Met Cys Met Gly Pro Val Tyr Glu Ser Leu Gly Gln Ala Gln Phe	168
1 5 10 15	
AAT TTG CTC AGC AGT GCC ATG GAC CAG ATG GGC AGC CGT GCG GCC CCG Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Ala Met Asp Gln Met Gly Ser Arg Ala Ala Pro	216
20 25 30	
GCG AGC CCC TAC ACC CCG GAG CAC GCC GCC AGC GCG CCC ACC CAC TCG Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Ala Pro Thr His Ser	264
35 40 45	
CCC TAC GCG CAG CCC AGC TCC ACC TTC GAC ACC ATG TCT CCG GCG CCT Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro	312
50 55 60	
GTC ATC CCT TCC AAT ACC GAC TAC CCC GGC CCC CAC CAC TTC GAG GTC	360

Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu Val		
65 70 75		
ACC TTC CAG CAG TCG AGC ACT GCC AAG TCG GCC ACC TGG ACA TAC TCC		408
Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr Ser		
80 85 90 95		
CCA CTG TTG AAG AAG TTG TAC TGT CAG ATT GCT AAG ACA TGC CCC ATC		456
Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro Ile		
100 105 110		
CAG ATC AAA GTG TCC ACA CCA CCA CCC CCG GGC ACG GCC ATC CGG GCC		504
Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg Ala		
115 120 125		
ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG AAG GCA GAG CAT GTG ACC GAC ATT GTT AAG CGC		552
Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Ile Val Lys Arg		
130 135 140		
TGC CCC AAC CAC GAG CTT GGA AGG GAC TTC AAT GAA GGA CAG TCT GCC		600
Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser Ala		
145 150 155		
CCG GCT AGC CAC CTC ATC CGT GTA GAA GGC AAC AAC CTC GCC CAG TAC		648
Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ala Gln Tyr		
160 165 170 175		
GTG GAT GAC CCT GTC ACC GGA AGG CAG AGT GTG GTT GTG CCG TAT GAA		696
Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr Glu		
180 185 190		
CCC CCA CAG GTG GGA ACA GAA TTT ACC ACC ATC CTG TAC AAC TTC ATG		744
Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe Met		
195 200 205		
TGT AAC AGC AGC TGT GTG GGG GGC ATG AAT CGG AGG CCC ATC CTT GTC		792
Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu Val		
210 215 220		
ATC ATC ACC CTG GAG ACC CGG GAT GGA CAG GTC CTG GGC CGC CGG TCT		840
Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Thr Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg Ser		
225 230 235		
TTC GAG GGT CGC ATC TGT GCC TGT CCT GGC CGT GAC CGC AAA GCT GAT		888
Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala Asp		
240 245 250 255		
GAA GAC CAT TAC CGG GAG CAA CAG GCT CTG AAT GAA AGT ACC ACC AAA		936
Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Thr Thr Lys		
260 265 270		
AAT GGA GCT GCC AGC AAA CGT GCA TTC AAG CAG AGC CCC CCT GCC ATC		984
Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala Ile		
275 280 285		
CCT GCC CTG GGT ACC AAC GTG AAG AAG AGA CGC CAC GGG GAC GAG GAC		1032
Pro Ala Leu Gly Thr Asn Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu Asp		
290 295 300		
ATG TTC TAC ATG CAC GTG CGA GGC CGG GAG AAC TTT GAG ATC TTG ATG		1080
Met Phe Tyr Met His Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu Met		
305 310 315		
AAA GTC AAG GAG AGC CTA GAA CTG ATG GAG CTT GTG CCC CAG CCT TTG		1128
Lys Val Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro Leu		
320 325 330 335		
GTT GAC TCC TAT CGA CAG CAG CAG CAG CAG CTC CTA CAG AGG CCG		1176
Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro		
340 345 350		
AGT CAC CTG CAG CCT CCA TCC TAT GGG CCC GTG CTC TCC CCA ATG AAC		1224

Ser His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn 355 360 365	
AAG GTA CAC GGT GGT GTC AAC AAA CTG CCC TCC GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG Lys Val His Gly Gly Val Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val 370 375 380	1272
GGC CAG CCT CCC CCG CAC AGC TCA GCA GCT GGG CCC AAC CTG GGG CCC Gly Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser Ala Ala Gly Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro 385 390 395	1320
ATG GGC TCC GGG ATG CTC AAC AGC CAC GGC CAC AGC ATG CCG GCC AAT Met Gly Ser Gly Met Leu Asn Ser His Gly His Ser Met Pro Ala Asn 400 405 410 415	1368
GGT GAG ATG AAT GGA GGC CAC AGC TCC CAG ACC ATG GTT TCG GGA TCC Gly Glu Met Asn Gly Gly His Ser Ser Gln Thr Met Val Ser Gly Ser 420 425 430	1416
CAC TGC ACC CCG CCA CCC CCC TAT CAT GCA GAC CCC AGC CTC GTC AGT His Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser 435 440 445	1464
TTT TTG ACA GGG TTG GGG TGT CCA AAC TGC ATC GAG TGC TTC ACT TCC Phe Leu Thr Gly Leu Gly Cys Pro Asn Cys Ile Glu Cys Phe Thr Ser 450 455 460	1512
CAA GGG TTG CAG AGC ATC TAC CAC CTG CAG AAC CTT ACC ATC GAG GAC Gln Gly Leu Gln Ser Ile Tyr His Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp 465 470 475	1560
CTT GGG GCT CTG AAG GTC CCT GAC CAG TAC CGT ATG ACC ATC TGG AGG Leu Gly Ala Leu Lys Val Pro Asp Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg 480 485 490 495	1608
GGC CTA CAG GAC CTG AAG CAG AGC CAT GAC TGC GGC CAG CAA CTG CTA Gly Leu Gln Asp Leu Lys Gln Ser His Asp Cys Gly Gln Gln Leu Leu 500 505 510	1656
CGC TCC AGC AGC AAC GCG GCC ACC ATC TCC ATC GGC GGC TCT GGC GAG Arg Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu 515 520 525	1704
CTG CAG CGG CAG CGG GTC ATG GAA GCC GTG CAT TTC CGT GTG CGC CAC Leu Gln Arg Gln Arg Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His 530 535 540	1752
ACC ATC ACA ATC CCC AAC CGT GGA GGC GCA GGT GCG GTG ACA GGT CCC Thr Ile Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Gly Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Thr Gly Pro 545 550 555	1800
GAC GAG TGG GCG GAC TTT GGC TTT GAC CTG CCT GAC TGC AAG TCC CGT Asp Glu Trp Ala Asp Phe Gly Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ser Arg 560 565 570 575	1848
AAG CAG CCC ATC AAA GAG GAG TTC ACA GAG ACA GAG AGC CAC Lys Gln Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Phe Thr Glu Thr Glu Ser His 580 585	1890
TGAGGAACGT ACCTTCTTCT CCTGTCCCTTC CTCTGTGAGA AACTGCTCTT GGAAGTGGGA CCTGTTGGCT GTGCCACAG AAACCAGCAA GGACCTCTG CGGGATGCCA TTCTGAAGG GAAGTCGCTC ATGAACTAAC TCCCTTTGG	1950 2010 2040

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 589 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

Met Cys Met Gly Pro Val Tyr Glu Ser Leu Gly Gln Ala Gln Phe Asn
 1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Ser Ser Ala Met Asp Gln Met Gly Ser Arg Ala Ala Pro Ala
 20 25 30

Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Ala Pro Thr His Ser Pro
 35 40 45

Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro Val
 50 55 60

Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu Val Thr
 65 70 75 80

Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr Ser Pro
 85 90 95

Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro Ile Gln
 100 105 110

Ile Lys Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg Ala Met
 115 120 125

Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Ile Val Lys Arg Cys
 130 135 140

Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser Ala Pro
 145 150 155 160

Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ala Gln Tyr Val
 165 170 175

Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr Glu Pro
 180 185 190

Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe Met Cys
 195 200 205

Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu Val Ile
 210 215 220

Ile Thr Leu Glu Thr Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg Ser Phe
 225 230 235 240

Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala Asp Glu
 245 250 255

Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Thr Thr Lys Asn
 260 265 270

Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala Ile Pro
 275 280 285

Ala Leu Gly Thr Asn Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu Asp Met
 290 295 300

Phe Tyr Met His Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu Met Lys
 305 310 315 320

Val Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro Leu Val
 325 330 335

Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser
 340 345 350

His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

Met Cys Met Gly Pro Val Tyr Glu Ser Leu Gly Gln Ala Gln Phe Asn
 1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Ser Ser Ala Met Asp Gln Met Gly Ser Arg Ala Ala Pro Ala
 20 25 30

Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Ala Pro Thr His Ser Pro
 35 40 45

Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro Val
 50 55 60

Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu Val Thr
 65 70 75 80

Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr Ser Pro
 85 90 95

Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro Ile Gln
 100 105 110

Ile Lys Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg Ala Met
 115 120 125

Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Ile Val Lys Arg Cys
 130 135 140

Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser Ala Pro
 145 150 155 160

Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ala Gln Tyr Val
 165 170 175

Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr Glu Pro
 180 185 190

Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe Met Cys
 195 200 205

Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu Val Ile
 210 215 220

Ile Thr Leu Glu Thr Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg Ser Phe
 225 230 235 240

Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala Asp Glu
 245 250 255

Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Thr Thr Lys Asn
 260 265 270

Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala Ile Pro
 275 280 285

Ala Leu Gly Thr Asn Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu Asp Met
 290 295 300

Phe Tyr Met His Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu Met Lys
 305 310 315 320

Val Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro Leu Val
 325 330 335

Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser
 340 345 350

His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys

355	360	365
Val His Gly Gly Val Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly		
370	375	380
Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser Ala Ala Gly Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Met		
385	390	395
Gly Ser Gly Met Leu Asn Ser His Gly His Ser Met Pro Ala Asn Gly		
405	410	415
Glu Met Asn Gly Gly His Ser Ser Gln Thr Met Val Ser Gly Ser His		
420	425	430
Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser Phe		
435	440	445
Leu Thr Gly Leu Gly Cys Pro Asn Cys Ile Glu Cys Phe Thr Ser Gln		
450	455	460
Gly Leu Gln Ser Ile Tyr His Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu		
465	470	475
Gly Ala Leu Lys Val Pro Asp Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly		
485	490	495
Leu Gln Asp Leu Lys Gln Ser His Asp Cys Gly Gln Gln Leu Leu Arg		
500	505	510
Ser Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu Leu		
515	520	525
Gln Arg Gln Arg Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His Thr		
530	535	540
Ile Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Gly Gly Ala Gly Ala Val Thr Gly Pro Asp		
545	550	555
Glu Trp Ala Asp Phe Gly Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ser Arg Lys		
565	570	575
Gln Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Phe Thr Glu Thr Glu Ser His		
580	585	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 758 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mus musculus*

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 389..757

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

TGGTCCCGCT TCGACCAAGA CTCCGGCTAC CAGCTTGGCGG GCCCCGCGGA GGAGGGAGACC	60
CCGCTGGGGC TAGCTGGGCG ACGCGCGCCA AGCGGCGGCG GGAAGGAGGC GGGAGGAGCG	120
GGGCCCGAGA CCCCGACTCG GGCAGAGCCA GCTGGGGAGG CGGGGCGCGC GTGGGAGCCA	180
GGGGCCCCGGG TGGCCGGCCC TCCCTCCGCCA CGGCTGAGTG CCCGCGCTGC CTTCCCGCCG	240

GTCCGCCAAG AAAGGCGCTA AGCCTGCGGC AGTCCCCTCG CGGCCGCCCTC CCTGCTCCGC	300
ACCCTTATAA CCCGCCGTCC CGCATCCAGG CGAGGAGGCA ACGCTGCAGC CCAGCCCTCG	360
CCGACGCCGA CGCCCCGGCCC GGAGCAGA ATG AGC GGC AGC GTT GGG GAG ATG Met Ser Gly Ser Val Gly Glu Met	412
1 5	
GCC CAG ACC TCT TCT TCC TCC TCC ACC TTC GAG CAC CTG TGG AGT Ala Gln Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Phe Glu His Leu Trp Ser	460
10 15 20	
TCT CTA GAG CCA GAC ACC TAC TTT GAC CTC CCC CAG CCC AGC CAA Ser Leu Glu Pro Asp Ser Thr Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro Gln Pro Ser Gln	508
25 30 35 40	
GGG ACT AGC GAG GCA TCA GGC AGC GAG GAG TCC AAC ATG GAT GTC TTC Gly Thr Ser Glu Ala Ser Gly Ser Glu Ser Asn Met Asp Val Phe	556
45 50 55	
CAC CTG CAA GGC ATG GCC CAG TTC AAT TTG CTC AGC AGT GCC ATG GAC His Leu Gln Gly Met Ala Gln Phe Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Ala Met Asp	604
60 65 70	
CAG ATG GGC AGC CGT GCG GCC CCG GCG AGC CCC TAC ACC CCG GAG CAC Gln Met Gly Ser Arg Ala Ala Pro Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His	652
75 80 85	
GCC GCC AGC GCG CCC ACC CAC TCG CCC TAC GCG CAG CCC AGC TCC ACC Ala Ala Ser Ala Pro Thr His Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr	700
90 95 100	
TTC GAC ACC ATG TCT CCG GCG CCT GTC ATC CCT TCC AAT ACC GAC TAC Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr	748
105 110 115 120	
CCC GGC CCC C Pro Gly Pro	758

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 123 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:

Met Ser Gly Ser Val Gly Glu Met Ala Gln Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser	
1 5 10 15	
Ser Thr Phe Glu His Leu Trp Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro Asp Ser Thr Tyr	
20 25 30	
Phe Asp Leu Pro Gln Pro Ser Gln Gly Thr Ser Glu Ala Ser Gly Ser	
35 40 45	
Glu Glu Ser Asn Met Asp Val Phe His Leu Gln Gly Met Ala Gln Phe	
50 55 60	
Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Ala Met Asp Gln Met Gly Ser Arg Ala Ala Pro	
65 70 75 80	
Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Ala Pro Thr His Ser	
85 90 95	
Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro	
100 105 110	

Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro
 115 120

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 559 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

CGACCTTCCC CAGTCAAGCC	GGGGGAATAA TGAGGTGGTG	GGCGGAACGG ATTCCAGCAT	60
GGACGCTTTC CACCTGGAGG	GCATGACTAC ATCTGTATG	CATCCTCGGC TCCTGCCTCA	120
CTAGCTGCGG AGCCTCTCCC	GCTCGGTCCA CGCTGCCGGG	CGGCCACGAC CGTGACCCCTT	180
CCCCCTCGGGC CGCCCGAGATC	CATGCCTCGT CCCACGGGAC	ACCAGTTCCC TGGCGTGTGC	240
AGACCCCCCG GCGCCTACCA	TGCTGTACGT CGGTGACCCC	GCACGGCACC TCGCCACGGC	300
CCAGTTCAAT CTGCTGAGCA	GCACCATGGA CCAGATGAGC	AGCCCGCGGG CCTCGGCCAG	360
CCCCCTACACC CCAGAGCACG	CCGCCAGCGT GCCCACCCAC	TCGCCCTACG CACAACCCAG	420
CTCCACCTTC GACACCATGT	CGCCGGCGCC TGTCATCCCC	TCCAACACCG ACTACCCGG	480
ACCCCCACAC TTTGAGGTCA	CTTCCAGCA GTCCAGCACG	GCCAAGTCAG CCACCTGGAC	540
GTACTCCCCG CTCTTGAAG			559

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 1764 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

ATGCTGTACG TCGGTGACCC	CGCACGGCAC CTCGCCACGG	CCCAGTTCAA TCTGCTGAGC	60
AGCACCATGG ACCAGATGAG	CAGCCGCGCG GCCTCGGCCA	GCCCCCTACAC CCCAGAGCAC	120
GCCGCCAGCG TGCCCAACCA	CTCGCCCTAC GCACAAACCA	GCTCCACCTT CGACACCAG	180
TCGCCGGCGC CTGTCATCCC	CTCCAACACC GACTACCCCG	GACCCACCA CTTTGAGGTC	240
ACTTTCCAGC AGTCCAGCAC	GGCCAAGTCA GCCACCTGGA	CGTACTCCCC GCTCTTGAAG	300
AAACTCTACT GCCAGATCGC	CAAGACATGC CCCATCCAGA	TCAAGGTGTC CACCCCGCCA	360
CCCCCAGGCA CTGCCATCCG	GGCCATGCCT GTTTACAAGA	AAGCGGAGCA CGTGACCGAC	420
GTCGTGAAAC GCTGCCCAA	CCACGAGCTC GGGAGGGACT	TCAACGAAGG ACAGTCTGCT	480

CCAGCCAGCC ACCTCATCCG CGTGGAAAGGC AATAATCTCT CGCAGTATGT GGATGACCC	540
GTCACCGGCA GGCAGAGCGT CGTGGTGCCT TATGAGCCAC CACAGGTGGG GACGGAATTC	600
ACCACCATCC TGTACAACCTT CATGTGTAAC AGCAGCTGTG TAGGGGGCAT GAACCGGCGG	660
CCCATCCTCA TCATCATCAC CCTGGAGATG CGGGATGGGC AGGTGCTGGG CCGCCGGTCC	720
TTTGGGGCC GCATCTGCGC CTGTCCTGGC CGCGACCGAA AAGCTGATGA GGACCACTAC	780
CGGGAGCAGC AGGCCCTGAA CGAGAGCTCC GCCAAGAACG GGGCCGCCAG CAAGCGTGCC	840
TTCAAGCAGA GCCCCCCCTGC CGTCCCCGCC CTTGGTGCCG GTGTGAAGAA GCGGCAGGCAT	900
GGAGACGAGG ACACGTACTA CCTTCAGGTG CGAGGCCGGG AGAAACTTGA GATCCTGATG	960
AAGCTGAAAG AGAGCCTGGA GCTGATGGAG TTGGTGCCGC AGCCACTGGT GGACTCCTAT	1020
CGGCAGCAGC AGCAGCTCCT ACAGAGGCCG AGTCACCTAC AGCCCCCGTC CTACGGGCCG	1080
GTCCTCTCGC CCATGAACAA GGTGCACGGG GGCATGAACA AGCTGCCCTC CGTCAACCAG	1140
CTGGTGGGCC AGCCTCCCCC GCACAGTTCG GCAGCTACAC CCAACCTGGG GCGCGGGCC	1200
CCCGGGATGC TCAACAAACCA TGGCCACGCA GTGCCAGCCA ACGGCGAGAT GAGCAGCAGC	1260
CACAGCGCCC AGTCCATGGT CTCGGGTCC CACTGCACTC CGCCACCCCCC CTACCACGCC	1320
GACCCCAGCC TCGTCAGTTT TTTAACAGGA TTGGGGTGTG CAAACTGCAT CGAGTATTTC	1380
ACCTCCCAAG GTTTACAGAG CATTACAC CTGCAGAACCC TGACCATTGA GGACCTGGGG	1440
GCCCTGAAGA TCCCCGAGCA GTACCGCATG ACCATCTGGC GGGGCCTGCA GGACCTGAAG	1500
CAGGGCCACG ACTACAGCAC CGCGCAGCAG CTGCTCCGCT CTAGCAACGC GGCCACCATC	1560
TCCATCGGCG GCTCAGGGGA ACTGCAGCGC CAGCGGGTCA TGGAGGCCGT GCACTTCCGC	1620
GTGCGCCACA CCATCACCAT CCCCCAACCGC GGCGGCCAG GCGGCAGGCC TGACGAGTGG	1680
GCGGACTTCG GCTTCGACCT GCCCCACTGC AAGGCCCCGA AGCAGCCCCAT CAAGGAGGAG	1740
TTCACGGAGG CCGAGATCCA CTGA	1764

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 587 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:

Met	Leu	Tyr	Val	Gly	Asp	Pro	Ala	Arg	His	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gln	Phe
1										5					15

Asn	Leu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Thr	Met	Asp	Gln	Met	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser
										20					30

Ala	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Glu	His	Ala	Ala	Ser	Val	Pro	Thr	His	Ser
										35					45

Pro	Tyr	Ala	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ser	Thr	Phe	Asp	Thr	Met	Ser	Pro	Ala	Pro
										50					60

Val	Ile	Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Asp	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Pro	His	His	Phe	Glu	Val
										65					80

Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr Ser
 85 90 95
 Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro Ile
 100 105 110
 Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg Ala
 115 120 125
 Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Val Val Lys Arg
 130 135 140
 Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln Tyr
 165 170 175
 Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr Glu
 180 185 190
 Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe Met
 195 200 205
 Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu Ile
 210 215 220
 Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala Asp
 245 250 255
 Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala Lys
 260 265 270
 Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala Val
 275 280 285
 Pro Ala Leu Gly Ala Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu Asp
 290 295 300
 Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu Met
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser His
 340 345 350
 Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys Val
 355 360 365
 His Gly Gly Met Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly Gln
 370 375 380
 Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Pro Gly Met Leu Asn Asn His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Gly Glu
 405 410 415
 Met Ser Ser Ser His Ser Ala Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His Cys
 420 425 430
 Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser Phe Leu
 435 440 445
 Thr Gly Leu Gly Cys Pro Asn Cys Ile Glu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Gln Gly
 450 455 460

Leu Gln Ser Ile Tyr His Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu Gly
 465 470 475 480
 Ala Leu Lys Ile Pro Glu Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly Leu
 485 490 495
 Gln Asp Leu Lys Gln Gly His Asp Tyr Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu Leu
 500 505 510
 Arg Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu Leu
 515 520 525
 Gln Arg Gln Arg Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His Thr
 530 535 540
 Ile Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Gly Gly Pro Gly Gly Pro Asp Glu Trp
 545 550 555 560
 Ala Asp Phe Gly Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ala Arg Lys Gln Pro
 565 570 575
 Ile Lys Glu Glu Phe Thr Glu Ala Glu Ile His
 580 585

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1521 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 - (A) ORGANISM: *Homo sapiens*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14:

ATGCTGTACG TCGGTGACCC CGCACGGCAC CTCGCCACGG CCCAGTTCAA TCTGCTGAGC	60
AGCACCATGG ACCAGATGAG CAGCCGCGC GCCTCGGCCA GCCCCTACAC CCCAGAGCAC	120
GCCGCCAGCG TGCCCACCCA CTCGCCCTAC GCACAACCCA GCTCCACCTT CGACACCATG	180
TCGCCGGCGC CTGTCATCCC CTCCAACACC GACTACCCCG GACCCACCA CTTTGAGGTC	240
ACTTTCCAGC AGTCCAGCAC GGCCAAGTCA GCCACCTGGA CGTACTCCCC GCTCTTGAAG	300
AAACTCTACT GCCAGATCGC CAAGACATGC CCCATCCAGA TCAAGGTGTC CACCCCGCCA	360
CCCCCAGGCA CTGCCATCCG GGCCATGCC GTTTACAAGA AAGCGGAGCA CGTGACCGAC	420
GTCGTGAAAC GCTGCCCAA CCACGAGCTC GGGAGGGACT TCAACGAAGG ACAGTCTGCT	480
CCAGCCAGCC ACCTCATCCG CGTGGAAAGGC AATAATCTCT CGCAGTATGT GGATGACCT	540
GTCACCGGCA GGCAGAGCGT CGTGGTGGCC TATGAGCCAC CACAGGTGGG GACGGAATT	600
ACCACCATCC TGTACAACCTT CATGTGTAAAC AGCAGCTGTG TAGGGGGCAT GAACCGGGCG	660
CCCCATCCTCA TCATCATCAC CCTGGAGATG CGGGATGGGC AGGTGCTGGG CGGCCGGTCC	720
TTTGAGGGCC GCATCTGCGC CTGTCCTGGC CGCGACCGAA AAGCTGATGA GGACCACTAC	780
CGGGAGCAGC AGGCCCTGAA CGAGAGCTCC GCCAAGAACG GGGCCGCCAG CAAGCGTGCC	840
TTCAAGCAGA GCCCCCCCTGC CGTCCCCGCC CTTGGTGCCG GTGTGAAGAA GCGGGCGCAT	900
GGAGACGAGG ACACGTACTA CCTTCAGGTG CGAGGCCGGG AGAACTTTGA GATCCTGATG	960

AAGCTGAAAG AGAGCCTGGA GCTGATGGAG TTGGTGCCGC AGCCACTGGT GGACTCCTAT	1020
CGGCAGCAGC AGCAGCTCCT ACAGAGGCCG CCCCAGGGATG CTCAACAAACC ATGGCCACGC	1080
AGTGCAGCC AACGGCGAGA TGAGCAGCAG CCACAGCGCC CAGTCCATGG TCTCGGGGTC	1140
CCACTGCACT CCGCCACCCC CCTACCACGC CGACCCCCAGC CTCGTCAGGA CCTGGGGGCC	1200
CTGAAGATCC CCGAGCAGTA CGGCATGACC ATCTGGCGGG GCCTGCAGGA CCTGAAGCAG	1260
GGCCACGACT ACAGCACCGC GCAGCAGCTG CTCCGCTCTA GCAACGCGGC CACCATCTCC	1320
ATCGGGGGCT CAGGGGAACT GCAGCGCCAG CGGGTCATGG AGGCCGTGCA CTTCCGGGTG	1380
CGCCACACCA TCACCATCCC CAACCGCGGC GGCCCAGGCG GCGGCCCTGA CGAGTGGGCG	1440
GACTTCGGCT TCGACCTGCC CGACTGCAAG GCCCGCAAGC AGCCCATCAA GGAGGAGTTC	1500
ACGGAGGGCCG AGATCCACTG A	1521

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 506 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15:

Met Leu Tyr Val Gly Asp Pro Ala Arg His Leu Ala Thr Ala Gln Phe	
1 5 10 15	
Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Met Asp Gln Met Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala Ser	
20 25 30	
Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His Ser	
35 40 45	
Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala Pro	
50 55 60	
Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu Val	
65 70 75 80	
Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr Ser	
85 90 95	
Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro Ile	
100 105 110	
Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg Ala	
115 120 125	
Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Val Val Lys Arg	
130 135 140	
Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser Ala	
145 150 155 160	
Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln Tyr	
165 170 175	
Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr Glu	
180 185 190	
Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe Met	
195 200 205	

Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu Ile
 210 215 220
 Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala Asp
 245 250 255
 Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala Lys
 260 265 270
 Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala Val
 275 280 285
 Pro Ala Leu Gly Ala Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu Asp
 290 295 300
 Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu Met
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Pro Arg
 340 345 350
 Asp Ala Gln Gln Pro Trp Pro Arg Ser Ala Ser Gln Arg Arg Asp Glu
 355 360 365
 Gln Gln Pro Gln Arg Pro Val His Gly Leu Gly Val Pro Leu His Ser
 370 375 380
 Ala Thr Pro Leu Pro Arg Arg Pro Gln Pro Arg Gln Asp Leu Gly Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Lys Ile Pro Glu Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly Leu Gln
 405 410 415
 Asp Leu Lys Gln Gly His Asp Tyr Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu Leu Arg
 420 425 430
 Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu Leu Gln
 435 440 445
 Arg Gln Arg Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His Thr Ile
 450 455 460
 Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Gly Gly Pro Gly Gly Pro Asp Glu Trp Ala
 465 470 475 480
 Asp Phe Gly Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ala Arg Lys Gln Pro Ile
 485 490 495
 Lys Glu Glu Phe Thr Glu Ala Glu Ile His
 500 505

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1870 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (11) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 - (A) ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 104..1867

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

TGCCCGGGGC	TGCGACGGCT	GCAGGGAAACC	AGACAGCACC	TACTTCGACC	TTCCCCAGTC	60
AAGCCGGGGG	AATAATGAGG	TGGTGGGCGG	AACGGATTCC	AGC ATG GAC GTC TTC	Met Asp Val Phe	115
					1	
CAC CTG GAG GGC	ATG ACT ACA	TCT GTC	ATG GCC	CAG TTC AAT	CTG CTG	163
His Leu Glu	Gly Met Thr	Thr Ser Val	Met Ala	Gln Phe Asn	Leu Leu	
5	10	15	20			
AGC AGC ACC ATG GAC	CAG ATG AGC	AGC CGC GCG	GCC TCG	GCC AGC CCC		211
Ser Ser Thr	Met Asp Gln	Met Ser Ser	Arg Ala	Ala Ser Ala	Ser Pro	
25	30	35				
TAC ACC CCA GAG CAC	GCC AGC GTG CCC	ACC CAC TCG CCC	TAC GCA			259
Tyr Thr Pro	Glu His Ala Ala	Ser Val Pro	Thr His Ser	Pro Tyr Ala		
40	45	50				
CAA CCC AGC TCC ACC	TTC GAC ACC ATG	TCG CCG GCG CCT	GTC ATC CCC			307
Gln Pro Ser Ser	Thr Phe Asp	Thr Met Ser	Pro Ala	Pro Val Ile	Pro	
55	60	65				
TCC AAC ACC GAC TAC	CCC GGA CCC CAC	CAC TTT GAG GTC	ACT TTC CAG			355
Ser Asn Thr Asp	Tyr Pro Gly	Pro His His	Phe Glu Val	Thr Phe Gln		
70	75	80				
CAG TCC AGC ACG	GCC AAG TCA	GCC ACC TGG ACG	TAC TCC CCG	CTC TTG		403
Gln Ser Ser Thr	Ala Lys Ser	Ala Thr Trp	Thr Tyr Ser	Pro Leu Leu		
85	90	95		100		
AAG AAA CTC TAC	TGC CAG ATC	GCC AAG ACA	TGC CCC ATC	CAG ATC AAG		451
Lys Lys Leu	Tyr Cys Gln	Ile Ala Lys	Thr Cys Pro	Ile Gln Ile	Lys	
105	110	115				
GTG TCC ACC CCG	CCA CCC CCA GGC	ACT GCC ATC CGG	GCC ATG CCT GTT			499
Val Ser Thr	Pro Pro Pro	Gly Thr Ala	Ile Arg Ala	Met Pro Val		
120	125	130				
TAC AAG AAA GCG	GAG CAC GTG ACC	GAC GTC GTG AAA	CGC TGC CCC AAC			547
Tyr Lys Lys Ala	Glu His Val	Thr Asp Val	Val Lys Arg	Cys Pro Asn		
135	140	145				
CAC GAG CTC GGG	AGG GAC TTC AAC	GAA GGA CAG	TCT GCT CCA	GCC AGC		595
His Glu Leu	Gly Arg Asp	Phe Asn Glu	Gly Gln	Ser Ala Pro	Ala Ser	
150	155	160				
CAC CTC ATC CGC	GTG GAA GGC AAT	AAT CTC TCG	CAG TAT GTG	GAT GAC		643
His Leu Ile	Arg Val Glu	Gly Asn Asn	Leu Ser Gln	Tyr Val Asp	Asp	
165	170	175		180		
CCT GTC ACC GGC	AGG CAG AGC	GTC GTG GTG CCC	TAT GAG CCA	CCA CAG		691
Pro Val Thr	Gly Arg Gln	Ser Val Val	Pro Tyr Glu	Pro Pro	Gln	
185	190	195				
GTG GGG ACG GAA	TTC ACC ACC ATC	CTG TAC AAC	TTC ATG TGT	AAC AGC		739
Val Gly Thr	Glu Phe Thr	Ile Leu Tyr	Asn Phe Met	Cys Asn Ser		
200	205	210				
AGC TGT GTA GGG	GGC ATG AAC	CGG CGG CCC	ATC CTC ATC	ATC ATC ACC		787
Ser Cys Val	Gly Gly Met	Asn Arg Arg	Pro Ile	Leu Ile Ile	Thr	
215	220	225				
CTG GAG ATG CGG	GAT GGG CAG	GTG CTG GGC	CGC CGG TCC	TTT GAG GGC		835
Leu Glu Met	Arg Asp Gly	Gln Val	Leu Gly Arg	Arg Ser Phe	Glu Gly	
230	235	240				
CGC ATC TGC	GCC TGT CCT	GGC CGC GAC	CGA AAA GCT	GAT GAG GAC	CAC	883

Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala Asp Glu Asp His 245 250 255 260	
TAC CGG GAG CAG CAG GCC CTG AAC GAG AGC TCC GCC AAG AAC GGG GCC Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala Lys Asn Gly Ala 265 270 275	931
GCC AGC AAG CGT GCC TTC AAG CAG AGC CCC CCT GCC GTC CCC GCC CTT Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala Val Pro Ala Leu 290 295 290	979
GGT GCC GGT GTG AAG AAG CGG CGG CAT GGA GAC GAG GAC ACG TAC TAC Gly Ala Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu Asp Thr Tyr Tyr 295 300 305	1027
CTT CAG GTG CGA GGC CGG GAG AAC TTT GAG ATC CTG ATG AAG CTG AAA Leu Gln Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu Met Lys Leu Lys 310 315 320	1075
GAG AGC CTG GAG CTG ATG GAG TTG GTG CCG CAG CCA CTG GTG GAC TCC Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro Leu Val Asp Ser 325 330 335 340	1123
TAT CGG CAG CAG CAG CTC CTA CAG AGG CCG AGT CAC CTA CAG CCC Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser His Leu Gln Pro 345 350 355	1171
CCG TCC TAC GGG CCG GTC CTC TCG CCC ATG AAC AAG GTG CAC GGG GGC Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys Val His Gly Gly 360 365 370	1219
ATG AAC AAG CTG CCC TCC GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG CCT CCC CCG Met Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly Gln Pro Pro Pro 375 380 385	1267
CAC AGT TCG GCA GCT ACA CCC AAC CTG GGG CCC GTG GGC CCC GGG ATG His Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val Gly Pro Gly Met 390 395 400	1315
CTC AAC AAC CAT GGC CAC GCA GTG CCA GCC AAC GGC GAG ATG AGC AGC Leu Asn Asn His His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Gly Glu Met Ser Ser 405 410 415 420	1363
AGC CAC AGC GCC CAG TCC ATG GTC TCG GGG TCC CAC TGC ACT CCG CCA Ser His Ser Ala Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His Cys Thr Pro Pro 425 430 435	1411
CCC CCC TAC CAC GCC GAC CCC AGC CTC GTC AGT TTT TTA ACA GGA TTG Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser Phe Leu Thr Gly Leu 440 445 450	1459
GGG TGT CCA AAC TGC ATC GAG TAT TTC ACC TCC CAA GGG TTA CAG AGC Gly Cys Pro Asn Cys Ile Glu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Gln Gly Leu Gln Ser 455 460 465	1507
ATT TAC CAC CTG CAG AAC CTG ACC ATT GAG GAC CTG GGG GCC CTG AAG Ile Tyr His Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu Gly Ala Leu Lys 470 475 480	1555
ATC CCC GAG CAG TAC CGC ATG ACC ATC TGG CGG GGC CTG CAG GAC CTG Ile Pro Glu Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly Leu Gln Asp Leu 485 490 495 500	1603
AAG CAG GGC CAC GAC TAC AGC ACC GCG CAG CAG CTG CTC CGC TCT AGC Lys Gln Gly His Asp Tyr Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu Leu Arg Ser Ser 505 510 515	1651
AAC GCG GCC ACC ATC TCC ATC GGC GGC TCA GGG GAA CTG CAG CGC CAG Asn Ala Ala Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu Leu Gln Arg Gln 520 525 530	1699
CGG GTC ATG GAG GCC GTG CAC TTC CGC GTG CGC CAC ACC ATC ACC ATC	1747

Arg Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His Thr Ile Thr Ile		
535	540	545
CCC AAC CGC GGC GGC CCA GGC GGC CCT GAC GAG TGG GCG GAC TTC		1795
Pro Asn Arg Gly Gly Pro Gly Gly Pro Asp Glu Trp Ala Asp Phe		
550	555	560
GGC TTC GAC CTG CCC GAC TGC AAG GCC CGC AAG CAG CCC ATC AAG GAG		1843
Gly Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ala Arg Lys Gln Pro Ile Lys Glu		
565	570	575
GAG TTC ACG GAG GCC GAG ATC CAC TGA		1870
Glu Phe Thr Glu Ala Glu Ile His		
585		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 588 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:

Met Asp Val Phe His Leu Glu Gly Met Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ala Gln			
1	5	10	15
Phe Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Met Asp Gln Met Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala			
20	25	30	
Ser Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His			
35	40	45	
Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala			
50	55	60	
Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu			
65	70	75	80
Val Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr			
85	90	95	
Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro			
100	105	110	
Ile Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg			
115	120	125	
Ala Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Val Val Lys			
130	135	140	
Arg Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser			
145	150	155	160
Ala Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln			
165	170	175	
Tyr Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr			
180	185	190	
Glu Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe			
195	200	205	
Met Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu			
210	215	220	
Ile Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg			
225	230	235	240

Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala
 245 250 255
 Asp Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala
 260 265 270
 Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala
 275 280 285
 Val Pro Ala Leu Gly Ala Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu
 290 295 300
 Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Met Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro
 325 330 335
 Leu Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser
 340 345 350
 His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys
 355 360 365
 Val His Gly Gly Met Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly
 370 375 380
 Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Pro Gly Met Leu Asn Asn His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Gly
 405 410 415
 Glu Met Ser Ser Ser His Ser Ala Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His
 420 425 430
 Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Ser Phe
 435 440 445
 Leu Thr Gly Leu Gly Cys Pro Asn Cys Ile Glu Tyr Phe Thr Ser Gln
 450 455 460
 Gly Leu Gln Ser Ile Tyr His Leu Gln Asn Leu Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Ala Leu Lys Ile Pro Glu Gln Tyr Arg Met Thr Ile Trp Arg Gly
 485 490 495
 Leu Gln Asp Leu Lys Gln Gly His Asp Tyr Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu
 500 505 510
 Leu Arg Ser Ser Asn Ala Ala Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu
 515 520 525
 Leu Gln Arg Gln Arg Val Met Glu Ala Val His Phe Arg Val Arg His
 530 535 540
 Thr Ile Thr Ile Pro Asn Arg Gly Gly Pro Gly Gly Pro Asp Glu
 545 550 555 560
 Trp Ala Asp Phe Gly Phe Asp Leu Pro Asp Cys Lys Ala Arg Lys Gln
 565 570 575
 Pro Ile Lys Glu Glu Phe Thr Glu Ala Glu Ile His
 580 585

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1817 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18:

ATGGCCCACT	CCACCGCCAC	CTCCCCGTAT	GGGGGCACCA	CGTTTGAGCA	CCTCTGGAGC	60
TCTCTGGAAC	CAGACAGCAC	CTACTTCGAC	CTTCCCCAGT	CAAGCCGGGG	GAATAATGAG	120
GTGGTGGCG	GAACGGATT	CAGCATGGAC	GTCTTCCACC	TGGAGGGCAT	GACTACATCT	180
GTCATGGCCC	AGTTCAATCT	GCTGAGCAGC	ACCATGGACC	AGATGAGCAG	CCGCGCGGCC	240
TCGGCCAGCC	CCTACACCCC	AGAGCACGCC	GCCAGCGTGC	CCACCCACTC	GCCCTACGCA	300
CAACCCAGCT	CCACCTTCGA	CACCATGTGC	CCGGCGCCTG	TCATCCCCTC	CAACACCGAC	360
TACCCCCGGAC	CCCACCACTT	TGAGGTCACT	TTCCAGCAGT	CCAGCACGGC	CAAGTCAGCC	420
ACCTGGACGT	ACTCCCCGCT	CTTGAAGAAA	CTCTACTGCC	AGATCGCCAA	GACATGCC	480
ATCCAGATCA	AGGTGTCCAC	CCCGCCACCC	CCAGGCACTG	CCATCCGGGC	CATGCCCTGTT	540
TACAAGAAAG	CGGAGCACGT	GACCGACGTC	GTGAAACGCT	GCCCCAACCA	CGAGCTCGGG	600
AGGGACTTCA	ACGAAGGACA	GTCTGCTCCA	GCCAGCCACC	TCATCCGGGT	GGAAAGGCAAT	660
AATCTCTCGC	AGTATGTGGA	TGACCCGTGTC	ACCGGCAGGC	AGAGCGTCGT	GGTGCCCTAT	720
GAGCCACCAC	AGGTGGGGAC	GGAATTCA	ACCATCCTGT	ACAACCTCAT	GTGTAACAGC	780
AGCTGTGTAG	GGGGCATGAA	CCGGCGGGCC	ATCCTCATCA	TCATCACCCCT	GGAGATGCGG	840
GATGGGCAGG	TGCTGGCCG	CCGGTCCTTT	GAGGGCCGCA	TCTGCGCCTG	TCCTGGCCGC	900
GACCGAAAAG	CTGATGAGGA	CCACTACCGG	GAGCAGCAGG	CCCTGAACGA	GAGCTCCGCC	960
AAGAACGGGG	CCGCCAGCAA	GCGTGCCTTC	AAGCAGAGCC	CCCCTGCCGT	CCCCGCCCTT	1020
GGTGCCGGTG	TGAAGAAGCG	GCGGCATGGA	GACGAGGACA	CGTACTACCT	TCAGGTGCGA	1080
GGCCGGGAGA	ACTTGAGAT	CCTGATGAAG	CTGAAAGAGA	GCCTGGAGCT	GATGGAGTTG	1140
GTGCCGCAGC	CACTGGTGGA	CTCCTATCGG	CAGCAGCAGC	AGCTCCTACA	GAGGCCGAGT	1200
CACCTACAGC	CCCCGTCTA	CGGGCCGGTC	CTCTGCCCA	TGAACAAGGT	GCACGGGGGC	1260
ATGAACAAAGC	TGCCCTCCGT	CAACCAGCTG	GTGGGCCAGC	CTCCCCCGCA	CAGTCGGCA	1320
GCTACACCCA	ACCTGGGGCC	CGTGGGGCCC	GGGATGCTCA	ACAACCATGG	CCACGCAGTG	1380
CCAGCCAACG	GCGAGATGAG	CAGCAGCCAC	AGCGCCCACT	CCATGGTCTC	GGGGTCCCAC	1440
TGCACTCCGC	CACCCCCCTA	CCACGCCGAC	CCCAGCCTCG	TCAGGACCTG	GGGGCCCTGA	1500
AGATCCCCGA	GCAGTACCGC	ATGACCATCT	GGCGGGGCCT	GCAGGACCTG	AAGCAGGGCC	1560
ACGACTACAG	CACCGCGCAG	CAGCTGCTCC	GCTCTAGCAA	CGCGGCCACC	ATCTCCATCG	1620
CGGGCTCAGG	GGAACTGCGAG	CGCCAGGGGG	TCATGGAGGC	CGTGCACTTC	CGCGTGCGCC	1680
ACACCATCAC	CATCCCCAAC	CGCGGCCGCC	CAGGGGGCGG	CCCTGACGAG	TGGGCGGACT	1740
TCGGCTTCGA	CCTGCCGAC	TGCAAGGGCC	GCAAGCAGCC	CATCAAGGAG	GAGTTCACGG	1800
AGGCCGAGAT	CCACTGA					1817

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 499 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(X1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19:

Met Ala Gln Ser Thr Ala Thr Ser Pro Asp Gly Gly Thr Thr Phe Glu
 1 5 10 15

His Leu Trp Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro Asp Ser Thr Tyr Phe Asp Leu Pro
 20 25 30

Gln Ser Ser Arg Gly Asn Asn Glu Val Val Gly Gly Thr Asp Ser Ser
 35 40 45

Met Asp Val Phe His Leu Glu Gly Met Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ala Gln
 50 55 60

Phe Asn Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Met Asp Gln Met Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala
 65 70 75 80

Ser Ala Ser Pro Tyr Thr Pro Glu His Ala Ala Ser Val Pro Thr His
 85 90 95

Ser Pro Tyr Ala Gln Pro Ser Ser Thr Phe Asp Thr Met Ser Pro Ala
 100 105 110

Pro Val Ile Pro Ser Asn Thr Asp Tyr Pro Gly Pro His His Phe Glu
 115 120 125

Val Thr Phe Gln Gln Ser Ser Thr Ala Lys Ser Ala Thr Trp Thr Tyr
 130 135 140

Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Tyr Cys Gln Ile Ala Lys Thr Cys Pro
 145 150 155 160

Ile Gln Ile Lys Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Ile Arg
 165 170 175

Ala Met Pro Val Tyr Lys Lys Ala Glu His Val Thr Asp Val Val Lys
 180 185 190

Arg Cys Pro Asn His Glu Leu Gly Arg Asp Phe Asn Glu Gly Gln Ser
 195 200 205

Ala Pro Ala Ser His Leu Ile Arg Val Glu Gly Asn Asn Leu Ser Gln
 210 215 220

Tyr Val Asp Asp Pro Val Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Val Val Val Pro Tyr
 225 230 235 240

Glu Pro Pro Gln Val Gly Thr Glu Phe Thr Thr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Phe
 245 250 255

Met Cys Asn Ser Ser Cys Val Gly Gly Met Asn Arg Arg Pro Ile Leu
 260 265 270

Ile Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Asp Gly Gln Val Leu Gly Arg Arg
 275 280 285

Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Ile Cys Ala Cys Pro Gly Arg Asp Arg Lys Ala
 290 295 300

Asp Glu Asp His Tyr Arg Glu Gln Gln Ala Leu Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala
 305 310 315 320

Lys Asn Gly Ala Ala Ser Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Gln Ser Pro Pro Ala
 325 330 335
 Val Pro Ala Leu Gly Ala Gly Val Lys Lys Arg Arg His Gly Asp Glu
 340 345 350
 Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Ile Leu
 355 360 365
 Met Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Leu Glu Leu Met Glu Leu Val Pro Gln Pro
 370 375 380
 Leu Val Asp Ser Tyr Arg Gln Gln Gln Gln Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Ser
 385 390 395 400
 His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr Gly Pro Val Leu Ser Pro Met Asn Lys
 405 410 415
 Val His Gly Gly Met Asn Lys Leu Pro Ser Val Asn Gln Leu Val Gly
 420 425 430
 Gln Pro Pro Pro His Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Pro Asn Leu Gly Pro Val
 435 440 445
 Gly Pro Gly Met Leu Asn Asn His Gly His Ala Val Pro Ala Asn Gly
 450 455 460
 Glu Met Ser Ser Ser His Ser Ala Gln Ser Met Val Ser Gly Ser His
 465 470 475 480
 Cys Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro Tyr His Ala Asp Pro Ser Leu Val Arg Thr
 485 490 495
 Trp Gly Pro

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 17 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:

GCGAGCTGCC CTCGGAG

17

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 19 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA
- (iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21:

GGTTCTGCAG GTGACTCAG

19

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

GCCATGCCTG TCTACAAG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23:

ACCAGCTGGT TGACGGAG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:

GTCAACCAGC TGGTGGGCCA G

21

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 16 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25:

GTGGATCTCG GCCTCC

16

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26:

1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 17 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26:

AGGCCGGCGT GGGGAAG

17

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:

CTTGGCGATC TGGCAGTAG

19

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 17 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28:

GCGGCCACGA CCGTGAC

17

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29:

GGCAGCTTGG GTCTCTGG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(111) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30:

CTGTACGTCG GTGACCCC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(111) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31:

TCAGTGGATC TCGGCCTC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(111) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32:

AGGGGACGCA GCGAAACC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(111) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33:

CCATCAGCTC CAGGCTCTC

19

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34:

CCAGGGACAGG CGCAGATG

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 35:

GATGAGGTGG CTGGCTGGA

19

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 36:

TGGTCAGGTT CTGCAGGTG

19

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 37:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 37:

CACCTACTCC AGGGATGC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 38:

AGGAAAATAG AAGCGTCAGT C

21

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 39:

CAGGCCCACT TGCCTGCC

18

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 19 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA

(iii) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 40:

CTGTCCCCAA GCTGATGAG

19

CLAIMS

1. Purified polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 2;
- 5 b) the sequence SEQ ID No. 4;
- c) the sequence SEQ ID No. 6;
- d) the sequence SEQ ID No. 8;
- e) the sequence SEQ ID No. 10;
- 10 f) the sequence SEQ ID No. 13;
- g) the sequence SEQ ID No. 15;
- h) the sequence SEQ ID No. 17;
- i) the sequence SEQ ID No. 19;

and j) any biologically active sequence derived from SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19.

2. Polypeptide according to Claim 1, characterized in that it comprises the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 and SEQ ID No. 19.

20 3. Polypeptide according to Claim 1, characterized in that it comprises the sequence lying between:
- residue 110 and residue 310 of SEQ ID No. 2 or 6;
- residue 60 and residue 260 of SEQ ID No. 8.

25 4. Polypeptide according to Claim 1, characterized in that it results from an alternative splicing of the messenger RNA of the corresponding gene.

5. Polypeptide according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that it is a recombinant polypeptide produced in the form of a fusion protein.

30 6. Isolated nucleic acid sequence coding for a polypeptide according to any one of the preceding claims.

35 7. Isolated nucleic acid sequence according to Claim 6, characterized in that it is selected from the group consisting of :

- a) the sequence SEQ ID No. 1;
- 40 b) the sequence SEQ ID No. 3;
- c) the sequence SEQ ID No. 5;

14. Probe or primer according to Claim 13, characterized in that it contains at least 16 nucleotides.

15. Probe or primer according to Claim 13, characterized in that it comprises the whole of the sequence of the gene coding for one of the polypeptides of Claim 1.

16. Nucleotide probe or primer selected from the group consisting of the following oligonucleotides or sequences complementary to them:

SEQ ID No. 20: GCG AGC TGC CCT CGG AG

SEQ ID No. 21: GGT TCT GCA GGT GAC TCA G

SEQ ID No. 22: GCC ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG

SEQ ID No. 23: ACC AGC TGG TTG ACG GAG

SEQ ID No. 24: GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG

SEQ ID No. 25: GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC C

SEQ ID No. 26: AGG CCG GCG TGG GGA AG

SEQ ID No. 27: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G

SEQ ID No. 28: GCG GCC ACG ACC GTG AC

SEQ ID No. 29: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG

SEQ ID No. 30: CTG TAC GTC GGT GAC CCC

SEQ ID No. 31: TCA GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC

SEQ ID No. 32: AGG GGA CGC AGC GAA ACC

SEQ ID No. 33: CCA TCA GCT CCA GGC TCT C

SEQ ID No. 34: CCA GGA CAG GCG CAG ATG

SEQ ID No. 35: GAT GAG GTG GCT GGC TGG A

SEQ ID No. 36: TGG TCA GGT TCT GCA GGT G

SEQ ID No. 37: CAC CTA CTC CAG GGA TGC

SEQ ID No. 38: AGG AAA ATA GAA GCG TCA GTC

SEQ ID No. 39: CAG GCC CAC TTG CCT GCC

and SEQ ID No. 40: CTG TCC CCA AGC TGA TGA G

17. Use of a sequence according to any one of Claims 6 to 8, for the manufacture of oligonucleotide primers for sequencing reactions or specific amplification reactions according to the PCR technique or any variant of the latter.

18. Nucleotide primer pair, characterized in that it comprises the primers selected from the group consisting of the following sequences:

a) **sense primer:** GCG AGC TGC CCT CGG AG (SEQ ID No. 20)
antisense primer: GGT TCT GCA GGT GAC TCA G (SEQ ID No. 21)

b) **sense primer:** GCC ATG CCT GTC TAC AAG (SEQ ID No. 22)
antisense primer: ACC AGC TGG TTG ACG GAG (SEQ ID No. 23)

5 c) **sense primer:** GTC AAC CAG CTG GTG GGC CAG (SEQ ID No. 24)
antisense primer: GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC C (SEQ ID No. 25)

10 d) **sense primer:** AGG CCG GCG TGG GGA AG (SEQ ID No. 26)
antisense primer: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G (SEQ ID No. 27)

15 e) **sense primer:** GCG GCC ACG ACC GTG A (SEQ ID No. 28)
antisense primer: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG (SEQ ID No. 29)

f) **sense primer:** CTG TAC GTC GGT GAC CCC (SEQ ID No. 30)
antisense primer: TCA GTG GAT CTC GGC CTC (SEQ ID No. 31)

20 g) **sense primer:** AGG GGA CGC AGC GAA ACC (SEQ ID No. 32)
antisense primer: GGC AGC TTG GGT CTC TGG (SEQ ID No. 29)

h) **sense primer:** CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)
antisense primer: CCA TCA GCT CCA GGC TCT C (SEQ ID No. 33)

25 i) **sense primer:** CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)
antisense primer: CCA GGA CAG GCG CAG ATG (SEQ ID No. 34)

j) **sense primer:** CCCCCCCCCCCCCCN (where N equals G, A or T)
antisense primer: CTT GGC GAT CTG GCA GTA G (SEQ ID No. 27)

30 k) **sense primer:** CAC CTA CTC CAG GGA TGC (SEQ ID No. 37)
antisense primer: AGG AAA ATA GAA GCG TCA GTC (SEQ ID No. 38)

35 and l) **sense primer:** CAG GCC CAC TTG CCT GCC (SEQ ID No. 39)
antisense primer: CTG TCC CCA AGC TGA TGA G (SEQ ID No. 40)

19. Use of a sequence according to any one of
 Claims 6 to 8, which is usable in gene therapy.

20. Use of a sequence according to any one of
 40 Claims 6 to 8, for the production of diagnostic

nucleotide probes or primers, or of antisense sequences which are usable in gene therapy.

21. Use of nucleotide primers according to any one of Claims 6 to 8, for sequencing.

5 22. Use of a probe or primer according to any one of Claims 13 to 16, as an *in vitro* diagnostic tool for the detection, by hybridization experiments, of nucleic acid sequences coding for a polypeptide according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, in biological samples, or for
10 the demonstration of aberrant syntheses or of genetic abnormalities.

23. Method of *in vitro* diagnosis for the detection of aberrant syntheses or of genetic abnormalities in the nucleic acid sequences coding for a polypeptide
15 according to any one of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that it comprises:

- the bringing of a nucleotide probe according to any one of Claims 13 to 16 into contact with a biological sample under conditions permitting the formation of a hybridization complex between the said probe and the abovementioned nucleotide sequence, where appropriate after a prior step of amplification of the abovementioned nucleotide sequence;
- 20 - the detection of the hybridization complex possibly formed;
- where appropriate, the sequencing of the nucleotide sequence forming the hybridization complex with the probe of the invention.

30 24. Use of a nucleic acid sequence according to any one of Claims 6 to 8, for the production of a recombinant polypeptide according to any one of Claims 1 to 5.

25. Method of production of a recombinant SR-p70
35 protein, characterized in that transfected cells according to Claim 10 or 11 are cultured under conditions permitting the expression of a recombinant polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 2, SEQ ID No. 4, SEQ ID No. 6, SEQ ID No. 8, SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 13,
40 SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 17 or SEQ ID No. 19 or any

biologically active fragment or derivative, and in that the said recombinant polypeptide is recovered.

26. Mono- or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, chimeric antibodies or immunoconjugates, 5 characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to any one of Claims 1 to 4.

27. Use of the antibodies according to the preceding claim, for the purification or detection of a 10 polypeptide according to any one of Claims 1 to 4 in a biological sample.

28. Method of *in vitro* diagnosis of pathologies correlated with an expression or an abnormal accumulation of SR-p70 proteins, in particular the 15 phenomena of carcinogenesis, from a biological sample, characterized in that at least one antibody according to Claim 25 is brought into contact with the said biological sample under conditions permitting the possible formation of specific immunological complexes 20 between an SR-p70 protein and the said antibody or antibodies, and in that the specific immunological complexes possibly formed are detected.

29. Kit for the *in vitro* diagnosis of an expression or an abnormal accumulation of SR-p70 proteins in a 25 biological sample and/or for measuring the level of expression of these proteins in the said sample, comprising:

- at least one antibody according to Claim 25, optionally bound to a support,
- 30 - means of visualization of the formation of specific antigen-antibody complexes between an SR-p70 protein and the said antibody, and/or means of quantification of these complexes.

30. Method for the early diagnosis of tumour formation, characterized in that autoantibodies directed against an SR-p70 protein are demonstrated in a serum sample drawn from an individual, according to the steps that consist in bringing a serum sample drawn from an individual into contact with a polypeptide of 35 the invention, optionally bound to a support, under 40

conditions permitting the formation of specific immunological complexes between the said polypeptide and the autoantibodies possibly present in the serum sample, and in that the specific immunological complexes possibly formed are detected.

31. Method of determination of an allelic variability, a mutation, a deletion, an insertion, a loss of heterozygosity or a genetic abnormality of the SR-p70 gene, characterized in that it utilizes at least one nucleotide sequence according to any one of Claims 6 to 8.

32. Method of determination of an allelic variability of the SR-p70 gene at position -30 and -20 relative to the initiation ATG of exon 2 which may be involved in pathologies, and characterized in that it comprises at least:

- a step during which exon 2 of the SR-p70 gene carrying the target sequence is amplified by PCR using a pair of oligonucleotide primers according to any one of Claims 6 to 8;
- a step during which the amplified products are treated with a restriction enzyme whose cleavage site corresponds to the allele sought;
- a step during which at least one of the products of the enzyme reaction is detected or assayed.

33. Pharmaceutical composition comprising as active principle a polypeptide according to any one of Claims 1 to 4.

34. Pharmaceutical composition according to the preceding claim, characterized in that it comprises a polypeptide according to Claim 2.

35. Pharmaceutical composition containing an inhibitor or an activator of SR-p70 activity.

36. Pharmaceutical composition containing a polypeptide derived from a polypeptide according to any one of Claims 1 to 5, characterized in that it is an inhibitor or an activator of SR-p70.

1 TGCTCCCCGCCGCGACCCGGGGAGGCCTGTGCTCTGCGAAGGG 50
 1 GGGGCTCCGGG 12
 51 ACGCAGCGAAGCCGGGGCCCGGCCAGGCCGGGGACGGACGCCATG 100
 13 ACACTTGGCGTCCGGCTGGAAAGCGTGTCTTCAAGACGGTGACACCGTT 62
 101 CCCGGAGCTGCGACGGCTGCAGAGCGAGCTGCCCTCGGAGGCCGGTGTGA 150
 63 CCCTGAGGATTGGCAGCCAGACTGCTTACGGGTAC...TGCCATGGAGG 109
 151 GGAAGATGGCCCAGTCCACCACCACTCCCCGATGGGGCACACGTT 200
 110 AGCCGCAGTCAGATCCCAGCATCGAGCCCCCTGAGTCAGGAAACATTT 159
 201 GAGCACCTCTGGAGCTCTCTGGAAACCAGACAGCACCTACTTCGACCTTCC 250
 160 TCAGACCTATGAAACTACTTCTGAAAACAAC.GTTCTGTCCCCCTTGC 208
 251 CCAGTCAGGCCGGGAAATAATGAGGTGGGGGGCACGGATTCCAGCA 300
 209 CGTCCCAGCGGTGGATGATTGATGCTCTCCGGATGATCTTGCACAA 258
 301 TGGACGTCTTCCACCTAGAGGGCATGACCACATCTGTCATGGCCCAGTTC 350
 259 TGG.....TTAACTGAAGACCCAGGTC 280
 351 AATTTGCTGAGCAGCACCATGGACCAGATGAGCAGCCGGCTGCCCTGGC 400
 281 CAGATGAAGCTC.....CCAGAATGTCAGAGGCTGCTCCCCACAA 319
 401 CAGCCCCGTACACCCCGGAGCACGCCGCCAGCGTGCACCCATTCAACCT 450
 320 TGGCCCCCACACCAGCAGCTCTACACCGGGGGCCCTGCAACCAGCCCC. 368
 451 ACGCACAGCCCAGCTCCACCTTCGACACCAGTCGCCCCGGCTGTCATC 500
 369CTCCGGCCCCCTGTCATCCCTGTC 393
 501 CCCTCCAACACCGACTATCCGGACCCACCACTTCGAGGTCACTTTCCA 550
 394 CCTTCCCAGAAAACCTACCACGGCAGCTACGGTTCCGTCTGGCTTCC 443
 551 GCAGTCCAGCACGGCCAAGTCAGCCACCTGGACGTACTCCCCACTCTTGA 600
 444 GCATTCTGAAACAGCCAAGTCTGTGACTTGCACGTACTCCCCGACCTCA 493
 601 AGAAACTCTACTGCCAGATGCCAAGACATGCCCATCCAGATCAAGGTG 650
 494 ACAAGATGTTTGCAGCTGGCCAGACCTGCCCGGTGAGCTGTGGGTT 543
 651 TCCGGCCCCACCGCCCCGGGACCGCCATCCGGGCCATGCCCTGTCACAA 700
 544 GATTCCACACCCCCGGCCGGCAGCCGGTCCGGCCATGCCATCTACAA 593
 701 GAAGGGGGAGCACGTGACCGACATCGTAAGCGCTGCCCAACCGAGC 750
 594 GCAGTCACAGCACATGACTGAGGTCTGTGAGGCGCTGCCCAACATGAGC 643
 751 TCGGGAGGGACTTCAACGAAGGACAGTCGCCCAAGCCAGCCACCTCATC 800
 644 GCTGCTCAGACAGCGATGGA.....CTGGCCCCCTCTCAACATCTTATC 687
 801 CGTGTGGAAGGCATAATCTCTCCAGTATGTGGACGACCCCTGTCACCGG 850
 688 CGAGTCAGCAAGAAATTGGCTGTGGAGTATTCGGATGACAGAAACACTTT 737
 851 CAGGCAGAGCGTCGGTGCCTATGAGCCACCCACAGGTGGGACAGAAT 900
 738 TCGACATAGTGTGGTGGTGCCTATGAGCCCTGAGGTGGCTCTGACT 787

FIG.1

901 TCACCACCATCCTGTACAACCTCATGTTAACAGCAGCTGTGGGGGGC 950
 788 GTACCACCATCCACTACAACATACATGTTAACAGTCTGCATGGCGGC 837
 951 ATGAACCGACGGCCATCCTCATCATCACCCCTGGAGACGCGGGATGG 1000
 838 ATGAACCGGAGGCCATCCTCACAAATTACACACTGGAAGACTCCAGTGG 887
 1001 GCAGGTGCTGGCCGCCGGTCCTCGAGGGCCGCATCTGCGCCTGTCCGT 1050
 888 TAATCTACTGGGACGGAACAGCTTGAGGTGGAGTTGTGCCTGTCCGT 937
 1051 GCCCGGACCGAAAAGCCGATGAGGACCACTACCGGGAGCAGCAGGCCCTG 1100
 938 GGAGAGACCGGGCACAGAGGAAGAGAATTTC. G 971
 1101 AATGAGAGCTCCGCAAGAACGGGCTGCCAGCAAGCGCGCTCAAGCA 1150
 972 CAAGAAAGGGGAGCCTTGCCACAGCTGCCCCCTGGAGCACTAACCGAG 1021
 1151 GAGTCCCCCTGGCGTCCCCGCCCTGGGCC. GGGTGTGAAGAACGGGGG 1199
 1022 CACTGCCAACAAACACCAGCTCCTCTCCCCAGCCAAGAACGAAACACTG 1071
 1200 CACGGAGACGAGGGACACGTACTACCTGCAGGTGCGAGGCCCGAGAACCTT 1249
 1072 GATGGAGAATATTCAC. CCTTCAGATCCGGGGCGTGAGCGCTT 1115
 1250 CGAGATCCTGATGAAGCTGAAGGGAGAGCCTGGAGCTGATGGAGTTGGTGC 1299
 1116 CGAGATTTCCGAGAGCTGAATGAGGCCCTTGAACCTAACAGGA. 1157
 1300 CGCAGCCGCTGGTAGACTCTATCGGCAGCAGCAGCAGCTCTACAGAGG 1349
 1158 TGCCCAGGCTGGAAAGAGCCAGCGG. GGAGCAGGGCTCACTCCAGCCA 1205
 1350 CCGAGTCACCTACAGCCCCCATCCTACGGGCCGGTCTCTCGCCCATGAA 1399
 1206 CCTGAAGTCAAGAAGGGCAATCTACCTCCCGCCATAAAAAATTATGTT 1255
 1400 CAAGGTGCACGGGGGTGAAACAAGCTGCCCTCCGTCAACCAGCTGGTGG 1449
 1256 TCAAGACAGAGGGGCTGACTCAGACTGACATTC. TCAGCTTCTTG 1300
 1450 GCCAGCCTCCCCCGCACAGCTGGCAGCTACACCCAACTGGGACCTGTG 1499
 1301 TTCCCCCACTGAGCCTCCACCCCCATCT. CTCCCCCTCCCTGCCATTTTG 1349
 1500 GGCTCTGGGATGGTCAACAACCACGGCCACGCAGTGGCAGCCAACAGCGA 1549
 1350 AGTTCTGGGTCTTAAACCCCTTGCTTGCATAGGTGTGTGAGAACCAA 1399
 1550 GATGACCAGCAGCCACGGCACCCAGTCCATGGTCTGGGGTCCACTGCA 1599
 1400 A. 1400

FIG.1 cont.

09/125005

3 / 36

1 MAQSTTTSPDGTTFEHLWSSLEPDSTYFDLPQSSRGNNNEVGGTDSSMD 50
1MEEPQSDPSIEPPLS....QETFSDLWKLLENVNLSPSQAVD 41
51 VFHLEGMNTSVMQAQFNLLSSTMDQMSRAASASPYTPEHAASVPTHSPYA 100
42 DLML...SPDDLAQWLTEDPGPDEAPRMSEAAPHMAPTPAAPTPA.APAP 87
101 QPSSTFDTMSAPAVIPSNTDYPGPHFETVFFQQSSTAKSATWTYSPLLKK 150
88 APSWPL.....SSVPSQKTYHGSYGFRLGFLHSGTAKSVTCTYSPDLNK 132
151 LYCQIAKTCPIQIKVSAPPPGTAIRAMPVYKAEHTDIVKRCPNHELG 200
133 MFCQLAKTCPVQLWVDSTPPPGSRVRAIMAIYKQSQHMTEVVRRCPHHE.. 180
201 RDFNEGQSAAPASHLIRVEGNNLSQLYVDDPVTGRQSVVVPYEPQVGTEFT 250
181 RCSDSDGLAPPQHLLIRVEGNLRVEYSDDRNTFRHSVVVPYEPPEVGSRCT 230
251 TILYNFMCNSSCVMGNRRPILIIITLETRDGQVLGRRSFEGRICACPGR 300
231 TIHYNMNCNSCMGGMNRRLPILTIITLEDSSGNLLGRNSFEVRVCACPGR 280
301 DRKADEDHYREQQALNESSAKNGAASKRAFKQSPPAVPALGPGVKKRRHG 350
281 DRRTEEEENFRKKG..EPCHELPPGSTKRALPNNTSSSPQ.....PKKKPL 323
351 DEDTYYLQVRGRENFEILMKLKESELMLMELVPQPLVDSYRQQQQLLQRPS 400
324 DGEYFTLQIRGRERFEMFRELNEALELKDAQAGKEPAGSRAHSSHLSK 373
401 HLQPPSYGPVLSPMNKVHGGVNKLPSVNQLVGQPPPSSAATPNLGPVGS 450
374 GQSTSRHKKFMFKTEGPDS..... 393

FIG. 2

09/125005

4 / 36

1 TGCCTCCCCGCCGCACCCGCCCCGAGGCCCTGTGCTCCTGCGAAGGGG 50
1 TGCCTCCCCGCCGCACCCGCCCCGAGGCCCTGTGCTCCTGCGAAGGGG 50
51 ACGCAGCGAAGCCGGGGCCCGCCAGGCCGGGACGGACGCCGATG 100
51 ACGCAGCGAAGCCGGGGCCCGCCAGGCCGGGACGGACGCCGATG 100
101 CCCGGAGCTGCGACGGCTGAGAGCGAGCTGCCCTCGAGGCCGGTGTGA 150
101 CCCGGAGCTGCGACGGCTGAGAGCGAGCTGCCCTCGAGGCCGGTGTGA 150
151 GGAAGATGGCCAGTCCACCAACCTCCCCGATGGGGCACACGTTT 200
151 GGAAGATGGCCAGTCCACCAACCTCCCCGATGGGGCACACGTTT 200
201 GAGCACCTCTGGAGCTCTGGAAACCAACAGCACCTACTTCGACCTTCC 250
201 GAGCACCTCTGGAGCTCTGGAAACCAACAGCACCTACTTCGACCTTCC 250
251 CCAGTCAGCCGGGGATAATGAGGTGGTGGGACGGATTCCAGCA 300
251 CCAGTCAGCCGGGGATAATGAGGTGGTGGGACGGATTCCAGCA 300
301 TGGACGTCTCACCTAGAGGCATGACCAACATCTGTATGGCCAGTTC 350
301 TGGACGTCTCACCTAGAGGCATGACCAACATCTGTATGGCCAGTTC 350
351 AATTGCTGAGCAGCACCATGGACCAAGATGAGCAGCCGCTGCCCTGGC 400
351 AATTGCTGAGCAGCACCATGGACCAAGATGAGCAGCCGCTGCCCTGGC 400
401 CAGCCCGTACACCCCGAGCACGCCAGCGTGCACCCATTACCCCT 450
401 CAGCCCGTACACCCCGAGCACGCCAGCGTGCACCCATTACCCCT 450
451 ACCCACAGCCCAGCTCCACCTTCGACACCATGTCGCCCGGCCCTGTCA 500
451 ACCCACAGCCCAGCTCCACCTTCGACACCATGTCGCCCGGCCCTGTCA 500
501 CCCTCCAACACCGACTATCCGGACCCCAACCTTCGAGGTCACTTCCA 550
501 CCCTCCAACACCGACTATCCGGACCCCAACCTTCGAGGTCACTTCCA 550
551 GCAGTCCAGCACGGCAAGTCAGCCACCTGGACGTACTCCCCACTTGA 600
551 GCAGTCCAGCACGGCAAGTCAGCCACCTGGACGTACTCCCCACTTGA 600
601 AGAAAATCTACTGCCAGATGCCAAGACATGCCCATTCAGATCAAGGTG 650
601 AGAAAATCTACTGCCAGATGCCAAGACATGCCCATTCAGATCAAGGTG 650
651 TCCGCCCCACCGCCCCCGGGCACCGCCATCCGGGCATGCCCTGTCAAA 700
651 TCCGCCCCACCGCCCCCGGGCACCGCCATCCGGGCATGCCCTGTCAAA 700
701 GAAGGGGGAGCACGTGACCGACATCGTAAGCGCTGCCCAACACGAGC 750
701 GAAGGGGGAGCACGTGACCGACATCGTAAGCGCTGCCCAACACGAGC 750
751 TCGGGAGGGACTTCACGAAGGACAGTCTGCCCAAGCCAGCCACCTCATC 800
751 TCGGGAGGGACTTCACGAAGGACAGTCTGCCCAAGCCAGCCACCTCATC 800
801 CGTGTGGAAGGCAATAATCTCGCAGTATGTGGACGCCCTGTACCGG 850
801 CGTGTGGAAGGCAATAATCTCGCAGTATGTGGACGCCCTGTACCGG 850
851 CAGGCAGAGCGTCGTGCGCTATGAGCCACCAACAGGTGGGACAGAAT 900
851 CAGGCAGAGCGTCGTGCGCTATGAGCCACCAACAGGTGGGACAGAAT 900

FIG. 3
cont.

901 TCACCACCATCCTGTACAACCTCATGTGTAAACAGCAGCTGTGTGGGGGC 950
 901 TCACCACCATCCTGTACAACCTCATGTGTAAACAGCAGCTGTGTGGGGGC 950
 951 ATGAACCGACGGCCCATCCTCATCATCATCACCCCTGGAGACGGGGATGG 1000
 951 ATGAACCGACGGCCCATCCTCATCATCATCACCCCTGGAGACGGGGATGG 1000
 1001 GCAGGTGCTGGGCCGCCGTCTCGAGGGCCGCATCTGGCCTGTCTG 1050
 1001 GCAGGTGCTGGGCCGCCGTCTCGAGGGCCGCATCTGGCCTGTCTG 1050
 1051 GCCCGGACCGAAAAGCCGATGAGGACCACTACCGGGAGCAGCAGGCCCTG 1100
 1051 GCCCGGACCGAAAAGCCGATGAGGACCACTACCGGGAGCAGCAGGCCCTG 1100
 1101 AATGAGAGCTCCGCCAAGAACGGGCTGCCAGCAAGCGGCCCTCAAGCA 1150
 1101 AATGAGAGCTCCGCCAAGAACGGGCTGCCAGCAAGCGGCCCTCAAGCA 1150
 1151 GAGTCCCCCTGCCGTCCCCGCCCTGGGCCGGGTGTGAAGAACGGGGC 1200
 1151 GAGTCCCCCTGCCGTCCCCGCCCTGGGCCGGGTGTGAAGAACGGGGC 1200
 1201 ACGGAGACGAGGACACGTACTACCTGCAGGTGCGAGGCCCGAGAACTTC 1250
 1201 ACGGAGACGAGGACACGTACTACCTGCAGGTGCGAGGCCCGAGAACTTC 1250
 1251 GAGATCCCTGATGAAGCTGAAGGAGAGCCTGGAGCTGATGGAGTTGGTGCC 1300
 1251 GAGATCCCTGATGAAGCTGAAGGAGAGCCTGGAGCTGATGGAGTTGGTGCC 1300
 1301 GCAGCCGCTGGTAGACTCCTATCGGCAGCAGCAGCTCCCTACAGAGGC 1350
 1301 GCAGCCGCTGGTAGACTCCTATCGGCAGCAGCAGCTCCCTACAGAGGC 1350
 1351 CGAGTCACCTACAGCCCCCATCTACGGGCCGGTCTCTGCCCATGAAC 1400
 1351 CGAGTCACCTACAGCCCCCATCTACGGGCCGGTCTCTGCCCATGAAC 1400
 1401 AAGGTGCACGGGGCGTGAACAAGCTGCCCTCCGTCAACACAGCTGGTGG 1450
 1401 AAGGTGCACGGGGCGTGAACAAGCTGCCCTCCGTCAACACAGCTGGTGG 1450
 1451 CCAGCCCTCCCCCGCACAGCTGGCAGCTACACCCAACCTGGGACCTGTGG 1500
 1451 CCAGCCCTCCCCCGCACAGCTGGCAGCTACACCCAACCTGGGACCTGTGG 1500
 1501 GCTCTGGGATGCTAACAAACCAAGGCCACGCCAGTCCATGGTCTCGGGGTCCACTGCAAC 1550
 1501 GCTCTGGGATGCTAACAAACCAAGGCCACGCCAGTCCATGGTCTCGGGGTCCACTGCAAC 1550
 1551 ATGACCAGCAGCCACGGCACCCAGTCCATGGTCTCGGGGTCCACTGCAAC 1600
 1551 ATGACCAGCAGCCACGGCACCCAGTCCATGGTCTCGGGGTCCACTGCAAC 1600
 1601 TCCGCCACCCCCCTACCAAGGCCACCCAGGCTCGTCAGTTTTAACAG 1650
 1601 TCCGCCACCCCCCTACCAAGGCCACCCAGGCTCGTC..... 1637
 .
 1701 ACCATTACACCTGCAGAACCTGACCATCGAGGACCTGGGGCCCTGAA 1750
 1638AGGACCTGGGGCCCTGAA 1656
 1751 GATCCCCGAGCAGTATCGCATGACCATCTGGGGGGCTCCAGGACCTGA 1800

FIG.3
cont.

1657 GATCCCCGAGCAGTATGGCATGACCATCTGGGGGGCTGCAGGACCTGA 1706
 1801 AGCAGGGCCACGACTACGGCGCCGCCAGCAGCTGCTCCGCTCCAGC 1850
 1707 AGCAGGGCCACGACTACGGCGCCGCCAGCAGCTGCTCCGCTCCAGC 1756
 1851 AACGGGCGGCCATTCCATCGGCGGTCCGGGGAGCTGCAGGCCAGGG 1900
 1757 AACGGGCGGCCATTCCATCGGCGGTCCGGGGAGCTGCAGGCCAGGG 1806
 1901 GGTATGGAGGCCGTGCACTTCCGCGTGCACCCATCACCATCCCCA 1950
 1807 GGTATGGAGGCCGTGCACTTCCGCGTGCACCCATCACCATCCCCA 1856
 1951 ACCGGCGGGCCCCGGCGCCGGCCCGACGAGTGGGGACTTCGGCTTC 2000
 1857 ACCGGCGGGCCCCGGCGCCGGCCCGACGAGTGGGGACTTCGGCTTC 1906
 2001 GACCTGCCCCACTGCAAGGCCGCAAGCAGCCCATAAGGAGGAGTTAC 2050
 1907 GACCTGCCCCACTGCAAGGCCGCAAGCAGCCCATAAGGAGGAGTTAC 1956
 2051 GGAGGCCGAGATCCACTGAGGGCCGGCCAGCCAGGCCCTGTGCCACC 2100
 1957 GGAGGCCGAGATCCACTGAGGGCCGGCCAGCCAGGCCCTGTGCCACC 2006
 2101 GCCCAGAGACCCAGGCCGCTCGCTCTC 2128
 2007 GCCCAGAGACCCAGGCCGCTCGCTCTC 2034

FIG. 3 cont.

1	TGCTCCCGCCGGCACCCGCCGGAGGCTGTGCTCTCGAAGGGACGCAGCGAA	60
61	GCCGGGCCCCGGCACCCGCCGGAGGCTGTGCTCTCGAAGGGACGCAGCGAA	120
121	AGAGCGAGCTGCCCTGGAGGCCGGTGTAGGAAGATGCCCACTTCTCC	180
-10	MA Q S T T T S P	9
181	CCGATGGGGCACACGTTGAGCACCTCTGGAGCTCTCGAACAGACCACTACT	240
10	D G G T T F E H L W S S L E P D S T Y F	29
241	TCGACCTTCCCCAGTCAGGCCGGAAATAATGGGCTGGGACGGATTCCAGCA	300
30	D L P Q S S R G N N E V V G G T D S S M	49
301	TGGACGTCTCCACCTAGAGGGCATGACCACATCTGTCTGGGCCAGTTCATTGCTGA	360
50	D F H L E G M T T S V M A Q F N L L S	69
361	GCAGCACCATGGACCAAGATGAGCACGGCGCTGGCTCGGCCAGCCCCATACACCCCGGAGC	420
70	S T M D Q M S S R A A S A S P Y T P E H	89
421	ACGCCGCCAGCGTGCACCCATCCACCTACGCCAGGCCAGCTCACCTCGAACACCA	480
90	A A S V P T H S P Y A Q P S S T F D T M	109
481	TGTGCCCCGGCCTGTCACTCCCTCCAAACACGGACTATCCGGACCCACACTTCGAGG	540
110	S P A P V I P S N T D Y P G P H H F E V	129
541	TCACTTTCCAGCAGTCCAGCACGGCCAAGTCAGCCACCTGGACGTACTCCCACTCTGTA	600
130	T F Q Q S S T A K S A T W T Y S P L L K	149
601	AGAAACTCTACTGCCAGATGCCAACAGATGCCCATCCAGATCAAGGTGTCCGCCAAC	660
150	K L Y C Q I A K T C P I Q I K V S A P P	169
661	CGCCCCGGGACCCGATCCGGCATGCCCTGTACAGAACAGGGGAGCACGTGACCG	720
170	P P G T A T I R A M P V Y K K A E H V T D	189
721	ACATCGTAAGCGTGCACCCAAACCCAGAGCTGGGAGGACTCAAGAACGAGCTCTG	780
190	I V K R C P N H E L G R D F N E G Q S A	209
781	CCCCAGCCAGCACCTCATCCGTGTGAGGCAATAATCTCTCGCATATGTGGACGACC	840
210	P A S H L I R V E G N N L S Q Y V D D P	229
841	CTGTACCCGGCAGGCAGAGCGTCTGGCTCATAGGACCCACAGGTGGGAGAACAA	900
230	V T G R Q S V V V P Y E P P Q V G T E F	249
901	TCACCAACATCTGTACAACCTCATGTGTAACAGCAGCTGTGTTGGGGCATGAACCGAC	960
250	T T I L Y N F M C N S S C V G G M N R R	269
961	GGCCCATCTCATCATCACCTGGAGACGGGGATGGCCAGGTGTGGCCCGGT	1020
270	P I L I I I T L E T R D G Q V L G R R S	289
1021	CTTTCGAGGGCCGCATCTGCGCTGTCTGGCCGGACCGAAAAGCCGATGAGGACACT	1080
290	F E G R I C A C P G R D R K A D E D H Y	309
1081	ACCGGGAGCAGCAGGCCCTGAAATGAGAGCTCCGCCAAGAACGGGCTGCCAGAACGGCG	1140
310	R E Q Q A L N E S S A K N G A A S K R A	329
1141	CCTTCAAGCAGACTCCCTGCCCTCCCCGGCTGGGCCCCGGTGTGAAGAACGGGGC	1200
330	F K Q S P P A V P A L G P V K K R R H	349
1201	ACGGAGACGAGGACACGTACTACCTGCAAGGTGGAGGGCCGGAGAACCTCGAGATCTGA	1260
350	G D E D T Y Y L Q V R G R E N F E I L M	369
1261	TGAACCTGAAGGAGAGCCCTGGAGCTGTGGAGTTGGCTGGCCAGGGCTGTAGACTCCT	1320
370	K L K E S L E L M E L V P Q P L V D S Y	389
1321	ATCGGCAGCAGCAGCACGCTCTACAGAGGCCAGTCACCTACAGCCCCCATCCATCGGGC	1380
390	R Q Q Q Q Q L L Q R P S H L Q P P P S Y G P	409
1381	CGGTCTCTCGCCCATGAAACAGGTGCACGGGGCGTAACAGCTGCCCTCCGTCACCC	1440
410	V L S P M N K V H G G V N K L P S V N Q	429
1441	AGCTGGTGGGCCAGCTCCCCCGCACAGCTGGCAGCTACACCCAACTGGGACCTGTGG	1500
430	L V G Q P P P H S S A A T P N L G P V G	449
1501	GCTCTGGGATGTCACAAACCCAGGCCACCGCAAGCCAAACAGGAGATGACCGAGC	1560
450	S G M L N N H G H A V P A N S E M T S S	469
1561	GCCACGGCACCCAGTCCATGGCTCGGGGCCACTGCACTCCGCCACCCCCCTACCCAC	1620
470	H G T Q S M V S G H C T P P P Y H A	489
1621	CCGACCCCGAGCTCGTAGTTTAAACAGGATGGGGTGTCAAACACTGCACTGAGTATT	1680
490	D P S L V S F S L T G L G C P N C I E Y F	509

三

FIG.4

09/125005

8/36

1681	TCACGTCCCAGGGGTTACAGAGCATTACACCTGCAGAACCTGACCACATCGAGGACCTGG	1740
510	T S Q G L Q S I Y H L Q N L T I E D L G	529
1741	GGGCCCTGAAGATCCCCGAGCAGTATCGCATGACCATCTGGCGGGGGCTGCAGGACCTGA	1800
530	A L K I P E Q Y R M T I W R G L Q D L K	549
1801	ACGAGGGCCACCGACTACCGGCCGCCAGCAGCTGCTCCGCTCAGAACGCCGCG	1860
550	Q G H D Y G A A A Q Q L L R S S N A A A	569
1861	CCATTCCATCGGCCCTCGGGAGCTGCAGCGCCAGGGGTCACTGGAGGCCGTGCACT	1920
570	I S I G G S G E L Q R Q R V M E A V H F	589
1921	TCCCGTGCACACCCATCACCATCCCCAACCGCGGGGCCCGGCCGCGCCCGACG	1980
590	R V R H T I T I P N R G G P G A G P D E	609
1981	AGTGGGCGGACTTCGGCTTCGACCTGCCACTGCAAGGCCGCAAGCAGCCATCAAGG	2040
610	W A D F G F D L P D C K A R K Q P I K E	629
2041	AGGAGTTCACTGGAGGCCGAGATCCACTGAGGGGCCGGCCAGCCAGAGCTGTGCCACC	2100
630	E F T E A E I H *	649
2101	GCCAGAGACCCAGGCCCTCGCTCTCCCTCTGTGTCCAAAAGTCCTCCGGAGGCAG	2160
2161	GGCTCCAGGCTGTGCCGGAAAGGCAAGGTCCGCCATGCCCGCACCTCACCGG	2220
2221	CCCCAGGAGAGGCCAGCCACCAAGGCCCTGCGGACAGCCTGAGTCACCTGCAGAAC	2280
2281	TTCGGAGCTGCCCTAATGCTGGCTTGTGGGGCAGGGCCGGCCACTCTCAGCCCTGC	2340
2341	CACTGCCGGGCTGCTCCATGGCAGGCGTGGGTGGGACCGCAGTGTCACTCCGACCTC	2400
2401	CAGGCCCTCATCTAGAGACTCTGTCACTGCCGATCAAGCAAGGTCTTCCAGAGGAAG	2460
2461	AATCTCTCGTGGACTGCCAAAAGTATTTCGACATCTTTGGTCTGGAGAG	2520
2521	TGGTGAAGCAAGCCAGGACTGTGTGAACACCGTGCATTTCAGGAAATGTCCCTAAC	2580
2581	GGGCTGGGACTCTCTGCTGGACTTGGAGTGGCTTGGCCCTTTCAGGACACTGTATT	2640
2641	TGCGGGACGCCCTCTGCCCTAACACCAACCAAGTGTGTGAATTGGAGAAA	2700
2701	ACTGGGAAAGGCCAACCCCTCCAGGTGGGAAAGCATCTGGTACCGCCTGGCAGTG	2760
2761	CCCTCAGCTGGCACAGTCACCTCTCTGGGAAACCTGGGAGAAAAGGACAGCCT	2820
2821	GTCTTAGAGGACGGAAATTGTCATATTGATAAAATGATAACCCCTTCTAC	2874

FIG.4 cont.

1 TGCCTCCCGCCCGCGCACCCGGGGAGGCCCTGTGCTCTGCGAAGGGGACGCAGCGAA 60
 61 GCCGGGCCCCGGCCAGGCCGGGGACGGACCCGATGCCCGAGCTGCACCGCTGC 120
 121 AGAGCGAGCTGCCCTCGGAGGCCGTGAGGAAGATGCCAGTCACCAACCTCC 180
 -10 M A Q S T T T S P 9
 181 CCGATGGGGCACACGTTGAGCACCTCTGGACCTCTGGAAACAGACAGCACCTACT 240
 10 D G G T F E H L W S S L P D S T Y F 29
 241 TCGACCTTCCCAGTCAGCCGGGAATAATGGGTGGTGGCAGGGATTCCAGCA 300
 30 D L P Q S S R G N N E V V G G T D S S M 49
 301 TGGACCTCTCCACCTAGAGGGCATGACCACATCTGTCAATGCCAGTTCAATTGCTGA 360
 50 D V F H L E G M T T S V M A Q F N L L S 69
 361 GCAGCACCATGGACCAAGATGAGCAGCCGCTGCCCTGGCCAGCCGTACACCCGGAGC 420
 70 S T M D Q M S S R A A S A S P Y T P E H 89
 421 ACGCCGCCAGCGTGGCCACCCATCACCCCTACGCACAGCCAGCTCCACCTCGACACCA 480
 90 A A S V P T H S P Y A Q P S S T F D T M 109
 481 TGTCGCCCGGCCCTGTCACTCCCTCCAACACCGACTATCCCGGACCCCACCTCGAGG 540
 110 S S P A P V I P S N T D Y P G P H H F E V 129
 541 TCACTTCCAGCAGCCAGCACGGCAAGTCAGCCACCTGAGCTACTCCCCACTCTGA 600
 130 T F Q Q S S T A K S T A T W T Y S P L L K 149
 601 AGAAACTCTACTGCCAGATGCCAAGACATGCCAGATCAAGGTGTCCGCCAC 660
 150 K L Y C Q I A K T C P I Q I K V S A P P 169
 661 CGCCCCGGGACCCGCATCCGGGCATGCCCTGTCTACAAGAAGGCCGAGCACGTGACCG 720
 170 P P G T A I R A M P V Y K A E H V T D 189
 721 ACATCGTGAAGCGCTGCCCAACACAGAGCTGGGAGGGACTCAACGAAGGACAGTCTG 780
 190 I V K R C P N H E L G R D F N E G Q S A 209
 781 CCCCAGCCAGCCACCTCATCCGTGTGAGGAAATAATCTCGAGTATGTGGACGACC 840
 210 P A S H L I R V E G N N L S Q Y V D D P 229
 841 CTGTCACCCGGCAGGGCAGAGCGCTGTGGTGCCTATGAGCCACACAGGTGGGGACAGAAT 900
 230 V T G R Q S V V P E P Q V G T E F 249
 901 TCACCACTCCTGTACAACCTTGTAAACAGCAGCTGTGTGGGGGCATGAACCGAC 960
 250 T T I L Y N F M C N S S C V G G M N R R 269
 961 GGCCCATCCTCATCATCACCCCTGGAGACCGGGATGGCGAGGTGCTGGCCGGGT 1020
 270 P I L I I I T L E T R D G Q V L G R R S 289
 1021 CCTTCGAGGGCCGCATCTGCCCTGTCCCTGGCCGACCGAAAGCCGATGAGGACCACT 1080
 290 F E G R I C A C P G R D R K A D E D H Y 309
 1081 ACCGGGAGCAGCAGGCCCTGAATGAGAGCTCCCAAGAACGGGCTGCCAGCAAGCGCG 1140
 310 R E Q Q A L N E S S N G A A S K R A 329
 1141 CCTTCAGCAGAGTCCCCCTGCCCTGGCCCTGGCCGGGTGTGAAGAACGGCGGC 1200
 330 F K Q S P P A V P A L G P G V K K R R H 349
 1201 ACGGAGACGAGGACAGCTACTCTGCAGGTGGAGGCCGAGAACCTCGAGATCTGA 1260
 350 G D E D T Y Y L Q V R G R E N F E I L M 369
 1261 TGAAGCTGAAGGAGAGCCCTGGAGCTGATGGAGTTGGTGGCCGAGCGCTGGTAGACTCCT 1320
 370 K L K E S L E L M E L V P Q P L V D S Y 389
 1321 ATCGGAGCAGCAGCAGCTCTACAGAGGCCAGTCACCTACAGCCCCCATCTACGGC 1380
 390 R Q Q Q L L Q R P S H L Q P P S Y G P 409
 1381 CGGTCTCTGCCCATGAACAAGGTGCACGGGGCTGTGAAACAGCTGCCCTCCGTCAACC 1440
 410 V L S P M N K V H G G V N K L P S V N Q 429
 1441 AGCTGGTGGCCAGCCCTCCCCGACAGCTGGCAGCTACACCCACCTGGGACCTGTGG 1500
 430 L V G Q P P P H S S A A T P N L G P V G 449
 1501 GCTCTGGATGCTCAACACCAAGGCCACGGCAGCAGCCACAGCAGATGACCAGCA 1560
 450 S G M L N N H G H A V P A N S E M T S S 469
 1561 GCCACGGCACCCAGTCCATGGCTCGGGGTCCCCACTGCACCTGCCACCCCCCTACCAAG 1620
 470 H G T Q S M V S G S H C T P P P P Y H A 489
 1621 CCGACCCAGCCTCGTCAGGACCTGGGGGCCATGAAGATCCCCAGCAGTATCGCATGAC 1680
 490 D P S L V R T W G P * 509
 1681 CATCTGGGGGGCTGCAGGACCTGAAGCAGGCCACGACTACGGGCCGGCGAGCA 1740
 1741 GCTCTCCGCTCCAGCAACGGGGCCATTTCCATCGGGGCTCGGGGAGCTGCAGCG 1800
 1801 CCAGGGGTCACTGGAGGCCGTGCACTTCCGCTGCGCACACCATCACCATCCCCACCG 1860
 1861 CGGGGGCCCCGGCGCCGGCCCCGACGAGTGGGGGACTTCGGCTCGACCTGCCGACTG 1920
 1921 CAAAGCCCCGCAAGCAGCCATCAAGGAGGAGTTACGGAGGCCAGATCCACTGAGGGC 1980
 1981 CGGGCCCCAGCCAGGCCACCGCTGTGCCACCGCCCCAGAGACCCAGGCCCTCGCTC 2034

337125005

10/36

1 GCGAGCTGCCCTCGGAGGCCGGCGTGGGGAAAGATGGCCAGTCCACGCCACCTCCCCCTG 60
-9 M A Q S T A T S P D 10
61 ATGGGGGCCACCACGTTGAGCACCTCTGGAGCTCTCTGGAAACCAGACAGCACCTACTTCG 120
11 G G T T F E H L W S S L E P D S T Y F D 30
121 ACCTTCCCCAGTCAGGCCGGGGAAATAATGACCGTGGTGGCGGAACGGATTCCAGCATGG 180
31 L P Q S S R G N N E V V G G T D S S M D 50
181 ACGCTTCCACCTGGAGGGCATGACTACATCTGTCATGGCCAGTCAATCTGCTGAGCA 240
51 V F H L E G M T T S V M A Q F N L L S S 70
241 GCACCATGGACCAGATGAGCAGGCCGCCGGCCAGCCCCTACACCCAGAGCACG 300
71 T M D Q M S S R A A S A S P Y T P E H A 90
301 CCGCCAGCGTGCCACCCACTCGCCCTACGCACAACCCAGCTCCACCTTCGACACCATGT 360
91 A S V P T H S P Y A Q P S S T F D T M S 110
361 CGCCGGCGCCTGTCACTCCCTCCAACACCGACTACCCCGACCCCACTTGAGGTCA 420
111 P A P V I P S N T D Y P G P H H F E V T 130
421 CTTTCCAGCAGTCCAGCACGGCCAAGTCAGCCACCTGGACGTACTCCCGCTCTGAAGA 480
131 F Q Q S S T A K S A T W T Y S P L L K K 150
481 AACTCTACTGCCAGATGCCAAGACATGCCCATCCAGATCAAGGTGTCCACCCGCCAC 540
151 L Y C Q I A K T C P I Q I K V S T P P P 170
541 CCCCCAGGCACTGCCATCCGGGCATGCCGTGTTACAAGAAAGCGGAGACGTGACCGACG 600
171 P G T A I R A M P V Y K K A E H V T D V 190
601 TCGTGAACACGCTGCCCAACCACGAGCTCGGGAGGGACTTCAACGAAGGACAGTCGCTC 660
191 V K R C P N H E L G R D F N E G Q S A P 210
661 CAGCCAGCCACCTCATCCGCGTGGAAAGGCAATAATCTCTCGCAGTATGTGGATGACCTG 720
211 A S H L I R V E G N N L S Q Y V D D P V 230
721 TCACCGGCAGGGCAGAGCGCTGTGGTGCCCTATGAGCCACCACAGGTGGGACGGAATTCA 780
231 T G R Q S V V V P Y E P P Q V G T E F T 250
781 CCACCATCTGTACAACCTCATGTGTAACAGCAGCTGTGTAGGGGCATGAACCGCGGC 840
251 T I L Y N F M C N S S C V G G G M N R R P 270
841 CCATCCTCATCATCATCACCCCTGGAGATGCCGGATGGCAGGTGCTGGCCGCCGGTCT 900
271 I L I I I T L E M R D G Q V L G R R S F 290
901 TTGAGGGCCGCATCTGCCCTGTCTGGCCGCCAGCAGAAAGCTGTAGAGGACCACTACC 960
291 E G R I C A C P G R D R K A D E D H Y R 310
961 GGGAGCAGCAGGCCCTGAACGAGAGCTCCGCCAAGAACGGGCCGCCAGCAAGCGTGCCT 1020
311 E Q Q A L N E S S A K N G A A S K R A F 330
1021 TCAAGCAGAGCCCCCTGCCGTCCCGCCCTGGTGCCGGTGTGAAGAACGGCGCATG 1080
331 K Q S P P A V P A L G A G V K K R R H G 350
1081 GAGACGAGGACACGTACTACCTTCAGGTGCGAGGCCGGAGAACCTTGAGATCTGATGA 1140
351 D E D T Y Y L Q V R G R E N F E I L M K 370
1141 AGCTGAAAGAGAGCCCTGGAGCTGTGGAGTTGGTGCCTGGCAGCCACTGGTGGACTCTATC 1200
371 L K E S L E L M E L V P Q P L V D S Y R 390
1201 GGCAGCAGCAGCAGCTCCTACAGAGGCCGAGTCACCTACAGCCCCCGTCTACGGGCCGG 1260
391 Q Q Q Q L L Q R P S H L Q P P S Y G P V 410
1261 TCCCTCTGCCCATGAACAAGGTGCAGGGGGCATGAACAAGCTGCCCTCCGTCAACCGC 1320
411 L S P M N K V H G G M N K L P S V N Q L 430
1321 TGGTGGGCCAGCCTCCCCCGCACAGTTCGGCAGCTACACCCAAACCTGGGCCGGTGGGCC 1380
431 V G Q P P P H S S A A T P N L G P V G P 450
1381 CGGGGATGCTCAACAACCATGGCCACGCAGTGGCAGCCAACGGCGAGATGAGCAGCAGCC 1440
451 G M L N N H G H A V P A N G E M S S S H 470

FIG.6

1441	ACAGCGCCCAGTCCATGGTCTGGGTCCACTGCACTCCGCCACCCCCCTACCACGCCG	1500
471	S A Q S M V S G S H C T P P P P Y H A D	490
1501	ACCCCAGCCTCGTCAGTTTTAACAGGATTGGGTGTCAAACGTGCATCGAGTATTCA	1560
491	P S L V S F L T G L G C P N C I E Y F T	510
1561	CCTCCCAAGGGTTACAGAGCATTACCAACCTGCAGAACCTGACCATTGAGGACCTGGGG	1620
511	S Q G L Q S I Y H L Q N L T I E D L G A	530
1621	CCCTGAAGATCCCCGAGCAGTACCGCATGACCATCTGGCGGGCCTGCAGGACCTGAAGC	1680
531	L K I P E Q Y R M T I W R G L Q D L K Q	550
1681	AGGGCCACGACTACAGCACCGCGCAGCAGCTGCTCCGCTCTAGCAACGCGGCCACCATCT	1740
551	G H D Y S T A Q Q L L R S S N A A T I S	570
1741	CCATCGCGGCTCAGGGAACTGCAGCGCCAGCGGGCATGGAGGCCGTGCACTTCCGCG	1800
571	I G G S G E L Q R Q R V M E A V H F R V	590
1801	TGCGCCACACCATCACCATCCCCAACCGCGGCCAGGCAGGCCCTGACGAGTGGG	1860
591	R H T I T I P N R G G P G G G P D E W A	610
1861	CGGACTTCGGCTTCGACCTGCCCGACTGCAAGGCCGCAAGCAGCCCCTCAAGGAGGAGT	1920
611	D F G F D L P D C K A R K Q P I K E E F	630
1921	TCACGGAGGCCGAGATCCACTGAGGCCCTGCCTGGCTGCAGCCTGCGCCACCGCCAGA	1980
631	T E A E I H *	650
1981	GACCCAAGCTGCCCTCCCTCTCCCTGTGTGTCAAAACTGCCTCAGGAGGCAGGACC	2040
2041	TTCGGGCTGTGCCGGGAAAGGCAAGGTCCGGCCATCCCCAGGCACCTCACAGGCCCC	2100
2101	AGGAAAGGCCAGCCACCGAAGCCCTGTGGACAGCCTGAGTCACCTGCAGAACCC	2156

FIG. 6 cont.

09/125005

12/36

1	TGATCTCCCTGTGGCTGCAGGGGACTGAGCCAGGGAGTAGATGCCCTGAGACCCCAAGG	60
61	GACACCCAAGGAAACCTTGTGGCTTGAGAAAGGGATCGTCTCTCTCCCTGCCAAGAGA	120
121	AGCATGTGTATGGGCCCTGTGTATGAATCTCTGGCCAGTCAATTGCTCAGC	180
0	M C M G P V Y E S L G Q A Q F N L L S	19
181	AGTGCATGGACCAGATGGGAGCCGTGCGGCCCGGCAGGCCCTACACCCGGAGCAC	240
20	S A M D Q M G S R A A P A S P Y T P E H	39
241	GCCGCCAGCGGCCACCCACTCGCCCTACCGCAGGCCAGCTCCACCTTCGACACCATG	300
40	A A S A P T H S P Y A Q P S S T F D T M	59
301	TCTCCGGCGCTGTATCCCTTCAATACCGACTACCCCGCCGCCACCTTCGAGGTC	360
60	S P A P V I P S N T D Y P G P H H F E V	79
361	ACCTTCCAGCAGTCGAGCACTGCCAAGTCGGCCACCTGGACATACTCCCCACTCTGAAAG	420
80	T F Q Q S S T A K S A T W T Y S P L L K	99
421	AAGTTGTAAGTGTCAAGATTCGACATGCCCATCCAGATCAAAGTGTCCACACCCACCA	480
100	K L Y C Q I A K T C P I Q I K V S T T P P	119
481	CCCCCGGGCACGGCCATCCGGGCCATGCCCTGTCTACAAGAACAGGAGCATGTGACCGAC	540
120	P P G T A I R A M P V Y K K A E H V T D	139
541	ATTGTTAAGCGCTGCCCAACACGAGCTTGAATGAAGGACAGTCTGCC	600
140	I V K R C P N H E L G R D F N E G Q S A	159
601	CCGGCTAGCCACCTCATCCGTGAGAAGCAACCTCGCCAGTGTGGATGACCCCT	660
160	P A S H L I R V E G N N L A Q Y V D D P	179
661	GTCACCGGAAGGCAGAGTGTGGTTGTGCCGTATGAACCCCCACAGGTGGAAACAGAAATT	720
180	V T G R Q S V V P Y E P P Q V G T E F	199
721	ACCACCATCCGTACAACCTCATGTGAAACAGCAGCTGTGTGGGGGGCATGAATCGGAGG	780
200	T T I L Y N F M C N S S C V G G M N R R	219
781	CCCACCTTGTATCATCACCCCTGGAGACCCGGATGGACAGGTCTGGCCCGGTCT	840
220	P I L V I I T L E T R D G Q V L G R R S	239
841	TTCGAGGGTCCGATCTGTGCGCTGTCTGGCGTACCGCAAAGCTGATGAAGACCATTAC	900
240	F E G R I C A C P G R D R K A D E D H Y	259
901	CGGGAGCAACAGGCTCTGAATGAAAGTACCAAAATGGAGCTGCCAGCAAACGTGCA	960
260	R E Q Q A L N E S T T K N G A A S K R A	279
961	TTCAAGCAGAGCCCCCTGCCATCCCTGCCCTGGGTACCAACGCTGAAGAAGAGACGCCAC	1020
280	F K Q S P P A I P A L G T N V K K R R H	299
1021	GGGGACGAGGACATGTTCTACATGCACGTGCGAGGGCGGGAGAACATTGAGATCTTGATG	1080
300	G D E D M F Y M H V R G R E N F E I L M	319
1081	AAAGTCAGGGAGGCCTAGAACACTGATGGAGCTTGTGCCCCAGCCTTGGTTGACTCTTAT	1140
320	K V K E S L E L M E L V P Q P L V D S Y	339
1141	CGACAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCTCTACAGAGGCCAGTCACCTGCAGCCTCCATCTTAT	1200
340	R Q Q Q Q Q Q L Q R P S H Q P P S Y	359
1201	GGGGCGTGTCTCCCAATGAACAAAGGTACACGGTGTGTCAACAAACTGCCCTCCGT	1260
360	G P V L S P M N K V H G G V N K L P S V	379
1261	AACCAGCTGGTGGGCCAGCCTCCCCGCACAGCTCAGCAGCTGGGCCAACCTGGGCC	1320
380	N Q L V G Q P P H S S A A G P N L G P	399
1321	ATGGGCTCCGGATGCTCAACAGCCACGGCCACAGCATGCCGCAATGGTGAGATGAAT	1380
400	M G S G M L N S H G H S M P A N G E M N	419
1381	GGAGGCCACAGCTCCAGACCATGGTTGGGATCCCACAGCTGACCCGCCACCCCCCTAT	1440
420	G G H S S Q T M V S G S H C T P P P P Y	439
1441	CATGcAGACCCAGCCTCGTCAGTTTTGACAGGGTTGGGGTGTCAAACACTGCATCGAG	1500
440	H A D P S L V S F L T G L G C P N C I E	459
1501	TGCTTCACTTCCAAGGGTGTGAGGACATCTACCACTGAGAACCTTACCATCGAGGAC	1560
460	C F T S Q G L Q S I Y H L Q N L T I E D	479
1561	CTTGGGCTCTGAAGGCTCTGACCGAGTACCGTATGACCATCTGGAGGGCTACAGGAC	1620
480	L G A L K V P D Q Y R M T I W R G L Q D	499
1621	CTGAAGCAGAGCCATGACTGCGGCCAGCAACTGCTACGGCTCCAGCAGCAACCGGCCACC	1680
500	L K Q S H D C G Q L L R S S N A A T	519
1681	ATCTCCATCGGGGCTCTGGCGAGCTGAGCGGGCATGGAGCGCTGCATTC	1740
520	I S I G G S G E L Q R Q R V M E A V H F	539
1741	CGTGTGCGCCACACCATCACAATCCCCAACCGTGGAGGCGCAGGTGGCTGACAGGTCCC	1800
540	R V R H T I T I P N R G G A G A V T G P	559
1801	GACGAGTGGGGACTTGGCTTGTGACTGCCACTGCAAGTCCGTAAAGCAGCCCATC	1860
560	D E W A D F G F D L P D C K S R K Q P I	579
1861	AAAGAGGAGTTACAGAGACAGAGAGCCACTGAGGAACGTACCTCTCTCCCTTC	1920
580	K E E F T E T E S H *	599
1921	CTCTGTGAGAAACTGCTCTGGAGACTGGGACCTGTTGGCTGTGCCCCACAGAAACCCAGCAA	1980
1981	GGACCTTCTGCCGGATGCCATTCTGAAGGAAAGTCGCTCATGAACTAACCTCCCTTGG	2040

FIG.7

09/125005

13/36

1	TGGTCCCGCTTCGACCAAGACTCCGGTACCAAGCTTGGGGCCCCCGGGAGGAGGAGACC	60
61	CCGCTGGGGCTAGCTGGCGACGCGCGCCAAGCGCGGGGGAGGAGGCGGGAGGAGCG	120
121	GGGGCCCGAGACCCCGACTCGGGCAGAGCCAGCTGGGAGGCCGGCGCGCTGGGAGCCA	180
181	GGGGCCCGGGTGGCCGGCCCTCCCTCCGACGGCTGAGTGGCCCGCCTGCCCTCCGCG	240
241	GTCGGCCAAGAAAGGCGTAAGCTGCGGAGTCCCCCTGCCGCCCTCCGCTCCGC	300
301	ACCCCTATAACCCGCCGCTCCGATCCAGGGCAGGAGGCAACGCTGAGCCCCAGCCCTCG	360
361	CCGACGCCGACGCCGGCCGGAGCAGAAATGAGGGCAGCGTTGGGAGATGGCCCAGAC	420
-8	M S G S V G E M A Q T	11
421	CTCTTCTTCCCTCCACCTTCGAGCACCTGTGGAGTTCTAGAGCCAGACAGCAC	480
12	S S S S S T F E H L W S S L E P D S T	31
481	CTACTTTGACCTCCCCCAGCCCAGCCAAGGGACTAGCGAGGCATCAGGCAGCGAGGAGTC	540
32	Y F D L P Q P S Q G T S E A S G S E E S	51
541	CAACATGGATGTCTTCCACCTGCAAGGCATGGCCAGTCAATTGCTCAGCAGTGCCAT	600
52	N M D V F H L Q G M A Q F N L L S S A M	71
601	GGACCAGATGGCAGCCGTGCGGCCGGCGAGCCCTACACCCGGAGCACGCCAG	660
72	D Q M G S R A A P A S P Y T P E H A A S	91
661	CGCGCCACCCACTCGCCCTACGCGCAGCCAGCTCCACCTTGCACACCATGTCCTCCGGC	720
92	A P T H S P Y A Q P S S T F D T M S P A	111
721	GCCTGTCACTCCCTCCAATACCGACTACCCGGCCCC 758	
112	P V I P S N T D Y P G P 123	

FIG. 8

```

- Name: sr-p70a-cos3      Len: 650  Check: 9661  Weight: 1.00
- Name: sr-p70b-cos3      Len: 650  Check: 3605  Weight: 1.00
- Name: sr-p70-ht29        Len: 650  Check: 85    Weight: 1.00
- Name: sr-p70c-att20      Len: 650  Check: 4072  Weight: 1.00
- Name: sr-p70a-att20      Len: 650  Check: 4204  Weight: 1.00
-
-// 
-
-          1
- sr-p70a-cos3      .....MAQ STTTSPDGQT TFEHLWSSLE PDSTYFDLHQ SSRGNNEVVG
- sr-p70b-cos3      .....MAQ STTTSPDGQT TFEHLWSSLE PDSTYFDLHQ SSRGNNEVVG
- sr-p70-ht29        .....MAQ STATSPDGQT TFEHLWSSLE PDSTYFDLHQ SSRGNNEVVG
- sr-p70c-att20      .....MSGVGEMAQ ...TSSSSSS TFEHLWSSLE PDSTYFDLHQ PSQGTSEASG
- sr-p70a-att20      .....AQFNLLSSAM DQMGSRAAPA SPYTPHEAAS
-
-          51
- sr-p70a-cos3      GTDSSMD.VF HLEGMTTSVM AQFNLLSSTM DQMSSRAASA SPYTPHEAAS
- sr-p70b-cos3      GTDSSMD.VF HLEGMTTSVM AQFNLLSSTM DQMSSRAASA SPYTPHEAAS
- sr-p70-ht29        GTDSSMD.VF HLEGMTTSVM AQFNLLSSTM DQMSSRAASA SPYTPHEAAS
- sr-p70c-att20      ...MCMGPVY ..ESLG...Q AQFNLLSSAM DQMGSRAAPA SPYTPHEAAS
- sr-p70a-att20      SEESNMD.VF HLQGM.....AQFNLLSSAM DQMGSRAAPA SPYTPHEAAS
-
-          101
- sr-p70a-cos3      VPTHSPYAQP SSTFDTMSPA PVIPSNTDYP GPHHFEVTFQ QSSTAKSATW
- sr-p70b-cos3      VPTHSPYAQP SSTFDTMSPA PVIPSNTDYP GPHHFEVTFQ QSSTAKSATW
- sr-p70-ht29        VPTHSPYAQP SSTFDTMSPA PVIPSNTDYP GPHHFEVTFQ QSSTAKSATW
- sr-p70c-att20      APTHSPYAQP SSTFDTMSPA PVIPSNTDYP GPHHFEVTFQ QSSTAKSATW
- sr-p70a-att20      APTHSPYAQP SSTFDTMSPA PVIPSNTDYP GP.....
-
-          151
- sr-p70a-cos3      TYSPLKKLY CQIAKTCPIQ IKVSAPPPP TAIRAMPVYK KAEHVTDIVK
- sr-p70b-cos3      TYSPLKKLY CQIAKTCPIQ IKVSAPPPP TAIRAMPVYK KAEHVTDIVK
- sr-p70-ht29        TYSPLKKLY CQIAKTCPIQ IKVSTPPPPP TAIRAMPVYK KAEHVTDIVK
- sr-p70c-att20      TYSPLKKLY CQIAKTCPIQ IKVSTPPPPP TAIRAMPVYK KAEHVTDIVK
- sr-p70a-att20      .....
-
-          201
- sr-p70a-cos3      RCPNHELGRD FNEGQSAPAS HLIRVEGNNL SQYVDDPVIG RQSVVVPYEP
- sr-p70b-cos3      RCPNHELGRD FNEGQSAPAS HLIRVEGNNL SQYVDDPVIG RQSVVVPYEP
- sr-p70-ht29        RCPNHELGRD FNEGQSAPAS HLIRVEGNNL SQYVDDPVIG RQSVVVPYEP
- sr-p70c-att20      RCPNHELGRD FNEGQSAPAS HLIRVEGNNL AQYVDDPVIG RQSVVVPYEP
- sr-p70a-att20      .....
-
-          251
- sr-p70a-cos3      PQVGTEFTTI LYNFMCNSSC VGGMNRRLPIL IIITLETRDG QVLGRRSFEG
- sr-p70b-cos3      PQVGTEFTTI LYNFMCNSSC VGGMNRRLPIL IIITLETRDG QVLGRRSFEG
- sr-p70-ht29        PQVGTEFTTI LYNFMCNSSC VGGMNRRLPIL IIITLEMRDG QVLGRRSFEG
- sr-p70c-att20      PQVGTEFTTI LYNFMCNSSC VGGMNRRLPIL VIITLETRDG QVLGRRSFEG
- sr-p70a-att20      .....
-
-          301
- sr-p70a-cos3      RICACPGRDR KADEDHYREQ QALNESSAKN GAASKRAFKQ SPPAVPALGP
- sr-p70b-cos3      RICACPGRDR KADEDHYREQ QALNESSAKN GAASKRAFKQ SPPAVPALGP
- sr-p70-ht29        RICACPGRDR KADEDHYREQ QALNESSAKN GAASKRAFKQ SPPAVPALGA
- sr-p70c-att20      RICACPGRDR KADEDHYREQ QALNESTTKN GAASKRAFKQ SPPAIPALGT
- sr-p70a-att20      .....
-
```

...

FIG.9

	351	400
- sr-p70a-cos3	GVKKRRHGDE	DTYYLQVRGR ENFEILMKLK ESLELMELVP QPLVDSYR..
- sr-p70b-cos3	GVKKRRHGDE	DTYYLQVRGR ENFEILMKLK ESLELMELVP QPLVDSYR..
- sr-p70-ht29	GVKKRRHGDE	DTYYLQVRGR ENFEILMKLK ESLELMELVP QPLVDSYR..
_sr-p70c-att20	NVKKRRHGDE	DMFYMHVRGR ENFEILMKVK ESLELMELVP QPLVDSYRQQ
_sr-p70a-att20	.....	.....
-		
- sr-p70a-cos3	QQQQLLQRPS	HLQPPSYGPV LSPMNKVHGG VNKLPSVNQL VGQPPPSSA
- sr-p70b-cos3	QQQQLLQRPS	HLQPPSYGPV LSPMNKVHGG VNKLPSVNQL VGQPPPSSA
- sr-p70-ht29	QQQQLLQRPS	HLQPPSYGPV LSPMNKVHGG MNKLPSPVNQL VGQPPPSSA
_sr-p70c-att20	QQQQLLQRPS	HLQPPSYGPV LSPMNKVHGG VNKLPSVNQL VGQPPPSSA
_sr-p70a-att20	.....	.....
-		
- sr-p70a-cos3	401	
- sr-p70b-cos3	QQQQLLQRPS	HLQPPSYGPV LSPMNKVHGG VNKLPSVNQL VGQPPPSSA
- sr-p70-ht29	QQQQLLQRPS	HLQPPSYGPV LSPMNKVHGG VNKLPSVNQL VGQPPPSSA
_sr-p70c-att20	QQQQLLQRPS	HLQPPSYGPV LSPMNKVHGG VNKLPSVNQL VGQPPPSSA
_sr-p70a-att20	.....	.....
-		
- sr-p70a-cos3	451	
- sr-p70b-cos3	ATPNLGPVGS	GMLNNHGHAV PANSEMTSSH GTQSMVSGSH CTPPPPYHAD
- sr-p70-ht29	ATPNLGPVGS	GMLNNHGHAV PANSEMTSSH GTQSMVSGSH CTPPPPYHAD
_sr-p70c-att20	ATPNLGPVGP	GMLNNHGHAV PANGEMSSH SAQSMVSGSH CTPPPPYHAD
_sr-p70a-att20	AGPNLGPMS	GMLNSGHSM PANGEMNGGH SSQTMVSGSH CTPPPPYHAD
.....
-		
- sr-p70a-cos3	501	
- sr-p70b-cos3	PSLVSFLTGL	GCPNCIEYFT SQGLQSIYHL QNLTIEDLGA LKIPEQYRMT
- sr-p70-ht29	PSLVR..T.W	G.P.....
_sr-p70c-att20	PSLVSFLTGL	GCPNCIEYFT SQGLQSIYHL QNLTIEDLGA LKIPEQYRMT
_sr-p70a-att20	PSLVSFLTGL	GCPNCIECFT SQGLQSIYHL QNLTIEDLGA LKVPDQYRMT
.....
-		
- sr-p70a-cos3	551	
- sr-p70b-cos3	IWRGLQDLKQ	GHDYGAAAQQ LLR.SSNAAA ISIGGSGELQ RQRVMEAVHF
- sr-p70-ht29	IWRGLQDLKQ	GHDYS.TAQO LLR.SSNAAT ISIGGSGELQ RQRVMEAVHF
_sr-p70c-att20	IWRGLQDLKQ	SHDCG...QQ LLRSSNAAT ISIGGSGELQ RQRVMEAVHF
_sr-p70a-att20	.....	.....
-		
- sr-p70a-cos3	601	
- sr-p70b-cos3	RVRHTITIPN	RGGPGA..GP DEWADFGFDL PDCKARKQPI KEEFTEAZIH
- sr-p70-ht29	RVRHTITIPN	RGGPGG..GP DEWADFGFDL PDCKARKQPI KEEFTEAZIH
_sr-p70c-att20	RVRHTITIPN	RGGAGAVTGP DEWADFGFDL PDCKSRKQPI KEEFTETESH
_sr-p70a-att20	.....	.....
-		

FIG.9 cont.

09/125005

16/36

1 2 3 4

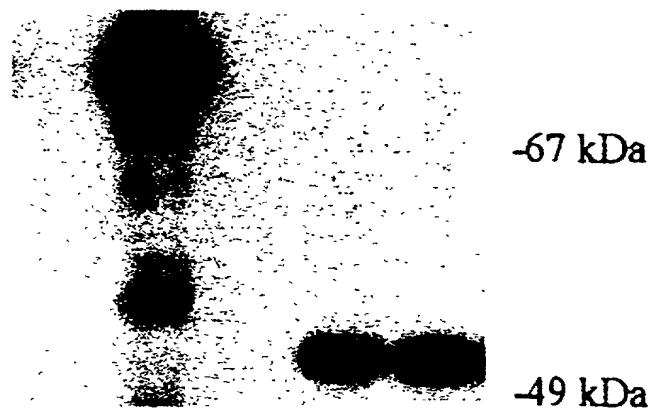


FIG.10 a

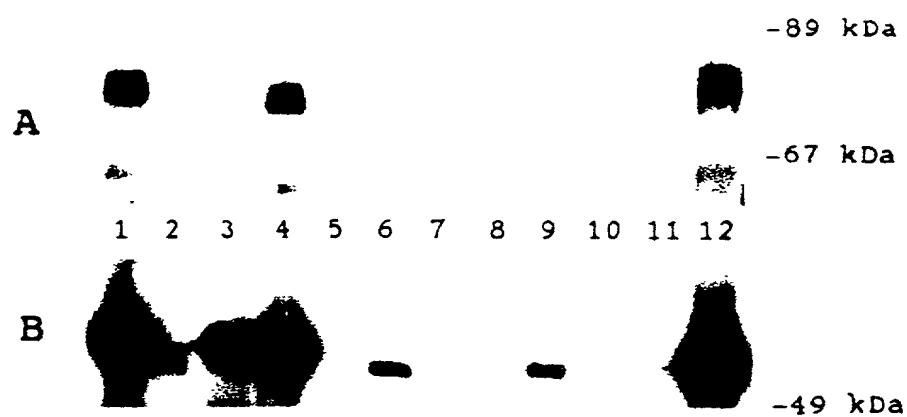


FIG.10 b

09/125005

17/36



FIG.11

551 GHDYSTAQQLRSSNAATISIGGSGELQRQRVMEAVHFRVRHTITIPNRG 600

601 GPGGGPDEWADFGFDLPLDCKARKOPIKEEFTEAELH 636

601 GPGGGPDEWADFGFDL PDCKARKOPIKEEFTEAEIH

FIG. 12

09/125005

19/36

FIG. 13

<p>1 CACCTACTCC <u>AGGGATGCC</u> CAGGCAGGCC CACTTGCCCTG CGCCCCCAC</p> <p>51 CGAGGCTGTC <u>ACAGGAGAC</u> AGAGCACAGG T^TCCCAAGGGT GCTCAGGGT</p> <p>CCTCGG - STRY1 101 CATTCCCTCC <u>TTCCTGAGA</u> GCGAGCTGCC C^TCGGAGGCC GGCGTGGGA</p> <p>CCTTGG + STRY1 151 AGATGGCCA GTCCACCGCC ACCTCCCCCTG ATGGGGCAC CACGTTTGAG</p> <p>201 CACCTCTGGA <u>GCTCTCTGTG</u> AGTGGCTTG GCTGGCCAGA GCTGGGGGCC</p> <p>251 CCCCTGGAG GCACTCTGGG CTAGCCCTAG CCACCTTCGC TGCGCTAACCT</p> <p>301 GGGCAGAGC AGGAGGGGTG GCCCCGGGAG GACTCTGGC TAGCCCCAGC</p> <p>351 CACCCCTCACT GAGACTTGG GCTAAACTTG GCAACCCCTCA CTGGGATTCCT</p> <p>401 GGGCTAGGCC CGACCACCCCT TGCCTGCACTA ACTGGACCAAG AGCAGGAGAG</p> <p>451 GTGGCTCCAC ACTAGCTCTG GGT^TAGCC^TT AGCCACCC^TC ATCAGCT^TGG</p> <p>501 GGACAGGGCG GGTGGAGGG GCAGGGAAAGA GGGACTTGCTG CCCTAGGCC^T</p> <p>551 TCCCTGGGA TGCAGGACCA AAATTAGAC TCTTTCTCTP GCCCAGCTCT</p> <p>601 GGAGAGGCC <u>CATGCCAGC</u> AGAGGCCAG AATAACAGAG CCATGACTG</p> <p>651 GCTCTGCCCTC TCTGGCACTC ACAGCAGGCC TGGAAATGGCA GTGGAGGCC</p> <p>701 AGAGATGGGA TGAGAGGGAA TGGGAAGGGC AGGAGACGTA GGCTCACCA</p> <p>751 GGAGTCAG GCTAGCCCTTG AGCTCTGGC CTGGGAGGTA TTGGGGTGAC</p> <p>801 ACCCAAATG <u>GGGACTGACG</u> CTCCTATTTT CCTCTCCCTG CCCCAGGAA</p> <p>851 CGAGACAGCA CCTACTTCGA CCTTCCCCAG TCAAGCCGG . . .</p>	<p>INTRON1</p> <p>EXON2</p> <p>INTRON2</p> <p>EXON3</p>
---	---

09/125005

20/36

sr-p70d-imr32	CG	ACCTTCCCCA	GTCAAGCCGG	GGGAATAATG	32
sr-p70a-ht29	CG	ACCTTCCCCA	GTCAAGCCGG	GGGAATAATG	150
	AGGTGGTGGG	CGGAACGGAT	TCCAGCATGG	ACGTCTTCCA	CCTGGAGGGC 82
	AGGTGGTGGG	CGGAACGGAT	TCCAGCATGG	ACGTCTTCCA	CCTGGAGGGC 200
	ATGACTACAT	CTGTCATGCA	TCCTCGGCTC	CTGCCTCACT	AGCTGCGGAG 132
	ATGACTACAT	CTGTCAT...			217
	CCTCTCCCGC	TCGGTCCACG	CTGCCGGCG	GCCACGACCG	TGACCCCTTCC 182
				
	CCTCGGGCCG	CCCAGATCCA	TGCCTCGTCC	CACGGGACAC	CAGTTCCCTG 232
				
	GCGTGTGCAG	ACCCCCCGGC	GCCTACCATG	CTGTACGTCG	GTGACCCCGC 282
				
	ACGGCACCTC	GCCACGGCCC	AGTTCAATCT	GCTGAGCAGC	ACCATGGACC 332
					.....GGCCC AGTTCAATCT GCTGAGCAGC ACCATGGACC 252
	AGATGAGCAG	CCGCGCGGCC	TCGGCCAGCC	CCTACACCCC	AGAGCACGCC 382
	AGATGAGCAG	CCGCGCGGCC	TCGGCCAGCC	CCTACACCCC	AGAGCACGCC 302
	GCCAGCGTGC	CCACCCACTC	GCCCTACGCA	CAACCCAGCT	CCACCTTCGA 432
	GCCAGCGTGC	CCACCCACTC	GCCCTACGCA	CAACCCAGCT	CCACCTTCGA 352
	CACCATGTCTG	CCGGCGCCTG	TCATCCCCCTC	CAACACCGAC	TACCCCGGAC 482
	CACCATGTCTG	CCGGCGCCTG	TCATCCCCCTC	CAACACCGAC	TACCCCGGAC 402
	CCCACCACTT	TGAGGTCACT	TTCCAGCAGT	CCAGCACGGC	CAAGTCAGCC 532
	CCCACCACTT	TGAGGTCACT	TTCCAGCAGT	CCAGCACGGC	CAAGTCAGCC 452
	ACCTGGACGT	ACTCCCCGCT	CTTGAAG		
	ACCTGGACGT	ACTCCCCGCT	CTTGAAG		

FIG. 14

09/125005

21/36

sr-p70a	T A A C G C C C G C G C C T A C T C C C C G G C G C C T C C C C T C C C C G G C C C C A	50
sr-p70f	- - - - -	0
sr-p70d	- - - - -	0
sr-p70e	- - - - -	0
sr-p70b	- - - - -	0
sr-p70a	T A T A A C C C C G C C T A G G G G C A G C C C G C C T G C C C C T G C C C C G G C A	100
sr-p70f	- - - - -	0
sr-p70d	- - - - -	0
sr-p70e	- - - - -	0
sr-p70b	- - - - -	0
sr-p70a	C C C G C C C G G A G G C T C G C C G C C G C A G G G A A G G G C A G C G C A G C G C A	150
sr-p70f	- - - - -	0
sr-p70d	- - - - -	0
sr-p70e	- - - - -	0
sr-p70b	- - - - -	0
sr-p70a	C C G C G C C A G G C C A G C G G A C G G C A C G G C C G G A T G C C C G G G C T T G C C C G G G C T G C C C G G G C T G C C C G G G C T	200
sr-p70f	- - - - -	0
sr-p70d	- - - - -	0
sr-p70e	- - - - -	0
sr-p70b	- - - - -	0
sr-p70a	G C A G A G C G A G C T G C C C C T C G G A G G C C C A G T G G G C C A G T C C A	250
sr-p70f	G C A G - - - - -	24
sr-p70d	- - - - -	0
sr-p70e	- - - - -	0
sr-p70b	- - - - -	13

FIG. 15

sr-p70a	CCGCCACCCCTGGATGGGGCACACGTTGAGCACCTCTGGAGCTCTT	300
sr-p70f	-	24
sr-p70d	-	0
sr-p70e	-	0
sr-p70b	CCGCCACCCCTGGATGGGGCACACGTTGAGCACCTCTGGAGCTCTT	63
sr-p70a	CTGGAACAGCACCTACTTGGACCTTCCGAGTCAGTCAGGCCCCGGAA	350
sr-p70f	-GGAACAGCACCTACTTGGACCTTCCGAGTCAGTCAGGCCCCGGAA	72
sr-p70d	-	0
sr-p70e	-	0
sr-p70b	CTGGAACAGCACCTACTTGGACCTTCCGAGTCAGTCAGGCCCCGGAA	113
sr-p70a	TAATGAGGGTGGTGGGAAACGGATTCAGCATGGACGTCTTCCACCTGG	400
sr-p70f	TAATGAGGGTGGTGGGAAACGGATTCAGCATGGACGTCTTCCACCTGG	122
sr-p70d	-ATGCTGTACGGTGGTACCCGACAGGCTGACACCTCCTCCTC	33
sr-p70e	-ATGCTGTACGGTGGTACCCGACAGGCTGACACCTCCTCCTC	33
sr-p70b	TAATGAGGGTGGTGGGAAACGGATTCAGCATGGACGTCTTCCACCTGG	163
sr-p70a	AGGGCATTGACCTACATGTCATGGCCAGTTCAATCTGGCTGAGCAACC	450
sr-p70f	AGGGCATTGACCTACATGTCATGGCCAGTTCAATCTGGCTGAGCAACC	172
sr-p70d	-GCCACGCCACGCCAGTTCAATCTGGCTGAGCAACC	66
sr-p70e	-GCCACGCCACGCCAGTTCAATCTGGCTGAGCAACC	66
sr-p70b	AGGGCATTGACCTACATGTCATGGCCAGTTCAATCTGGCTGAGCAACC	213
sr-p70a	ATGGGACCAAGATGAGCACGCCCTCGGGCAAGCCCCCTAACACCCAGAA	500
sr-p70f	ATGGGACCAAGATGAGCACGCCCTCGGGCAAGCCCCCTAACACCCAGAA	222
sr-p70d	ATGGGACCAAGATGAGCACGCCCTCGGGCAAGCCCCCTAACACCCAGAA	116
sr-p70e	ATGGGACCAAGATGAGCACGCCCTCGGGCAAGCCCCCTAACACCCAGAA	116
sr-p70b	ATGGGACCAAGATGAGCACGCCCTCGGGCAAGCCCCCTAACACCCAGAA	263

22/36

FIG.15 cont.

09/125005

09/125005

23/36

sr-p70a	G C A C G C C C G G C A G G G T G C C A C C C A C T C G C A C A C A C C C A G C T C C A	550
sr-p70f	G C A C G C C C G G C A G G G T G C C A C C C A C T C G C A C A C C C A G C T C C A	272
sr-p70d	G C A C G C C C G G C A G G G T G C C A C C C A C T C G C A C A C C C A G C T C C A	166
sr-p70e	G C A C G C C C G G C A G G G T G C C A C C C A C T C G C A C A C C C A G C T C C A	166
sr-p70b	G C A C G C C C G G C A G G G T G C C A C C C A C T C G C A C A C C C A G C T C C A	313
sr-p70a	C C T T C G A C C A T G T C G C C G G C G C C T G T C A T C C A C C C G A C T T A C	600
sr-p70f	C C T T C G A C C A T G T C G C C G G C G C C T G T C A T C C A C C C G A C T T A C	322
sr-p70d	C C T T C G A C C A T G T C G C C G G C G C C T G T C A T C C A C C C G A C T T A C	216
sr-p70e	C C T T C G A C C A T G T C G C C G G C G C C T G T C A T C C A C C C G A C T T A C	216
sr-p70b	C C T T C G A C C A C C A T G T C G C C G G C G C C T G T C A T C C A C C C G A C T T A C	363
sr-p70a	C C C G G A C C C A C C A C T T T G A G G G T C A C T T T C C A G G T C C A G G C A C G G G C A A	650
sr-p70f	C C C G G A C C C A C C A C T T T G A G G G T C A C T T T C C A G G T C C A G G C A C G G G C A A	372
sr-p70d	C C C G G A C C C A C C A C T T T G A G G G T C A C T T T C C A G G T C C A G G C A C G G G C A A	266
sr-p70e	C C C G G A C C C A C C A C T T T G A G G G T C A C T T T C C A G G T C C A G G C A C G G G C A A	266
sr-p70b	C C C G G A C C C A C C A C T T T G A G G G T C A C T T T C C A G G T C C A G G C A C G G G C A A	413
sr-p70a	G T C A G C C A C C T G G A C G T A C T C C C G C T C T G A A G A A A C T C T A C T G C C A G A	700
sr-p70f	G T C A G C C A C C T G G A C G T A C T C C C G C T C T G A A G A A A C T C T A C T G C C A G A	422
sr-p70d	G T C A G C C A C C T G G A C G T A C T C C C G C T C T G A A G A A A C T C T A C T G C C A G A	316
sr-p70e	G T C A G C C A C C T G G A C G T A C T C C C G C T C T G A A G A A A C T C T A C T G C C A G A	316
sr-p70b	G T C A G C C A C C T G G A C G T A C T C C C G C T C T G A A G A A A C T C T A C T G C C A G A	463
sr-p70a	T C G C C A A G A C A T G C C C A T C C A G A T C A A G G T G T C C A C C C C A C C C C C C A	750
sr-p70f	T C G C C A A G A C A T G C C C A T C C A G A T C A A G G T G T C C A C C C C A C C C C C C A	472
sr-p70d	T C G C C A A G A C A T G C C C A T C C A G A T C A A G G T G T C C A C C C C A C C C C C C A	366
sr-p70e	T C G C C A A G A C A T G C C C A T C C A G A T C A A G G T G T C C A C C C C A C C C C C C A	366
sr-p70b	T C G C C A A G A C A T G C C C A T C C A G A T C A A G G T G T C C A C C C C A C C C C C C A	513

FIG. 15 cont.

sr-p70a	G G C A C T G C C A T C C G G C A T G C C T G T T A C A A G A A A G C G G A G C A C G T G A C	800
sr-p70f	G G C A C T G C C A T C C G G C A T G C C T G T T A C A A G A A A G C G G A G C A C G T G A C	522
sr-p70d	G G C A C T G C C A T C C G G C A T G C C T G T T A C A A G A A A G C G G A G C A C G T G A C	416
sr-p70e	G G C A C T G C C A T C C G G C A T G C C T G T T A C A A G A A A G C G G A G C A C G T G A C	416
sr-p70b	G G C A C T G C C A T C C G G C A T G C C T G T T A C A A G A A A G C G G A G C A C G T G A C	563
sr-p70a	C G A C G T C G T G A A A C G G C T G C C C A A C C A C C G A G C T C G G G A G G A C T T C A A C G	850
sr-p70f	C G A C G T C G T G A A A C G G C T G C C C A A C C A C C G A G C T C G G G A G G A C T T C A A C G	572
sr-p70d	C G A C G T C G T G A A A C G G C T G C C C A A C C A C C G A G C T C G G G A G G A C T T C A A C G	466
sr-p70e	C G A C G T C G T G A A A C G G C T G C C C A A C C A C C G A G C T C G G G A G G A C T T C A A C G	466
sr-p70b	C G A C G T C G T G A A A C G G C T G C C C A A C C A C C G A G C T C G G G A G G A C T T C A A C G	613
sr-p70a	A A G G A C A G T C T G C T C C A G C C A C C T C A T C C G G G A G G C A A T A A T	900
sr-p70f	A A G G A C A G T C T G C T C C A G C C A C C T C A T C C G G G A G G C A A T A A T	622
sr-p70d	A A G G A C A G T C T G C T C C A G C C A C C T C A T C C G G G A G G C A A T A A T	516
sr-p70e	A A G G A C A G T C T G C T C C A G C C A C C T C A T C C G G G A G G C A A T A A T	516
sr-p70b	A A G G A C A G T C T G C T C C A G C C A C C T C A T C C G G G A G G C A A T A A T	663
sr-p70a	C T C T C G C A G T A T G T G G A T G A C C C T G T C A C C G G C A G G G A G C C A T C T G T A C A	950
sr-p70f	C T C T C G C A G T A T G T G G A T G A C C C T G T C A C C G G C A G G G A G C C A T C T G T A C A	672
sr-p70d	C T C T C G C A G T A T G T G G A T G A C C C T G T C A C C G G C A G G G A G C C A T C T G T A C A	566
sr-p70e	C T C T C G C A G T A T G T G G A T G A C C C T G T C A C C G G C A G G G A G C C A T C T G T A C A	566
sr-p70b	C T C T C G C A G T A T G T G G A T G A C C C T G T C A C C G G C A G G G A G C C A T C T G T A C A	713
sr-p70a	G C C C C T A T G A G C C A C C A G G T G G G G A C C C A C C A T C C T G T A C A	1000
sr-p70f	G C C C C T A T G A G C C A C C A G G T G G G G A C C C A C C A T C C T G T A C A	722
sr-p70d	G C C C C T A T G A G C C A C C A G G T G G G G A C C C A C C A T C C T G T A C A	616
sr-p70e	G C C C C T A T G A G C C A C C A G G T G G G G A C C C A C C A T C C T G T A C A	616
sr-p70b	G C C C C T A T G A G C C A C C A G G T G G G G A C C C A C C A T C C T G T A C A	763

FIG. 15 cont.

	sr-p70a	sr-p70f	sr-p70d	sr-p70e	sr-p70b	1150
	G T C C T T G A G G G C A T C T G C C C T G T C C T G C C C G A C C G A C C G A C C G C T G	G T C C T T G A G G G C A T C T G C C C T G T C C T G C C C G A C C G A C C G C T G	G T C C T T G A G G G C A T C T G C C C T G T C C T G C C C G A C C G A C C G C T G	G T C C T T G A G G G C A T C T G C C C T G T C C T G C C C G A C C G A C C G C T G	G T C C T T G A G G G C A T C T G C C C T G T C C T G C C C G A C C G A C C G C T G	G T C C T T G A G G G C A T C T G C C C T G T C C T G C C C G A C C G A C C G C T G
						872
						766
						913

sr-p70a	ATGAGGACCACTACCCGGAGGCAAGCAGGCCCTGAA	CGAGAGCTCCGCCAAG	1200
sr-p70f	ATGAGGACCACTACCCGGAGGCAAGCAGCTCCG	CAAG	922
sr-p70d	ATGAGGACCACTACCCGGAGGCAAGCAGCTCCG	CAAG	816
sr-p70e	ATGAGGACCACTACCCGGAGGCAAGCAGCTCCG	CAAG	816
sr-p70b	ATGAGGACCACTACCCGGAGGCAAGCAGCTCCG	CAAG	963

FIG. 15 cont.

09/125005

26/36

sr-p70a	C G C C C T T G G T G C C G G T G T G A A G A A G C C G C A T G G A G C A C G T	1300
sr-p70f	C G C C C T T G G T G C C G G T G T G A A G A A G C C G C A T G G A G C A C G T	1022
sr-p70d	C G C C C T T G G T G C C G G T G T G A A G A A G C C G C A T G G A G C A C G T	916
sr-p70e	C G C C C T T G G T G C C G G T G T G A A G A A G C C G C A T G G A G C A C G T	916
sr-p70b	C G C C C T T G G T G C C G G T G T G A A G A A G C C G C A T G G A G C A C G T	1063

sr-p70a	ACT	CCT	TCA	GGT	GGG	AGG	CCG	GGG	AGG	ACT	T	TGAGA	TCC	CTG	TGAA	GGCTG	TGAA	GGCTG	1350
sr-p70f	ACT	CC	TCA	GGT	GGG	AGG	CCG	GGG	AGG	ACT	T	TGAGA	TCC	CTG	TGAA	GGCTG	TGAA	GGCTG	1072
sr-p70d	ACT	CC	TCA	GGT	GGG	AGG	CCG	GGG	AGG	ACT	T	TGAGA	TCC	CTG	TGAA	GGCTG	TGAA	GGCTG	966
sr-p70e	ACT	CC	TCA	GGT	GGG	AGG	CCG	GGG	AGG	ACT	T	TGAGA	TCC	CTG	TGAA	GGCTG	TGAA	GGCTG	966
sr-p70b	ACT	CC	TCA	GGT	GGG	AGG	CCG	GGG	AGG	ACT	T	TGAGA	TCC	CTG	TGAA	GGCTG	TGAA	GGCTG	1113

SR-p70a	AAAGAGGCCCTGGAGTTGGCCAGCCACTGGTGGACTC
SR-p70f	AAAGAGGCCCTGGAGTTGGCCAGCCACTGGTGGACTC
SR-p70d	AAAGAGGCCCTGGAGTTGGCCAGCCACTGGTGGACTC
SR-p70e	AAAGAGGCCCTGGAGTTGGCCAGCCACTGGTGGACTC
SR-p70b	AAAGAGGCCCTGGAGTTGGCCAGCCACTGGTGGACTC

sr-p70a	CTATCGGCCAGCAGCTTACAGAGGCGAGTCACCCCC	1450
sr-p70f	CTATCGGCCAGCAGCTTACAGAGGCCAGCTTACAGCCCC	1172
sr-p70d	CTATCGGCCAGCAGCTTACAGAGGCCAGCTTACAGCCCC	1066
sr-p70e	CTATCGGCCAGCAGCTTACAGAGGCCAGCTTACAGCCCC	1049
sr-p70b	CTATCGGCCAGCAGCTTACAGAGGCCAGCTTACAGCCCC	1213

FIG. 15 cont.

09/125005

27/36

sr-p70a	A A C A A G C T G C C C T C C G T C A A C C A G C T G G C T G G C C A G C A C A G	1550
sr-p70f	A A C A A G C T G C C C T C C G T C A A C C A G C T G G C T G G C C A G C A C A G	1272
sr-p70d	A A C A A G C T G C C C T C C G T C A A C C A G C T G G C T G G C C A G C A C A G	1166
sr-p70e	- - - - -	1049
sr-p70b	A A C A A G C T G C C C T C C G T C A A C C A G C T G G C T G G C C A G C A C A G	1313
sr-p70a	T T C G G C A G C T A C A C C C A A C C T G G G C C G T G G G C C C G G A T G C T C A A C A	1600
sr-p70f	T T C G G C A G C T A C A C C C A A C C T G G G C C G T G G G C C C G G A T G C T C A A C A	1322
sr-p70d	T T C G G C A G C T A C A C C C A A C C T G G G C C G T G G G C C C G G A T G C T C A A C A	1216
sr-p70e	- - - - -	1067
sr-p70b	T T C G G C A G C T A C A C C C A A C C T G G G C C G T G G G C C C G G A T G C T C A A C A	1363
sr-p70a	A C C A T G G C C A C G C A G T G C C A G C C A A C G G C A G G C A G C A G C A C A G C	1650
sr-p70f	A C C A T G G C C A C G C A G T G C C A G C C A A C G G C A G G C A G C A G C A G C	1372
sr-p70d	A C C A T G G C C A C G C A G T G C C A G C C A A C G G C A G G C A G C A G C A G C	1266
sr-p70e	A C C A T G G C C A C G C A G T G C C A G C C A A C G G C A G G C A G C A G C A G C	1117
sr-p70b	T T C G G C A G C T A C A C C C A A C C T G G G C C C G T G G G C C C G G A T G C A G C A G C	1413
sr-p70a	G C C C A G T C C C A T G G T C T C C G G T C C C C A C T G C A C T T C C C A C C C C C T A C C A	1700
sr-p70f	G C C C A G T C C C A T G G T C T C C G G T C C C C A C T G C A C T T C C C A C C C C C T A C C A	1422
sr-p70d	G C C C A G T C C C A T G G T C T C C G G T C C C C A C T G C A C T T C C C A C C C C C T A C C A	1316
sr-p70e	G C C C A G T C C C A T G G T C T C C G G T C C C C A C T G C A C T T C C C A C C C C C T A C C A	1167
sr-p70b	G C C C A G T C C C A T G G T C T C C G G T C C C C A C T G C A C T T C C C A C C C C C T A C C A	1463
sr-p70a	C G C C G A C C C C A G C C C T C G T C A G T T T T A A C A G G A T T G G G T G T C C A A A C T	1750
sr-p70f	C G C C G A C C C C A G C C C T C G T C A G T T T T A A C A G G A T T G G G T G T C C A A A C T	1472
sr-p70d	C G C C G A C C C C A G C C C T C G T C A G T T T T A A C A G G A T T G G G T G T C C A A A C T	1366
sr-p70e	C G C C G A C C C C A G C C C T C G T C - - - - -	1186
sr-p70b	C G C C G A C C C C A G C C C T C G T C - - - - -	1482

FIG. 15 cont.

sr-p70a	G C A T C G A G T A T T C A C C T C C C A A G G G T T A C A G A G C A T T A C C A C C T G C A G	1800
sr-p70f	G C A T C G A G T A T T C A C C T C C C A A G G G T T A C A G A G C A T T A C C A C C T G C A G	1522
sr-p70d	G C A T C G A G T A T T C A C C T C C C A A G G G T T A C A G A G C A T T A C C A C C T G C A G	1416
sr-p70e	- - - - -	1186
sr-p70b	- - - - -	1482
sr-p70a	A A C C T G A C C A T T G A G G A C C T G G G G G C C C T G A A G A T C C C C G A G C A G T A C C G	1850
sr-p70f	A A C C T G A C C A T T G A G G A C C T G G G G G C C C T G A A G A T C C C C G A G C A G T A C C G	1572
sr-p70d	A A C C T G A C C A T T G A G G A C C T G G G G G C C C T G A A G A T C C C C G A G C A G T A C C G	1466
sr-p70e	- - - - -	1223
sr-p70b	- - - - -	1519
sr-p70a	C A T G A C C A T C T G G C G G G C C T G C A G G G A C C T G A A G C A G G G G C C A C C G A C T A C A	1900
sr-p70f	C A T G A C C A T C T G G C G G G C C T G C A G G G A C C T G A A G C A G G G G C C A C C G A C T A C A	1622
sr-p70d	C A T G A C C A T C T G G C G G G C C T G C A G G G A C C T G A A G C A G G G G C C A C C G A C T A C A	1516
sr-p70e	C A T G A C C A T C T G G C G G G C C T G C A G G G A C C T G A A G C A G G G G C C A C C G A C T A C A	1273
sr-p70b	C A T G A C C A T C T G G C G G G C C T G C A G G G A C C T G A A G C A G G G G C C A C C G A C T A C A	1569
sr-p70a	G C A C C C G C C A G C A G C T G C T C C G C T C A G C A A C G C G G C C A C C C A T C T C C A T C	1950
sr-p70f	G C A C C C G C C A G C A G C T G C T C C G C T C A G C A A C G C G G C C A C C C A T C T C C A T C	1672
sr-p70d	G C A C C C G C C A G C A G C T G C T C C G C T C A G C A A C G C G G C C A C C C A T C T C C A T C	1566
sr-p70e	G C A C C C G C C A G C A G C T G C T C C G C T C A G C A A C G C G G C C A C C C A T C T C C A T C	1323
sr-p70b	G C A C C C G C C A G C A G C T G C T C C G C T C A G C A A C G C G G C C A C C C A T C T C C A T C	1619
sr-p70a	G G C G G C T C A G G G A A C T G C A G G C G G C A G G C G G G T C A T G G A G G G C G T G C A C T T	2000
sr-p70f	G G C G G C T C A G G G A A C T G C A G G C G G G T C A T G G A G G G C G T G C A C T T	1722
sr-p70d	G G C G G C T C A G G G A A C T G C A G G C G G G T C A T G G A G G G C G T G C A C T T	1616
sr-p70e	G G C G G C T C A G G G A A C T G C A G G C G G G T C A T G G A G G G C G T G C A C T T	1373
sr-p70b	G G C G G C T C A G G G A A C T G C A G G C G G G T C A T G G A G G G C G T G C A C T T	1669

FIG. 15 cont.

and am sure you will do us a good service in your efforts to help us with this work.

29/36

FIG. 15 cont.

09/125005

30/36

sr-p70a	G C C C C A G G A A G G C C A G C C A C C C A G C C A G C C T G G A G T C A	2350
sr-p70f	- - - - -	1870
sr-p70d	- - - - -	1764
sr-p70e	- - - - -	1521
sr-p70b	- - - - -	1817
sr-p70a	C C T G C A G A A C C	2361
sr-p70f	- - - - -	1870
sr-p70d	- - - - -	1764
sr-p70e	- - - - -	1521
sr-p70b	- - - - -	1817

FIG. 15 cont.

31/36

sr-p70a-	MAQSTATSPDGTTFEHLWSSLEPDSTYFDLPOSSSRGNNEVUGGTDSSSMD	50
sr-p70f-	-----	2
sr-p70d-	-----	1
sr-p70b-	MAQSTATSPDGTTFEHLWSSLEPDSTYFDLPOSSSRGNNEVUGGTDSSSMD	50
sr-p70e-	-----	1
sr-p70a-	VFHLEGMTTSVMAQFNLLSSSTMQDMSSRAASASPYTPEHAAASVPTHSPYA	100
sr-p70f-	VFHLEGMTTSVMAQFNLLSSSTMQDMSSRAASASPYTPEHAAASVPTHSPYA	52
sr-p70d-	LYVGDPARHLATAQFNLLSSSTMQDMSSRAASASPYTPEHAAASVPTHSPYA	51
sr-p70b-	VFHLEGMTTSVMAQFNLLSSSTMQDMSSRAASASPYTPEHAAASVPTHSPYA	100
sr-p70e-	LYVGDPARHLATAQFNLLSSSTMQDMSSRAASASPYTPEHAAASVPTHSPYA	51
sr-p70a-	QPSSTFDTMSPAPVIPSNTDYPGPFFFQFQSSSTAKSATWWTYSPLLKK	150
sr-p70f-	QPSSTFDTMSPAPVIPSNTDYPGPFFFQFQSSSTAKSATWWTYSPLLKK	102
sr-p70d-	QPSSTFDTMSPAPVIPSNTDYPGPFFFQFQSSSTAKSATWWTYSPLLKK	101
sr-p70b-	QPSSTFDTMSPAPVIPSNTDYPGPFFFQFQSSSTAKSATWWTYSPLLKK	150
sr-p70e-	QPSSTFDTMSPAPVIPSNTDYPGPFFFQFQSSSTAKSATWWTYSPLLKK	101
sr-p70a-	LYCQIAKTCPIQIKVSTTPPGTAIRAMPVYKKAEHVTDVVKRCPNHEELG	200
sr-p70f-	LYCQIAKTCPIQIKVSTTPPGTAIRAMPVYKKAEHVTDVVKRCPNHEELG	152
sr-p70d-	LYCQIAKTCPIQIKVSTTPPGTAIRAMPVYKKAEHVTDVVKRCPNHEELG	151
sr-p70b-	LYCQIAKTCPIQIKVSTTPPGTAIRAMPVYKKAEHVTDVVKRCPNHEELG	200
sr-p70e-	LYCQIAKTCPIQIKVSTTPPGTAIRAMPVYKKAEHVTDVVKRCPNHEELG	151
sr-p70a-	RDFNEGQSAPASHLIRVEGNNLSQLYVDDPVTGRQSVVVPPQVYEPPT	250
sr-p70f-	RDFNEGQSAPASHLIRVEGNNLSQLYVDDPVTGRQSVVVPPQVYEPPT	202
sr-p70d-	RDFNEGQSAPASHLIRVEGNNLSQLYVDDPVTGRQSVVVPPQVYEPPT	201
sr-p70b-	RDFNEGQSAPASHLIRVEGNNLSQLYVDDPVTGRQSVVVPPQVYEPPT	250
sr-p70e-	RDFNEGQSAPASHLIRVEGNNLSQLYVDDPVTGRQSVVVPPQVYEPPT	201

FIG. 16

09/125005

FIG. 16 cont.

550
502
501
499
420

sr-p70a-	G C P N C I E Y F T S Q G L Q S I Y H L Q N L T I E D L G A L K I P E Q Y R M T I W R G L Q D L K Q
sr-p70f-	G C P N C I E Y F T S Q G L Q S I Y H L Q N L T I E D L G A L K I P E Q Y R M T I W R G L Q D L K Q
sr-p70d-	G C P N C I E Y F T S Q G L Q S I Y H L Q N L T I E D L G A L K I P E Q Y R M T I W R G L Q D L K Q
sr-p70b-	- - - - -
sr-p70e-	- - - - -

sr-p70a-	G H D Y S T A Q Q L L R S S N A A T I S I G G S G E L Q R Q R V M E A V H F R V R H T I T I P N R G
sr-p70f-	G H D Y S T A Q Q L L R S S N A A T I S I G G S G E L Q R Q R V M E A V H F R V R H T I T I P N R G
sr-p70d-	G H D Y S T A Q Q L L R S S N A A T I S I G G S G E L Q R Q R V M E A V H F R V R H T I T I P N R G
sr-p70b-	- - - - -
sr-p70e-	G H D Y S T A Q Q L L R S S N A A T I S I G G S G E L Q R Q R V M E A V H F R V R H T I T I P N R G

sr-p70a-	G P G G G P D E W A D F G F D L P D C K A R K Q P I K E E F T E A E I H
sr-p70f-	G P G G G P D E W A D F G F D L P D C K A R K Q P I K E E F T E A E I H
sr-p70d-	G P G G G P D E W A D F G F D L P D C K A R K Q P I K E E F T E A E I H
sr-p70b-	- - - - -
sr-p70e-	G P G G G P D E W A D F G F D L P D C K A R K Q P I K E E F T E A E I H

FIG.16 cont.

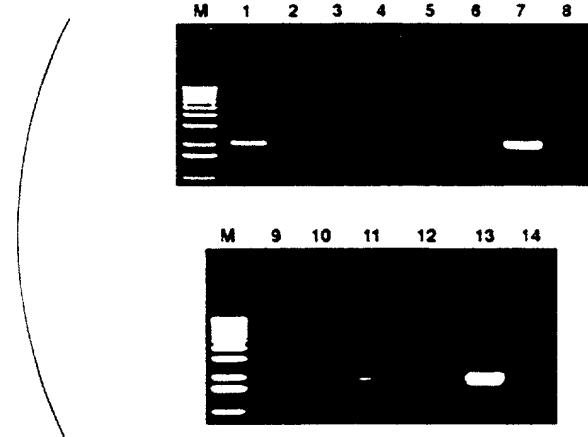
1 TAACGCCCGCCGGCGCTACTCCCGGGCGCTCCCTCCCGGCCATATAACCCGC
 61 CTAGGGCCGGCGAGCCCGCCCTGCCCTGCCCTGCCACCCGCCAGGGCTCGCGCG
 121 CCCGCGAAGGGGACGGAGCGAACCGGGAAACCGGGGCCGGCCAGGGACGCCGA
 181 TGCCCCGGGGTGGGACGGCTGGAGAGCAGCTGGAGCTGGGGAAAGATG
 241 GCCCAGTCCACCGCCACCTCCCTGATGGGGGACCACTGAGCACCTCTGGAGCTCT
 2 A Q S T A T S P D G G T T F E H L W S S
 301 CTTGGAAACAGACAGACAGCCCTACTTTCGACCTTTCCTCCAGTCAGCTGAGGGTGC
 22 L E P D S T Y F D L P Q S S R G N N E V
 361 GTGGGGCGAACGGATTCCAGCATGGACGTCTTCCACCTGGAGGGCATGACTACATCTGTC
 42 V G G T D S S M D V F H L E G M T T S V
 421 ATGGCCCCAGTCAATTGCTGAGCAGCACCATGGACCATGGACCATGGACCATGGAC
 62 M A Q F N L L S S T M D Q M S S R A A S
 481 GCCAGCCCCATACACCCAGAGCACGCCAGCCAGCTGCCACCCACTCGCCCTACGGACAA
 82 A S P Y T P E H A A S V P T H S P Y A Q
 541 CCCAGCTCCACCTTCGACACCATGTCGCCGGCCCTGTCATCCCCCTCCACACCGACTAC
 102 P S S T F D T M S P A P V I P S N T D Y
 601 CCCGGACCCACCACTTGAGGTCACTTCCAGGAGTCCAGCACGGCCAAAGTCAGGCCACC
 122 P G P H F E V T F Q Q S S T A K S A T
 661 TGGACGTAA.....
 142 W T

FIG. 17

09/125005

35/36

FIG. 18



M 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 M

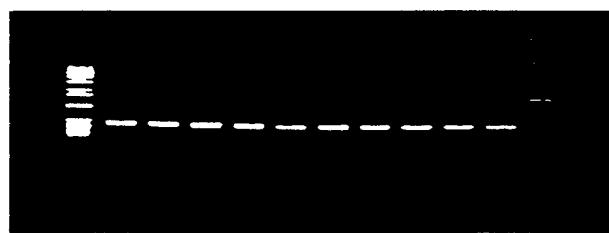


FIG.19A

M 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 M

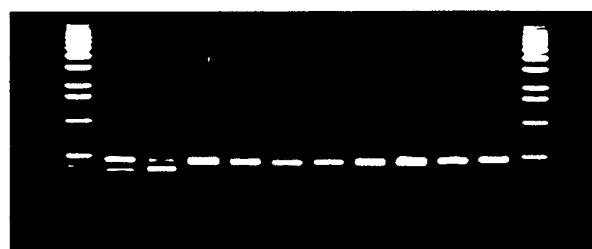
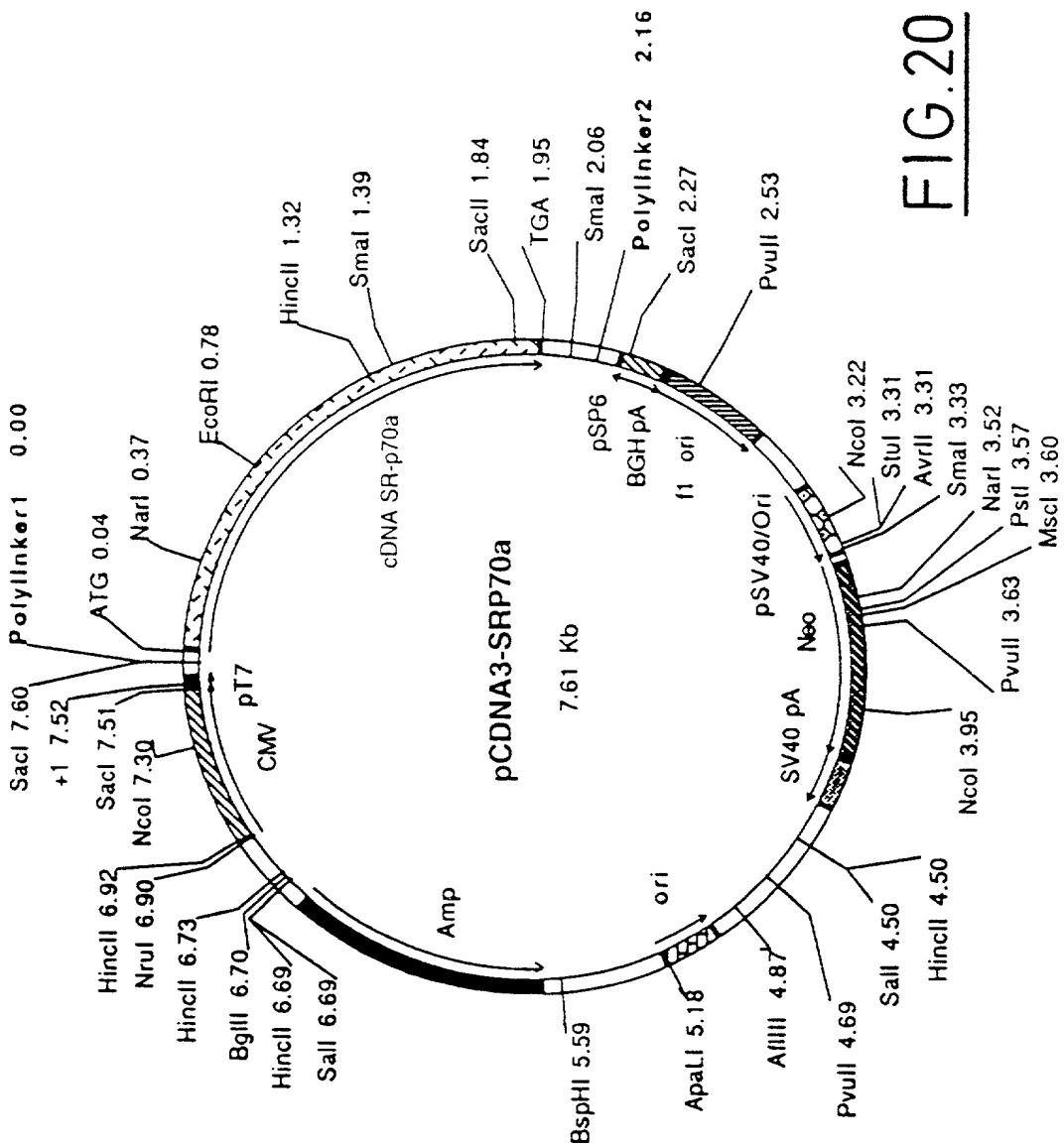


FIG.19 B



**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR
UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION**

Original Supplemental Substitute

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, citizenship and post office address are given below under my name.

I believe I am an original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

Purified SR-p70 protein

the specification of which

_____ is attached hereto.

was filed on _____ as United States
 Application Serial No. _____
 and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

_____ was filed on February 03, 1997 as PCT International
 Application No. PCT/FR97/00214
 and was amended under PCT Article 19 on September 02, 1997 (if applicable).

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge my duty to disclose information of which I am aware which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Section 1.56 of Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefit under Section 119 (a) - (d) of Title 35 of the United States Code of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States identified below and also identify below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States filed by me on the same subject matter and having a filing date before that of the application(s) from which priority is claimed:

Country	Number	Filing Date	Priority Claimed	
			Yes	No
FRANCE	96 01309	February 02, 1996	X	

I hereby claim benefit under Section 120 of Title 35 of the United States Code of any United States application(s) or PCT application(s) designating the United States identified below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in said prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Section 112 of Title 35 of the United States Code, I acknowledge my duty to disclose material information of which I am aware as defined in Section 1.56 of Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT filing date of this application:

Application Serial No.	Filing Date	Status
------------------------	-------------	--------

I hereby appoint Mary P. Bauman, Reg. No. 31,926; Michael D. Alexander, Reg. No. 36,080; and Paul E. Dupont, Reg. No. 27,438, or any of them my attorneys or agents with full power of substitution and revocation to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO:

Patent Department
Sanofi Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
9 Great Valley Parkway
P.O. Box 3026
Malvern, PA 19355

DIRECT TELEPHONE CALLS TO:

MICHAEL D. ALEXANDER

Telephone No. (610) 889-8802

I hereby declare that all statements made herein and in the above-identified specification of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of first joint inventor

Daniel CAPUT

Inventor's signature Daniel CAPUT

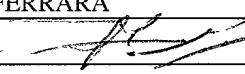
Date

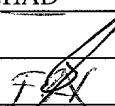
16-7-98

Residence La Bousqui  re, 31290 Avignonet Lauragais, France FLX

Post Office Address La Bousqui  re, 31290 Avignonet Lauragais, France

Citizenship French

2⁰⁰ Full name of second joint inventor Pascual FERRARA
Inventor's signature Pascual Ferrara  Date 16-7-98
Residence Libouille Saint-Assiscle, 31290 Avignonet Lauragais, France 
Post Office Address Libouille Saint-Assiscle, 31290 Avignonet Lauragais, France
Citizenship France

3⁰⁰ Full name of third joint inventor Ahmed Mourad KAGHAD
Inventor's signature A. Mourad KAGHAD  Date 17-7-98
Residence 5, rue de la Poste, 31450 Montgiscard, France 
Post Office Address 5, rue de la Poste, 31450 Montgiscard, France
Citizenship French